Informal Joint Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title:	Agenda									
Date:	Wednesday 31 January 2018									
Time:	5.00 pm									
Venue:		,								
Full Members:		airman Louis Busutt	il							
		airman Colin Noble								
	<u>Conservative</u> <u>Members (8)</u>	Michael Anderson Chris Barker Rona Burt Louis Busuttil	John Bloodworth Simon Cole Christine Mason Colin Noble							
	<u>West Suffolk</u> <u>Independent (1)</u>	Andrew Appleby								
	<u>UKIP (1)</u>	Peter Ridgwell								
Substitutes:	Named substitutes	are not appointed								
Interests – Declaration and Restriction on Participation:	Members are reminded of their responsibility to declare any disclosable pecuniary interest not entered in the Authority's register or local non pecuniary interest which they have in any item of business on the agenda (subject to the exception for sensitive information) and to leave the meeting prior to discussion and voting on an item in which they have a disclosable pecuniary interest.									
Quorum:	Three Members									
Committee administrator:	Christine Brain Democratic Service Tel: 01638 719729		in@westsuffolk.gov.uk							

5.00pm	Informal discussions with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee on the three items listed under Items 5 to 7 inclusive, to be held in Conference Chamber West .
5.15pm	The formal meeting of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee will commence at 5.15pm or immediately following the conclusion of the informal discussions, whichever is the later, in Conference Chamber East .

All Members of St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee will be in attendance to enable informal discussions on the reports listed in Items 5 to 7 to take place between the two authorities.

COUNCILLORS

Conservative	Sarah Broughton	Beccy Hopfensperger	Betty McLatchy
Members (9)	Jane Midwood	Karen Richardson	David Roach
	Andrew Smith	Peter Thompson	Patricia Warby

UKIP Member (1) Barry Robbins

SUBSTITUTES

Conservative	Mary Evans	Susan Glossop	Ivor Mclatchy
Members (3)			

UKIP Member (1) Jason Crooks

Forest Heath & St Edmundsbury councils

Public Information



Venue:	West Suffolk House	Tel: 01284 763233					
	Western Way	Email: democratic.services@					
	Bury St Edmunds	westsuffolk.gov.uk					
	Suffolk,	Web: www.westsuffolk.gov.uk					
	IP33 3YU						
Access to	Copies of the agenda an	d reports are open for public inspection					
agenda and	at the above address and	d at Forest Heath District Council,					
reports before	Mildenhall at least five c	lear days before the meeting. They are					
the meeting:	also available to view on	our website.					
Attendance at	The Council actively weld	comes members of the public and the					
meetings:	press to attend its meeti	ngs and holds as many of its meetings					
	as possible in public.						
Public	Members of the public w	ho live or work in West Suffolk are					
speaking:	invited to put one questi	on or statement of not more than three					
	minutes duration relating	g to items to be discussed in Part 1 of					
	the agenda only. If a qu	lestion is asked and answered within					
	three minutes, the perso	on who asked the question may ask a					
	supplementary question	that arises from the reply.					
	A person who wishes to	speak must register at least 15 minutes					
	before the time the mee	ting is scheduled to start.					
	There is an overall time	limit of 15 minutes for public speaking,					
	which may be extended	at the Chairman's discretion.					
Disabled	West Suffolk House has	facilities for people with mobility					
access:	impairments including a	lift and wheelchair accessible WCs.					
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	restricted for health and	safety reasons.					
	Visitors parking is at the	car park at the front of the building					
	and there are a number	of accessible spaces.					
Induction	An Induction loop is avai	ilable for meetings held in the					
loop:	Conference Chamber and	d some other meeting rooms.					
Recording of	The Council may record	this meeting and permits members of					
meetings:	the public and media to	record or broadcast it as well (when the					
	media and public are not lawfully excluded).						
	Any member of the publ	ic who attends a meeting and objects to					
	being filmed should advi	se the Committee Administrator who					
	will instruct that they are	e not included in the filming.					

Agenda

Procedural Matters

Part 1(A) - Public

4	CI-	:	
1.	Sub	stitu	ıtes

2. **Apologies for Absence**

3. **Minutes** 1 - 10

To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 29 November 2017 (copy attached).

4. **Public Participation**

Members of the public who live or work in Forest Heath are invited to put one question/statement of not more than 3 minutes duration relating to items to be discussed in Part 1 of the agenda only. If a question is asked and answered within 3 minutes, the person who asked the question may ask a supplementary question that arises from the reply.

A person who wishes to speak must register at least 15 minutes before the time the meeting is scheduled to start. There is an overall limit of 15 minutes for public speaking, which may be extended at the Chairman's discretion.

Following the informal discussions held with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee on Items 5 to 7 below, Members are reminded that no further debate shall take place. However, Members are requested to either formally note/resolve/recommend Items 5 to 7 below).

5. **Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 3 Performance Report** 2017-2018

11 - 24

25 - 38

Report No: **PAS/FH/18/001** (For reference purposes, St Edmundsbury Borough Council's

Report Number is PAS/SE/18/001)

6. **West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Quarterly Monitoring Report - December 2017**

Report No: **PAS/FH/18/002**

(For reference purposes, St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Report Number is PAS/SE/18/002)

7. **Work Programme Update**

Report No: PAS/FH/18/003

(For reference purposes, St Edmundsbury Borough Council's

Report Number is PAS/SE/18/003)

Part 1(B) - Public

8.	Ernst and Young - Certification of Claims and Returns Annual Report 2016-2017	43 - 56
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/004	
9.	Ernst and Young - External Audit Plan and Fees 2017-2018	57 - 98
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/005	
10.	Financial Performance Report (Revenue and Capital) Quarter 3 - 2017-2018	99 - 118
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/006	
11.	Delivering a Sustainable Medium Term Financial Strategy 2018-2021	119 - 130
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/007	
12.	Treasury Management Report 2017-2018 and Investment Activity (April to December 2017)	131 - 140
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/008	
13.	Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy Statements 2018-2019 and Treasury Management Code of Practice	141 - 198
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/009	
14.	Decision Relating to Complaint to Local Government Ombudsman	199 - 204
	Report No: PAS/FH/18/010	

Part 2 - Exempt

NONE



(Informal Joint) Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Notes of Informal Discussions held on Wednesday 29 November 2017 at 5.00 pm in the Council Chamber, District Offices, Forest Heath District Council, College Heath Road, Mildenhall

PRESENT: St Edmundsbury Borough Council (SEBC)

Councillor Sarah Broughton

(Chairman of the informal discussions)

Councillors Susan Glossop, Betty McLatchy, David Roach, Barry Robbins, Andrew Smith, Peter Thompson, and Patricia Warby.

Forest Heath District Council (FHDC)

Councillors Michael Anderson, Chris Barker, John Bloodworth, Louis Busuttil, Simon Cole, Christine Mason, Colin Noble and Peter Ridgwell.

IN ATTENDANCE: FHDC – Councillor Stephen Edwards, Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance

SEBC – Councillor Ian Houlder, Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance

Councillor Ivor Mclatchy

Prior to the formal meeting, at 5.00 pm informal discussions took place on the following three items:

- (1) External Assessment of Internal Audit;
- (2) Mid-Year Internal Audit Progress Report 2017-2018;
- (3) Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 2 Performance Report 2017-2018;
- (4) West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Quarterly Monitoring Report June 2017;
- (5) Work Programme Update; and
- (6) Building Control Improvement Plan

All Members of St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee had been invited to attend the District Offices, Mildenhall to enable joint informal discussions on the above reports to take place between the two authorities.

The Chairman of Forest Heath's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee welcomed all those present to the District Offices, Mildenhall and advised on the

format of the proceedings for the informal joint discussions and subsequent separate meetings of each authority, prior to handing over to the Chairman of St Edmundsbury's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, who would be chairing the informal joint discussions.

Members noted that each Council permitted public participation at their Performance and Audit Scrutiny meetings. Therefore, for the purpose of facilitating these Constitutional requirements, it was proposed that public speaking should be permitted prior to the start of the informal discussions to enable any questions/statements to be considered by both Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committees on items 1-6 above. However, on this occasion there were no questions/statements from members of the public.

Each report was then considered in the order listed on each authorities agenda.

1. External Assessment of Internal Audit

The Senior Auditor presented the report and Appendix A, which advised Members on the relevant requirements in respect of an external quality assessment of internal audit against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards. The report covered the form that the assessment would take, how the assessor was chosen, what the assessment involves, what it would tell us, and when the results of the assessment would be reported.

Internal audit within the public sector in the United Kingdom was governed by the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (the 'Standards'), which had been in place since April 2013 (revised April 2013 and April 2017). The objectives of the Standards were to:

- define the nature of internal auditing within the UK public sector
- set basic principles for carrying out internal audit in the UK public sector
- establish a framework for providing internal audit services, which add value to the organisation, leading to improved organisational processes and operations, and
- establish the basis for the evaluation of internal audit performance and to drive improvement planning

The Standards require that, in order to independently assess conformance with these Standards, an external assessment of the internal audit function must be conducted at least once every five years, and the first such assessment must be completed by April 2018.

Members considered the report and did not raise any issues.

2. Mid-year Internal Audit Progress Report 2017-2018

The Senior Auditor presented the report, which advised Members of the work of the Internal Audit Section for the first half of 2017-2018 (Appendix A), which provided Members with an insight of the variety of corporate projects and activities which were supported through the work of the team. The report also

included an update on progress made against the 2017-2018 Internal Audit Plan previously approved by the Committee in May 2017.

A similar approach to last year's Internal Audit Plan was being undertaken in that as well as continuing to perform the usual statutory fundamental systems audits and other audit responsibilities; Internal Audit was also performing corporate and consultancy style work. This approach recognised that early audit input to activities could often help prevent or bring early resolution to internal control issues, and also brought audit skills and increased available resources on significant corporate projects.

During the year to date, Internal Audit had responded to around 30 requests for financial vetting or other related financial advice including assessments or organisations' financial stability to undertake specified contracts for the councils; and continued to provide advice to service areas on internal controls.

There were no significant risk exposures or control issues arising from the audit work undertaken during the period that needed to be specifically drawn to the attention of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee.

Members considered the report and asked questions on fee earning work, which had decreased and the national fraud exercise in relation to duplicate creditor payments, to which responses were provided.

3. Balanced Scorecards Quarter 2 Performance Report 2017-2018

[Councillors Michael Anderson and Christine Mason arrived at 5.33 pm during the consideration of this item. Councillor Colin Noble arrived at 6.06 pm during the consideration of this item].

The Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) presented the report, which set out the current West Suffolk Balanced Scorecards, which presented the Quarter 2 performance for 2017-2018. The five balanced scorecards (attached at Appendices A to E) were linked to the Assistant Director Service areas.

Most indicators reported performance against an agreed target using a traffic light system with additional commentary provided for performance indicators below optimum performance.

It was reported that within Resources and Performance the "% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days" corporate indicator across both councils showed we had achieved positive results in the second quarter, reporting 94% of invoices paid within 30 days. However, the finance and performance team would continue to work with service areas to try and improve performance against this indicator to achieve the 95% target, with monthly business intelligence reports being sent out with details of all invoices processed.

The report also included additional information requested by members on the number of enforcement cases on hand and the general upward trend of this figure over recent months; and the work being undertaken by the Planning Technical Support team in reducing the number of applications waiting to be validated and the backlog, which had reduced significantly.

Each Assistant Director presented their individual Balanced Scorecard and highlighted key areas for the Committees attention.

Members considered the report in detail and asked a number of questions on each of the Balanced Scorecards. Discussions were held on the % of debt over 90 days; developer loans; small business loans, Flytipping on traveller sites and the trade waste service. In particular discussions were held on:

- Outstanding Debts: The Council actively pursued the recovery of debts and each case was treated on its own merits.
- Homelessness: The increase in homelessness was due to a combination of factors, such as the Welfare Reform; affordability of housing and the reduction in support services. Officers on a daily basis looked at what accommodation was available.
- General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR): The Suffolk Association of Local Councils (SALC) was supporting Parish and Town Councils in helping them meet the high standards of data protection for sensitive, personal data. Members suggested the Council could also help by including GDPA on the agenda for the next Parish Forum, which Officers agreed to pursue.
- Pre-application advice: This service could not be made mandatory as it was a chargeable service. The Council was investing and reshaping the service by building pre-application advice into working practices and also looking at holding Developer Forums to create better working relationships with them.
- Flytipping: In response to a question raised, Officers agreed to provide a written response on the general spread of flytipping "hot spots" across West Suffolk.
- Flytipping: Members suggested that the Council should encourage private landowners to report cases of Flytipping as it was becoming an issue. It was further suggested that a figure indicating flytipping on private land should also be included in the balanced scorecard.
- Flytipping: In response to a question raised, Officers agreed to provide a written response on the number of Flytipping cases which had led to prosecutions.

The Chairman on behalf of the Committee thanked the Assistant Directors for attending and presenting their balanced scorecards and providing comprehensive responses to their questions.

4. West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Quarterly Monitoring Report – September 2017

The Service Manager (Finance and Performance) presented the second quarterly risk register monitoring report in respect of the West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register. The Register was updated regularly by the Risk Management Group and at its recent meeting in October 2017 the Group reviewed the target risk, the risk level where the Council aimed to be, and agreed a current risk assessment. These assessments formed the revised West Suffolk Risk Register (Appendix 1).

Some individual controls or actions had been updated and those which were not ongoing and had been completed by September 2017 had been removed from the Register. Since the Strategic Risk Register was last reported to the Committee, one new risk had been included "WS23 – Cyber Security, and one risk amended "WS11" to reflect West Suffolk's bid to become a single Council.

With regards to the impact of Brexit, the group would continue to monitor the situation as it developed, amending existing and / or adding new risks where necessary. Any changes would be reported at each meeting of the Committee in the normal manner.

Members considered the report and did not raise any issues.

5. Work Programme Update

The Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) presented the report, which provided information on the current status of each Committee's Work Programme for 2018. She informed the Committee of an additional report on the Appointment of External Auditors for the Provision of Housing Benefit Certification Services, which would be presented to the Committee in January 2018.

Members considered the report and did not raise any issues.

6. **Building Control – Improvement Plan**

The Assistant Director (Planning and Regulatory) presented the report, which provided a review of current Building Control performance and the Development Plan for the service.

The report included information on the role of the building control service; challenges and opportunities (competition; staffing; commerciality and marketing; growth and economic cycles; collaboration and partnership working) current performance; operational performance; other public protection activities and development plan. The Assistant Director (Planning and Regulatory) informed the Committee that he would be happy to arrange for members to go on field visits to see first-hand how the team undertook its work.

The Committee considered the report and was pleased to note that the service was moving in the right direction.

The Committee also considered Exempt Appendix 1 attached to the report. However, no reference was made to specific detail and, therefore, this item was not held in private session.

On the conclusion of the informal joint discussions at 6.24 pm, Members of St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee withdrew from the Council Chamber to the Training Room to hold their formal meeting.

The Chairman then formally opened the Forest Heath District Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee in the Council Chamber at 6.25 pm.

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Minutes of a meeting of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee held on Wednesday 29 November 2017 at 6.25 pm in the Council Chamber,
District Offices, College Heath Road, Mildenhall, IP28 7EY

Present: Councillors

Chairman Louis Busuttil **Vice Chairman** Colin Noble

Michael Anderson Simon Cole
Chris Barker Christine Mason
John Bloodworth Peter Ridgwell

By Invitation:

Stephen Edwards (Portfolio Holder for Resources and

Performance)

175. Substitutes

There were no substitutes declared.

176. Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Andrew Appleby and Rona Burt.

177. Minutes

The minutes of the meeting held on 21 September 2017 were unanimously accepted by the Committee as an accurate record and signed by the Chairman.

178. Public Participation

Public participation had been undertaken within the previous informal discussions and there had been no questions/statements from members of the public.

179. External Quality Assessment of Internal Audit against the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (Report No: PAS/FH/17/030)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/030.

Members considered the report and with there being no decision required, **noted** the contents of the report.

180. Mid-Year Internal Audit Progress Report 2017-2018 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/031)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/031.

Members had scrutinised the report and asked questions, to which responses were provided. With there being no decision required, the Committee **noted** the content of the Mid-Year Audit Progress Report 2017-2018.

181. Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 2 Performance Report 2017-2018 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/032)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/032.

Members had scrutinised the report in detail and asked questions, to which responses were provided. With there being no decision required, the Committee **noted** the Council's performance using the Balanced Scorecards for Quarter 2, 2017-2018.

182. West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Quarterly Monitoring Report - September 2017 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/033)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/033.

Members had considered the report and with there being no decision required, **noted** the contents of the Quarter 2 West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Monitoring Report.

183. Work Programme Update (Report No: PAS/FH/17/034)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/034.

Members considered the report and with there being no decision required, **noted** the contents of the report, including the additional report "Appointment of External Auditors" to be presented to the Committee at its meeting on 31 January 2018.

184. Building Control - Improvement Plan (Report No: PAS/FH/17/035)

Further to the joint informal discussions held prior to the meeting with St Edmundsbury Borough Council's Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, the Committee formally considered Report No: PAS/FH/17/035.

Members had scrutinised the report and with there being no decision required, the Committee **noted** the contents of the report.

185. Ernst and Young - Annual Audit Letter 2016-2017 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/036)

The Committee received this report, presented by Mark Hodgson, Associate Partner, Ernst and Young (EY), which updated Members on the outcome of the annual audit of the 2016-2017 financial statements by Ernst and Young, as detailed in their Annual Audit Letter for 2016-2017, attached as Appendix 1 to Report No: PAS/FH/17/036. The letter was for information and confirmed the completion of the audit of the 2016-2017 financial statements.

EY had reported that the final audit fee for 2016-2017 of £56,309 was £9,250 higher than the planned audit fee of £47,059. The additional fee related to work required to review the valuation and accounting transactions in relation to the acquisition of Greenheath Energy Limited, and had been agreed by the S151 Officer. Work on the certification of claims and returns was not due to be completed until November 2017 and the results of this work, along with the final fee, would be reported in the Annual Certification Report.

With there being no decision required, the Committee **noted** the contents of the report.

186. Financial Performance Report (Revenue and Capital) Quarter 2 - 2017-2018 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/037)

The Committee received this report which set out the financial performance for the second quarter of 2017-2018 and forecasted outturn position for 2017-2018.

Attached at Appendices A and B to the report were details of the Council's revenue performance and year end forecasted outturn position. Explanations of the main year end forecast over/(under) spends was set out in the table within paragraph 1.2.3 of the report. Appendix C to the report set out the Council's capital financial position for the first six months of 2017-2018, which showed expenditure of £629,530. Finally, a summary of earmarked reserves was attached at Appendix D, along with the forecast year end position for 2017-2018.

The Resources and Performance Team would continue to work with Budget Holders to monitor capital spend and project progress closely for the remainder of the financial year and an updated position would be presented to the Committee on a quarterly basis.

The Committee scrutinised the report and asked questions to which Officers duly responded. In particular, Officers provided explanations on the variances set out in paragraph 1.2.3 and outlined the reasoning for these.

With there being no decision required, the Committee **noted** the Quarter 2 performance and the 2017-2018 year end forecast financial position.

187. Delivering a Sustainable Medium Term Financial Strategy 2018-2021 (Report No: PAS/FH/17/038)

The Committee received this report which updated Members on the progress which had made towards delivering a balanced budget for 2018-2019 and a sustainable budget in the medium term.

Forest Heath continued to face considerable financial challenges as a result of increased cost and demand, plus pressures and constraints on public sector spending (Revenue Support Grant) from central government, as evidenced by the proposed four year Government settlement. It was clear that even without the proposed reductions in Revenue Support Grant (RSG), the Council had underlying net cost pressures which it needed to address. Section 2 of the report also explained the increasing demand for support and advice relating to housing options and homelessness.

The Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) 2017-2021, which was approved by Council on 22 February 2017, had also set out further current and future financial pressures and challenges facing Forest Heath.

The budget gap for years 2018-2019 to 2020-2021 were projected in Table 1 of the report, which showed a current budget deficit position of £22,000 for 2018/2019, which then moved to an accumulated deficit of £110,000 for the period 2018-2021, which was predominantly driven by increasing demand for homelessness support. The current budget assumptions for 2018-2019 to 2020-2021 and for the period of the Medium Term Financial Strategy were also detailed in Appendix A.

The Committee were also asked to support and recommend to Cabinet, the inclusion of proposals, as set out in Section 5 and Table 2 of the report, in order to progress securing a balanced budget for 2018-2019 and a sustainable budget in the medium term.

Members scrutinised the report and asked questions to which Officers duly responded.

The Committee **noted** the budget assumptions, budget timetable and progress made to-date on delivering a balanced budget for 2018-2019 and a sustainable budget in the medium term.

It was moved, duly seconded and with the vote being unanimous, it was

RECOMMENDED:

That the proposals, as detailed in Section 5 and Table 2 at paragraph 5.1 of Report No: PAS/FH/17/038, be included in securing a balanced budget for 2018-2019.

188. Mid-Year Treasury Management Report and Investment Activity (April - September 2017) (Report No: PAS/FH/17/039)

The Committee received this report which provided a summary of investment activities for the first six months of 2017-2018. Full details of treasury management activities during the period were attached at Appendix 1. It was reported as at 30 September 2017, the Council held £20,005,000 of investments

The purchase of the Solar Farm last year, continued to have a knock-on effect on the funds available for investment (as cash balances were used instead of external borrowing to fund the purchase). This in turn had reduced the interest earned this year. Also, the reduced Average Rate of Return was due to the reduction in the Bank of England base rate and resulting reduction of interest rates offered by institutions.

The Committee scrutinised the Mid-Year Treasury Report 2017-2018, and asked questions of Officers to which responses were provided.

It was proposed, duly seconded and with the vote being unanimous, it was

RECOMMENDED:

That, subject to the approval of Council, the Mid-Year Treasury Management Report for 2017-2018, attached as Appendix 1 to Report No: PAS/FH/17/039, be approved.

189. Exclusion of the Press and Public

See Minute Number 190. below.

190. Exempt Appendix 1: Building Control - Improvement Plan (para 3) (Report No: PAS/FH/17/035)

The Committee considered Exempt Appendix 1 to Report No: PAS/FH/17/035. However, no reference was made to specific detail and, therefore, this item was not held in private session.

The Meeting concluded at 6.48 pm

Signed by:

Chairman

Informal Joint Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Balanced Scorecard and									
	Quarter 3 Performance report									
	2017-2018									
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/001									
Report to and date:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018									
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk									
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk									
Purpose of report:	This report sets out the West Suffolk Balanced Scorecards being used to measure the Council's performance for 2017-2018 and an overview of performance against those indicators for the third quarter of 2017-2018.									
Recommendation:	Members are request performance using Quarter 3, 2017-20: information required	18 and identify any further lor make recommendations on or attention is required to								

Key Decision:	Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which										
(Chack the appropriate		definition?									
(Check the appropriate box and delete all those		Yes, it is a Key Decision - □									
that do not apply.)	No, it is	No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠									
Consultation:		• This	s report has been p	repared in							
			sultation with all re	•							
		Lea	dership Team.								
Alternative option	(s):		e option of doing no	· ,							
			•	nitoring performance							
			highlight where re	medial action may							
Tliantiana		be	needed								
Implications:	aint insulian	tion o 2	Vac D Na N								
Are there any finan	•	tions?	Yes □ No ⊠								
If yes, please give a	etaiis			e no direct financial							
				cations arising from spossible that any							
			recommendation								
			Committee may								
			· ·	ations. For example,							
			resources may	•							
			reallocated to i								
			performance in a future period.								
Are there any staffi		ions?	Yes □ No ⊠								
If yes, please give of			•								
Are there any ICT in	•	' If	Yes □ No ⊠								
yes, please give det			• V S N S								
Are there any legal		-	Yes □ No ⊠								
implications? If yes, details	piease give		There are no legal implications								
uetalis			from this report. Poor performance								
			levels may impact on the Council's ability to implement its policies or								
			high-level strategies.								
Are there any equa	lity implicat	ions?	Yes □ No ⊠								
If yes, please give of	letails		•								
Risk/opportunity	assessmen	it:	(potential hazards or c corporate, service or p								
Risk area	Inherent le	vel of	Controls	Residual risk (after							
	risk (before			controls)							
	controls) Low/Medium/	High*		Low/Medium/ High*							
Failure to achieve	High	riigii	Regular reporting of	Medium							
optimum or target	_		performance to Joint								
performance which may impact on			Leadership Team,								
resources			Portfolio Holders and to PASC can								
			highlight where								
			remedial action may								
Ward(s) affected:			be needed. All Ward								
waiu(<i>s)</i> allecteu.			All Walu								

Background papers: (all background papers are to be published on the website and a link included)	PASC - May 2017 - Item 8 - Balanced Scorecard Targets 2017-18
Documents attached:	Appendix A – Resources and Performance Balanced Scorecard
	Appendix B – Families and Communities Balanced Scorecard
	Appendix C – Human Resources, Legal and Democratic Balanced Scorecard
	Appendix D – Planning and Regulatory Balanced Scorecard
	Appendix E – Operations Balanced Scorecard

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

1.1 Performance Measures

- 1.1.1 Attached at **appendices A** to **E** are the current Balanced Scorecards (based on Assistant Director area) which present Quarter 3 2017-2018 performance. Unless otherwise stated, all performance figures on the scorecards are from a West Suffolk perspective. Where the performance for either individual Council is significantly different from the West Suffolk figure that it would have a different Red-Amber-Green (RAG) rating, details of this are highlighted in the comments box.
- 1.1.2 The information included in the report has been provided by Assistant Directors and service managers. Most indicators report performance against an agreed target using a traffic light system with additional commentary provided for performance indicators below optimum performance. Other KPIs report a data value only (e.g. no target performance) in order to track performance over time.

1.2 **Quarter 3 Performance**

1.2.1 Within Resources and Performance, the "% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days" corporate indicator across both councils shows we have achieved positive results in the third quarter, reporting 94.15% of invoices paid within 30 days. The finance and performance team will continue to work with service areas to try and improve performance against this indicator to achieve the 95% target, with monthly business intelligence reports being sent out with details of all invoices processed.

	<u>WEST SUFFOLK - RESOURCES & PERFORMANCE BALANCED SCORECARD</u>												APPENDIX A					
	MONTH	Dec 17 QUARTER Oct 17 - Dec 17 HALF YEARLY Apr 17 - Sep 17 ANNUAL Apr 16 - Mar 17					* These indicators are at organisational le											
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments	
		Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - FHDC	£124,491.00	-	M	Cumulative		£108k NonDistrubted Costs, £7k Corporate. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report		SATISFACTION	Number of formal complaints	20	No Target	В	Period only		Twenty complaints for ARP. Three Benefits, Two Business Rates, Fifteen for Council Tax. Policy explained on every occasion and apologised for length of time to reply. None progressed to step 2 and therefore not upheld or otherwise.	
	NCIAL	Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - SEBC	£264,957.00	-	М	Cumulative		£281k NonDistrubted Costs, (£24k) Corporate. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report		.	Number of formal compliments	0	No Target	В	Period only		No compliments	
URCES	FINA	Income generated from SLAs	-£399,557.00	-£373,199.73	М	Cumulative			OMERS	CUSTOMERS	Organisational year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - FHDC *	£0.00	-	М	Cumulative		£124k R&P, £58k HRL&D, (£36k) F&C, £66k P&R, (£171k) Ops, (£42k Grth) . As Detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.	
RESO		% return on the investment of reserves and balances - FHDC	0.61	0.75	Q	Cumulative		£91k interest received to date, against a budget of £136k. Full year budget totals £181k	CUSTC		Organisational year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - SEBC *	-£173,933.00	-	М	Cumulative		£265k R&P, £74k HRL&D, £38k F&C, (£59k) P&R, (£490k) Ops, (£1k) Grth . As Detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.	
		% return on the investment of reserves and balances - SEBC	0.56	0.55	Q	Cumulative		£252k interest received to date, against a budget of £190k. Full year budget totals £251k			Total income generated by organisation £ *	-£21,915,326.00	-£21,365,274.11	М	Cumulative			
	VCE &	% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days	92.77	95.00	М	Period only	✓	83 Undisputed invoices processed in December			90	% of total non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days *	94.15	95.00	М	Cumulative	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	FINAN	% of debt over 90 days old	50.75	10.00	М	Cumulative		Debt over 90 Days FHDC £58.7K SEBC £3.7K			% of total debt over 90 days old *	65.03	10.00	М	Cumulative	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Total Debt over 90 Days FHDC £87K SEBC £467.7K	
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments	
	FINANCE	% of all payments made to us by BACS, Direct Debit, online as opposed to cash & cheque *	93.48	100.00	М	Period only					% Collection of Council Tax - FHDC	85.13	85.73	M	Cumulative		Amount collected as at end of December £23,787,030	
	ICT	% of ICT Helpdesk calls completed 'on time' as defined in SLAs	95.40	90.00	Q	Period only				da da	% Collection of Council Tax - SEBC	86.70	86.82	M	Cumulative		Amount Collected as at end of December £50,242,707	
PROCESSES	RP	Days taken to process Housing Benefit new claims and changes - FHDC	8.27	8.00	М	Period only	~~~		OMES	A	% Collection of Business Rates - FHDC	80.71	82.95	M	Cumulative		Amount collected as at end of December £19,155,981	
INTERNAL	A	Days taken to process Housing Benefit new claims and changes - SEBC	7.71	8.00	M	Period only			OUTC		% Collection of Business Rates - SEBC	83.99	85.03	M	Cumulative		Amount Collected as at end of December £38,700,611	
										SS RATES	Business Rate Growth - FHDC	23,255,159	23,031,392	М	Cumulative			
										BUSINE	Business Rate Growth - SEBC	43,292,824	42,479,078	М	Cumulative			

WEST SUFFOLK - FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES BALANCED SCORECARD

MONTH Dec 17 QUARTER Oct 17 - Dec 17 THALF YEARLY Apr 17 - Sep 17 THALF YEARLY Apr 17 - Sep 17 THALF YEARLY APR 17 - THALF YEARLY APR 17 THALF YEARLY APR 17 THALF YEARLY APR 17 THALF YEARLY APR 17 THALF YEARLY APR 18 - Mar 18 - Mar 17 THALF YEARLY APR 18 - Mar 18 - Mar

APPENDIX B

	MONTH	Dec 17 →	QUARTER	Oct 17 - I	Dec 17 -		HALF YEARLY	Apr 17 - Sep 17 -	Δ	ANNUAL	Apr 16 - N	lar 17 🔻				* These indicators	are at organisational level	
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments	
		Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - FHDC	-£35,804.00	1	M	Cumulative		(£27k) Policy, £14k CustServ, (£10k) F&C, (£13k) Housing Opt. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.			% Customer satisfaction with	79	80	0	Period only		A small drop in satisfaction this quarter. We are currently reviewing how we capture customer insight and satisfaction	
	JAL	Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - SEBC	£37,993.00	1	М	Cumulative		(£26k) Policy, £24k CustServ, (£18k) F&C, £53k Housing Opt. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.					customer service - overall journey	79	80	Q	Period offig	
ESOURCES	FINANC	% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days	100.00	95.00	M	Cumulative		74 undisputed invoices processed in December	USTOMERS	SATISFAC	Number of formal complaints	1	No target	В	Cumulative		One regarding a Housing application. Upheld	
Ψ.		% of debt over 90 days old	91.94	10.00	M	Cumulative		FHDC debt £373.72 - £323.72 (86.62%) over 90 days and £293.72 of this debt is with legal. SEBC debt £8,991.90 - £8,286.90 (92.16%) over 90 days, £4,686.90 of the total outstanding debt is with legal.	5		Number of formal compliments	9	No target	В	Cumulative		Nine regarding Customer Services	
										CUSTOMER	% of telephone calls answered	93	90	M	Period only	~~~	8,070 calls in December	
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments	
	ICATIONS	Number of unique users of the West Suffolk councils website	39,589	37,583	M	Period only		Accumulated average is 2,006 above target. This month (30,236)is lower than Dec 2016 (34,062) but higher than Dec 2015 (26,884). 2016 was an exceptionally high year. Dec is traditionally low.		ES	Number & % of contacts - phone	59	55	Q	Period only		33,077 calls in Q3	
	сомми	Number of unique page views to the West Suffolk councils website	122,213	116,667	М	Period only		Accumlated average is 5,546 above target. This month (87,258) is lower than Dec 2016 (105,076), but higher than 2015 (84,640) Activity due to major projects has eased off.		OMER SERVIC	Number & % of contacts - face to face	17	15	Q	Period only		9,321 face-to-face contacts in Q3	
L PROCESSES	G OPTIONS	Number of applications processed for Housing register	125	60	M	Period only	\	Staff continue to clear backlog of applications, new processes also being used to obtain documents for new applications	OUTCOMES	CUSTC	Number & % of contacts - online	24	30	Q	Period only		13,311 online forms and emails in Q3. 6998 Emails and 6,313. This figure includes online applications for Planning, Electoral registration and housing as introduced in Q2	
INTERNA	NISNOH	Average time taken to make decisions on homelessness applications (days)	30	21	M	Period only		Decision times remain high due to complexity and staff running night shelter		ONS	Advice & Prevention cases currently open or closed during the month	37	40	M	Period only		Caseload remains high due to increasing demand	
										USING OPTI	Household Numbers in B&B	16	15	M	Period only		Demand remains high due to increase in Homeless applications	
										9	Numbers in Bands A & B	867	No target	M	Period only		Numbers in priority bands remain high	

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	<u>FY</u>	2017 - 2018			WES	ST SUFFOLK	- HUMAN RESO	URCES, LEGAL & DEMOCRATIC SE	RVICES	BALAN	CED SCORECARD						APPENDIX C
	MONTH	Dec 17 →	QUARTER	Oct 17 - D	Dec 17 -		HALF YEARLY	Apr 17 - Sep 17	* These i	indicators	are at organisational level	ANNUAL	Apr 17 - Ma	ar 18 🔻			
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
		Year end forecast variance against budget - FHDC	£58,367.00	-	M	Cumulative		Forecast includes share of GDPR costs (£60k) which are being covered within the overal budget position but noted here for Corporate spend		ACTION	Number of formal complaints	3	No target	В	Period only		This year we have had the referendum, county election and general election, plus 12 by-elections, which resulted in 3 step 1 complaints in the election area which have been
		Year end forecast variance against budget - SEBC	£74,326.00	-	М	Cumulative		Forecast includes share of GDPR costs (£60k) which are being covered within the overal budget position but noted here for Corporate spend		Number of formal compliments		3	No target	В	Period only		3 compliments for legal
RESOURCES	FINANCIAL	% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days	90.38	95.00	M	Cumulative		104 Undisputed invoices processed in Dec. 83.62% processed in 30 days	CUSTOMERS	SERVICE	% response rate to Annual Canvass	97.05	95.00	A	Cumulative		97.05% of households in West Suffolk responded to the annual canvass. This means that a response was received either directly from the household confirming the names of persons resident in the property, or we were able to confirm that the names of electors registered matched the names on council tax records. Using extra resource we also identified properties that were empty or were occupied by USAF where residents are not eligible to register to vote
		% of debt over 90 days old	0.00	10.00	М	Cumulative		No debt over 90 days for FHDC & SEBC			Customer Services % of answered calls - elections	91.00	90.00	M	Period only	\\\	109 calls in December
	STAFF	Average number of sick days lost per FTE per annum*	6.25	6.50	Q	Cumulative	~~~	Sickness absence continues to be well managed and is reducing									
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
SSES	H	Time taken to complete recruitment process - advert to offer (days)	22.80	35.00	Q	Period only	~~~	Work has been done on employer brand and effective recruitment processes		ESOURCES	% Voluntary staff turnover *	9.57	7-12	Q	Cumulative		Despite a competitive labour market the retention of staff is not a problem
RNAL PROCE									OUTCOMES	HUMAN R	% successful staff appointments *	97.46	85.00	Q	Cumulative		Our employer brand and reputation continues to be strong and we are able to recruit successfully
INTE										HEALTH &	Reported incidence of injuries, diseases and dangerous occurrences *	4	7	Q	Cumulative		We have had four incidents of RIDDOR this year

	MONTH	Dec 17 -	QUARTER	Oct 17 - Dec	: 17		HALF YEARLY	Apr 17 - Sep 17 -	* These indica	tors are at organisational level	ANNUAL	Apr 17-	Mar 18]		
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
		Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - FHDC	£65,697.00	0.00	М	Cumulative		(£24k) Land Charges, £24k DevControl, £48k Building Control, £32k EnvMgmt. As detailed in the budget monitoring report.		Number of formal complaints	13	No target	В	Period only		Thirteen complaints, none upheld. Nine relate to a single application
		Year end forecast variance (under) / over spend against budget - SEBC	-£59,486.00	0.00	M	Cumulative		(£83k) DevControl, (£29k) Land Charges, £40k Building Control, , £24k EnvMgmt, £15k PRS. As detailed in the budget monitoring report		Number of formal compliments	15	No target	В	Period only		Fifteen compliments
		Spend on professional fees in relation to planning appeals	£51,347	No Target	М	Cumulative		£18.3k SEBC, £33k FHDC		Number of successful appeals - Planning	0	No Target	М	Period only		No successful appeals within December 2017.
		Income received against budget	-£3,157,031.00	-£3,118,223.00	M	Cumulative				Application decisions needing an extension of time to complete	32	No Target	М	Period only		Out of the 167 planning applications determined within December 2017, 32 of those required an extension of time.
	FINANCIAL	% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days	90.80	95.00	M	Period only		Of the 87 invoices 90.80% were paid within 30 days		Total validation backlog	18	No Target	М	Cumulative	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	This backlog figure was taken on 3 January 2018, this figure continually fluctuates.
RCES		% of debt over 90 days old	53.36	10.00	M	Cumulative		FHDC £6,376.10 out of £8,849.21 72.10% over 90 Days SEBC £480 out of £3,998 12% of debt over 90 days.	MERS	% of invalid planning applications received	51.00	No Target	М	Period only	\	Out of 160 planning applications validated in December 2017, 82 of those applications were invalid. For Quarter 3 the total number of applications was 728, out of those applications 349 (48%) were invalid. Out of the 349 invalid applications, 123 (35%) had a pre-app and 226 (65%) applications did not have a pre-app.
RESOU		DFG mandatory grants paid £	£298,628.00	£490,440.00	M	Cumulative		We have helped 91 residents so far through DFG over the first three quarters of 17-18. We expect to have helped at least another 100 residents by year end through alternative funding for minor aids & adaptations and used to support hospital discharge and maintaining independence in residents homes. We continue to work with SCC, which has reduced the backlog of residents awaiting an assessment, and the Orbit HIA where there has been an improvement in performance. We expect the outturn at Q4 to have allocated most of our available capital funding for DFG or earmarked for referrals	CUSTOR							
	Staff	Cases per member of staff - Housing Standards	40.00	50.00	Q	Period only		Now at a manageable number. Two new officers started in Q3, and one more in Jan, which will reduce the number of cases per officer. This is live cases only, with 475 cases dealt with and closed across the team during Q3. This reflects that cases are being properly managed and actions taken, including timely enforcement, to respond to residents issues and allow these to be appropriately closed. This is an indicator of the reactive aspect of the service, and does not include pro-active work, projects, performance reviews, developing new policy etc. Whist we will continue to review the resource in the team, we should be well placed now to deliver a comprehensive service and on future demands. For example, additional regulation coming into the private rented sector.								
			Current Value	Target	get Frequency		Trend	Comments			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
		% of major planning applications determined within 13 weeks	80.00	60.00	M	Period only		5 major planning applications were determined in December 2017 (4 SEBC, 1 FHDC). 4 applications required an extension of time and 1 application was determined later than 13 weeks.		% of food businesses receiving a top food hygiene rating (rating of 5)	83.80	60.00	Q	Period only		A slight increase in the proportion of top-rated food premises. The increase partly reflects an expansion of the dataset being used, improving accuracy. The team continue to work with a number of poorly-performing businesses to achieve sustained improvements.
ES	PLANNING	% of minor planning applications determined within 8 weeks	100.00	65.00	M	Period only		24 minor planning applications were determined in December 2017 (14 SEBC, 10 FHDC), 13 applications were determined within 8 weeks and 11 applications required an extension of time.		Private sector Properties brought up to standard	81.00	45.00	45.00 Q Cumulative			Confirmation that the team is focussed on this important aspect of our work, relating to safe accommodation in this sector, and a reflection on our reactive and pro-active inspection programmes/enforcement and grant assistance. We should have additional tools at our disposal, through new legislation and policy, to continue this positive trend in 18-19'.
RNAL PROCESS		% of other planning applications determined within 8 weeks	98.55	80.00	М	Period only		138 other planning applications were determined within December 2017 (113 SEBC, 25 FHDC). 119 applications were determined within 8 weeks, 17 applications required an extension of time and 2 applications were determined later than 8 weeks.	OUTCOMES	Renewable energy generated on Council properties (KWh)	42,740	48,002	Q	Period only		All the sites experienced a reduction in generation when compared to the same quarter last year. Annual maintenance checks will be carried out in Q4.
INTE	LN:	Number of new enforcement cases opened	19	No Target	М	Period only	~~~	19 new enforcement cases were opened in December 2017, 14 within SEBC and 5 within FHDC.		Renewable energy generated on Solar Farm (MWh)	1,288	1,121	Q	Period only		The site has recently been independently checked and this has confirmed it is performing well, with generation data linked directly to weather conditions and no other factors.
	NING ENFORCEME	Number of enforcement cases closed	23	No Target	M	Period only		24 enforcement cases were closed within December 2017, 16 within SEBC and 7 within FHDC. 6 cases closed as retrospective consent granted, 14 cases closed due to PD/Lawful/not expedient/no breach and 3 were remedied informally.		Value generated by Solar Farm (£)	£133,917.00	£120,000.00	Q	Period only		Directly linked to generation performance and the rate obtained in the power purchase agreement being in line with our financial model.
	PLANI	Total number of enforcement cases open	295	No Target	М	Period only		There are currently a total of 295 enforcement cases open, 181 within SEBC and 114 within FHDC.		Solar for Business Income (£)	£54,401.00	£57,922.00	В	Period only		Seven new installations were completed later than forecast during this reporting period, and one excepted installation did not go ahead. Overall the existing sites performed as expected during the period.

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WEST SUFFOLK - OPERATIONS BALANCED SCORECARD APPENDIX E

	MONTH	Dec 17 -	QUARTER	Oct 17 - D	ec 17 🔻		HALF YEARLY	Apr 17 - Sep 17 -	* These i	indicators	are at organisational level	ANNUAL	Apr 17 - M	ar 18 <u></u>			
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments				Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
		Year end forecast variance against budget - FHDC	-£171,075.00	-	М	Cumulative		(£128k) Waste, (£50k) Property, £31k Facilities, £31k Operational, (£17k) Car Parks, (£22k) Parks. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.		ACTION	Number of formal complaints	2	No target	В	Period only		Two step-one complaints. One regarding the West Suffolk Operational Hub, one regarding car parking signs. Neither upheld
		Year end forecast variance against budget - SEBC	-£490,410.00	-	M	Cumulative		(£276k) Waste, (£64k) Property, (£74k) Car Parks, (£32k) Heritage, (£40k) Halls&Events. As detailed in the Budget Monitoring Report.		SATISFA	Number of formal compliments	22	No target	В	Period only		Twenty-two compliments
URCES	NCIAL	Income from entire property portfolio	-£3,291,320.13	-£3,139,756.00	M	Cumulative			OMERS	VICE	% of calls answered - Waste	95	90	M	Period only		385 calls recieved in December
RESO	FINA	Income from waste & street scene services	-£2,262,370.55	-£1,904,748.00	М	Cumulative			CUSTC	SER	% of calls answered - Apex Box Office	94	90	M	Period only		1,111 calls in December
		% of non-disputed invoices paid within 30 days	94.34	95.00	М	Cumulative		777 undisputed invoices processed in December									
		% of debt over 90 days old	67.98	10.00	М	Period only	~\\\	FHDC debt £68,720.23 - 31.48% over 90 days. SEBC debt £624,018.39 - 72.00% over 90 days.									
			Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments		_		Current Value	Target	Frequency	Туре	Trend	Comments
	AS:	Number of household bins not collected as scheduled -per 10,000 properties	3.08	8.25	М	Period only	✓			ANAGEMENT	% of household waste recycled and composted	41.90	42.00	Q	Cumulative		In this quarter we have seen less material being recycled resulting in a reduced recycling rate and a cumulative figure that is marginally lower than the target. There is a reduction in this qtr. when compared to qtrs. 1 and 2.
										WASTEIN	Residual household waste per household - Kgs	391.94	380.00	Q	Cumulative		The figure shows an increase in the quantity of residuals collected when compared with the same period last year. It is in line with qtr. 1 and higher than qtr. 2.
CESSES									Si	PROPERT Y	% of industrial units that are vacant	5.60	8.25	M	Cumulative		390 Units across West Suffolk. 22 are currently vacant. Some with serious interest
INTERNAL PRO									OUTCOMI	MENT	Number of flytipping incidents recorded in West Suffolk	391	488	Q	Cumulative		The majority of these incidents were in urban areas with only a minority of incidents on private land. The majority of these incidents were also small scale. The number of incidents for the quarter was lower than qtrs. 1 and 2
										WASTE MANAGEN	Number of actions to combat flytipping in West Suffolk	1199	975	Q	Cumulative		A number of proactive measures were undertaken to combat fly tipping such as signage and duty of care inspections. Reactive measures included sending out warning letters and fixed penalty notices. Smaller scale fly tipping, where evidence is available, are being dealt with by fixed penalty notice reducing council costs. The number of actions were in line with qtrs. 1 and 2.

Informal Joint Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	West	t Suffolk	Strategic Risk						
			rterly Monitoring						
		_	-						
Report No:			ember 2017						
Report No.	PAS/	/FH/18/0	002						
Report to and date:	Perform Audit So Commit	-	31 January 2018						
Portfolio holder:	Portfolio Tel: 017	99 530325	ards urces and Performance s@forest-heath.gov.uk						
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann / Gregory Stevenson Assistant Director / Service Manager - Finance and Performance Tel: 01638 719245 / 01284 757264 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk gregory.stevenson@westsuffolk.gov.uk								
Purpose of report:		w the West Suffo y Monitoring Rep	olk Strategic Risk Register port						
Recommendation:	It is <u>REC</u> Member Strategi	COMMENDED to service the contract the contra	it Scrutiny Committee: hat: ne updated West Suffolk er at Appendix 1 and refer uiring attention to Cabinet.						
Key Decision: (Check the appropriate box and delete all those that do not apply.)	Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which definition? Yes, it is a Key Decision - □ No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠								
Consultation:		Not Applica							
Alternative option(s):	 Not Applica 	able						
Implications:									

Are there any fina l	ncial implications?	Yes □	No ⊠				
If yes, please give	details	There are no direct financial or budget implications arising from this report. Specific risks associated with finance and resources are included in the West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register at Appendix 1					
Are there any stafi If yes, please give		Yes □ No ⊠					
Are there any ICT yes, please give de	•	Yes □ •	No ⊠				
Are there any lega		Yes □	No ⊠				
implications? If yes details	s, please give	•					
Are there any equa	ality implications?	Yes □	No ⊠				
If yes, please give	details	•					
Risk/opportunity				opportunities affecting project objectives)			
Risk area	Inherent level of risk (before controls)	Control	S	Residual risk (after controls)			
See individual asse	ssments against eac	h risk as	detailed in	Appendix 1			
Ward(s) affected	:	All Ward	ds				
Background pape (all background pape published on the w included)	pers are to be	None					
Documents attac	hed:		dix 1 - We gister 2017	st Suffolk Strategic 7/2018			

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

1.1 Key Issues and Summary

- 1.1.1 The West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register is updated regularly by the Risk Management Group. The Group is comprised of service representatives, including Health and Safety, supported by a Director and the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Governance and Performance. Assistant Directors and / or Service Managers may be required to provide further information as requested by the Group.
- 1.1.2 At its most recent assessment in December 2017, the Group reviewed the Target Risk, the risk level where the Council aims to be, and agreed a Current Risk assessment. These assessments form the revised West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register at **Appendix 1**.
- 1.1.3 Part of this assessment included the consideration of the controls and actions in place to address the individual risks. Where Target Risk levels are lower than the Current Risk assessment, further action is either being taken or planned in order to treat the risk and meet the target.
- 1.1.4 Some individual controls or actions have been updated and those that were not ongoing and had been completed by December 2017 have been removed from the register.

1.2 New or Amended Risks

1.2.1 There have been no major amendments to current risks during this reporting period. Where necessary actions, controls and target dates have been updated.

1.3 Closed Risks

1.3.1 No existing risks have been closed since the Strategic Risk Register was last reported to this committee.

1.4 Impact of Brexit

1.4.1 The group will continue to monitor the situation as it develops, amending existing and / or adding new risks where necessary. These changes will be reported at each meeting in the normal manner.

1.5 Reasons for Recommendations

- 1.5.1 The Council's Strategic Plan for 2014/2016, adopted by the Council in February 2014, and extended to cover 2017, includes three key priority areas supported by a range of actions to deliver specific outcomes.
- 1.5.2 The West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register identifies and records the level of risk associated with delivering the Council's plans alongside meeting its statutory responsibilities and the organisation's overall ability to respond to change. Through assessment of risk and the likelihood and impact of potential failure to meet these challenges, the level of controls and where possible, action required is identified and implemented.



			-		West Suffolk Strategic Ri	sk Register 20	<u> 17/</u>	18 - December 2017																
							Туре	: A = Action, C = Control				APPENDIX 1												
RISK ID NUMBER	Date risk added to register	Туре	Current Owners	Title	Description - What are we trying to avoid? Why is this important	WS Inherent Risk	Туре	Summary of Controls / Actions - What we are doing / need to do to prevent it.	Who is responsible for the actions	Start date	Target completion date/	WS Residual Risk												
WS1 A	10-Jul-14	Financial	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders- Resources and Performance	Poor financial management	Failure in specific areas to achieve projected income, or expenditure exceeds the approved budgets (revenue or capital).	Froba 3	С	Business rate retention income and localising of Council tax being monitored monthly by Finance and ARP	Director - Resources & Performance	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A	Probability 2												
						Impact	С	Resources and Performance business advisors/partners	Managers / Business Partners / Advisers			Impact												
							С	Scrutiny of financial reports by LT and Members through Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee	LI	N/A	N/A													
Page							A t	5)Financial system upgrade/development in order to take advantage of latest budget planning / monitoring functionality.	LT		Mar-18													
29					A	6) Strengthen the overall Performance Management Framework. E.g. Balanced Scorecards, PDRs, (also see WS18),Risk management, Project monitoring, Financial Reporting.	LT	Apr-17	Mar-18															
	1							7) Regular updates of projects, assessment of any additional risks associated with new projects.	LT	N/A	N/A	1												
							С	8) Monitoring of investment decisions and original business cases targets/outcomes through Business	Assistant Director - Resources & Performance	N/A	N/A													
							С		Assistant Director - Resources &	Sep-16	N/A													
							A		Performance Assistant Director - Resources & Performance	Jul-17	Mar-18													
VS1 B	10-Jul-14	Financial	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders-	Poor financial planning	Failure to deliver a sustainable Medium Term Financial Strategy, especially in view of continued financial uncertainty around areas such as Comprehensive Spending Review, localisation of Business Rates,	Probability 2	А	Annual Budget preparation focus on MTFS and key uncertainties including Business Rate Retention in 2020. Delivery on six MTFS themes.	LT	N/A	N/A	Probal 3												
			Resources and Performance		increased service demand, and use of reserves. Over reliance on any one particular MTFS theme such as behaving more commercially or being an investing authority	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5 C			Service Managers / Business Partners / Advisers	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 5 Impact
											С	Medium Term Financial Strategy update - including review of assumptions, sensitivity analysis and review of reserve and balance levels		N/A	N/A									
								С	4) Scrutiny of financial reports by LT and Members through Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee	LT	N/A	N/A												
							С	5) Monitor Government statements on future of local government funding	LT	N/A	N/A	1												
									С	6) N	6) New investment proposals to be considered through the Councils governance and decision making process including challenge by -Business Partners.	LT	N/A	N/A										
							С	7) Use of data and intelligence in forecasting future scenarios.	LT	N/A	N/A	1												

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					West Suffolk Strategic Ri	sk Register 20	17/	18 - December 2017					
							Туре	: A = Action, C = Control				APPENDIX 1	
RISK ID NUMBER	Date risk added to register		Current Owners		Description - What are we trying to avoid? Why is this important	WS Inherent Risk	Туре	Summary of Controls / Actions - What we are doing / need to do to prevent it.	Who is responsible for the actions		Target completion date/ Complete	WS Residual Risk	
							С	8) Keep a careful eye on Brexit implications re European funding and service delivery	LT	N/A	N/A		
							A	9) Project resources review ensuring the appropriate capacity and skills to take forward ambitious agenda.	LT	Sep-16	Mar-18		
							A	· ·	Assistant Director - Resources and Performance	Jul-17	On-going		
WS2	10-Jul-14	Customer	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders- Families &	effective communications	, maintain to a poor reputation. Councils need to champion their	5	С	media alerts and, where appropriate, provide a robust response.	Service Manager (Strategic Communications)		N/A	Probabilit	
			Communities			1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	Public stakeholders have a range of channels including news and social media to disseminate information about West Suffolk services and strategic priorities and address errors or misrepresentation.	Service Manager (Strategic Communications)	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	
		positive partnerships with others, or secure fund	positive partnerships with others, or secure funding. This could also potentially impact on our ability to		С	Train and support staff and Members in proactive communications, liaising with the media and using social media platforms.	Service Manager (Strategic Communications)	N/A	N/A				
							С	4) Deliver strategic communications plan and work with them to engage appropriately with communities to encourage channel shift.	Service Manager (Strategic Communications)	N/A	On-going		
							A	5) Ensure that appropriate communications planning and support are identified for strategic projects as per individual project plans	Service Manager (Strategic Communications)	Aug-14	On-going		
Page 3							С	6) Carry out timely and proportionate consultation that is available in an accessible format for everyone who wants to give us their views on a particular matter.	Service Manager (Corporate Policy)	N/A	N/A	_	
ws3	10-Jul-14	Customer	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders- Families &	(Customer Access Strategy)	Service delivery methods do not meet customer needs or expectations with potential to damage Councils' reputation; customer expectations need to be understood and managed; Councils' not appreciating and/or delivering methods of contact and response	5 Proba 3 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	С	Continue to develop new web presence with full digital by default capability. Ensure that staff, councillors and external support/advisory services are aware of the councils' digital offer and benefits for use.	Director - Families &	N/A	N/A	Probability 2	
			Communities		time which are expected by customers.	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	Clear and consistent public communications to explain changes to services and establish realistic expectations of service levels.	Manager (Corporate Communications) and Service Manager	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	
							С	3) Continuing development to ensure web site remains fit for purpose.	(Customer Service) Assistant Director - Families & Communities	N/A	N/A	_	

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					West Suffolk Strategic Ri	sk Register 20	17/	18 - December 2017				
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WS4	10-Jul-14	Professional	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders - Human Resources, Legal & Democratic	Staff retention (professional staff / technical staff) and recruitment. Staff trust and goodwill (morale)	Lack of staff with appropriate skills, experience and capacity could prevent delivery of services and high levels of performance. Failure to have motivated staff with appropriate workload.	Pro 4	A C	1) OD strategy focussing on Employer Brand, Flexible and Agile Workforce, Talent management linked to performance management. Continue to develop succession routes - apprentices and career pathways for example. 2) Regularly evaluate outcome of Performance Reviews to identify talent management to inform succession planning.		Reviewed OD plan 2016 Jun-14	On-going Ongoing	5
			Services			Impact	Α	4) Annual workforce monitoring data presented to the West Suffolk Joint Staff Consultative Panel; no significant issues raised.	HR Manager	N/A	On-going	Impact
Page 31							A	5) Salary benchmarking has been undertaken and remains under review. Review Pay Policy. Monitor Recruitment to identify challenging areas to address. Maintain focus on strong employer brand. Review of payline and structure may need to be considered. National work commenced on the NJC/Job Evaluation/Pay and Reward work linked to the increasing National Living Wage and the changing roles of the 21C Public Servant.	Assistant Director - HR, Legal and Democratic Services	N/A	ongoing	
							A	6) Review of skills and structures to ensure successful delivery of MTFS and associated growth projects	Assistant Directors and Service Managers	Dec-16	On-going	
												_
WS6	10-Jul-14		Chief Executive & Leaders	Managing public / councillor expectations with less	Falling short of providing the level of service that the public and councillors expect and demand.	5	С	Understand and communicate priorities and expectations through Strategic Plan and MTFS	LT	N/A	Feb-18	5
			& Leaders	resources	public and councillors expect and demand.	Probab 3	С	2) Assign dedicated corporate project resources to	LT	N/A	N/A	Prot 4
						aability 2	Α	support new projects as they arise. 3) Review and align service and skilled resources available to the strategic plan including communicate resources.	LT	Jun-14	On-going	oability 2
						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	4) Regular monitoring and update discussions with portfolio holders on the corporate project plan progress		N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 5 Impact
							С	5) Regular monitoring of Balanced Scorecards to include complaints, compliments and trends.	LT	N/A	On-going	
WS7	10-Jul-14	Technological Financial Customer	Service Manager (Corporate Policy) / All Assistant	Poor project management	Key strategic outcomes not being delivered due to projects failing to be completed on time. Budgets are overspent due to delays. Peaks and troughs in resource demands for support services are not managed, resulting in unmanageable workloads for e.g. IT team,	Probability 2	A	1) Maintain and develop an efficient programme and project management framework understanding timetabling and interdependencies between projects and programmes (led by Service Manager Corporate Policy).	Service Manager Corporate Policy	May-17	On-going	Probabilit
			Directors & Portfolio Holders		exacerbating the delays.	1 1 2 3 4 5 Impact	A	2) Maintain oversight of corporate project matrix at Leadership Team, to manage demands on services and resource appropriately.	Service Manager Corporate Policy	May-17	On-going	1 2 3 4 5 Impact
						Impact	A	3) Training and support to staff involved in corporate projects including key project management skills.	L&D team/Service Manager Corporate Policy	May-17	On-going	Impact
							С	4) Project support and resources to be included in future Project Initiation Documents and project business cases, including support services such as: ICT, Finance, Legal and Property	LT and All Service Managers	May-17	On-going	
							С	5) Early identification of Corporate capacity / priorities as part of business plan / project initiation. Review of programmes to assist with prioritisation.	LT	May-17	On-going	
							С	6) Carry out Project Close Out Reports and Project Health Checks as appropriate.	LT and All Service Managers	May-17	On-going	

					West Suffolk Strategic Ri	N Register 20						
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/S7a	10-Jul-14	Technological	Assistant Director & Portfolio		Integration of ICT across services and systems not being achieved. Failure to keep Business Applications aligned.	5	А	Maintain alignment of ICT infrastructure and corporate systems through corporate project planning	Infrastructure Support Manager	Jun-14	On-going	5
			Holders- Resources and Performance			Probability 2	A	Continued Business Applications integration / alignment.	Project Managers & Service Manager	Jun-14	Individual project plans	robability 2
						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	3) Regular review of both integration programmes for strategic fit and resources/skills capacity through corporate projects plan.	(ICT) Service Manager Corporate Policy/ LT	N/A	N/A	1 1 2 3 4 Impact
							С	4) Monthly testing of the Council PSN compliance including the checking and monitoring of new and existing staff. No tolerance approach adopted.	Infrastructure Support Manager	N/A	N/A	
							А	5) Development of a West Suffolk Information Strategy and links to the wider public sector integration agenda (Transformation Challenge Award).	Service Manager (ICT)	N/A	Jan-18	
S8	10-Jul-14	Political Social										
	(a)		Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders- Families &		Opportunities being missed to create or influence the provision of:	Probability 2	С	1) Initial Families & Community Strategy now complete. Continuous development and review of strategy to ensure that it remains fit for purpose. Review of F & C scheduled to complement the development of a new West Suffolk Strategic Plan.	Service Manager (Families & Communities)	Jul-17	Feb 18	5 Probabili
	-		Communities		(i) a thriving voluntary sector and active communities who take the initiative to help the most vulnerable	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	2) Continue to develop the Families and Communities Officers role and new ways of working with councillors and the wider team.	Service Manager (Families & Communities)	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 Impact
					(ii) people playing a greater role in determining the future of their communities		A	Locality budgets and Community Chest funds available. Ensure both are used effectively and as intended.	Service Manager (Families & Communities)	Oct-13	On-going	_
ס					(iii). improved wellbeing, physical and mental health						1	
age 32					(iv) accessible countryside and green spaces							
N	(b)		Assistant Director & Portfolio		Opportunities being missed to create or influence the provision of:	5	С	Developing engagement with the two Local Enterprise Partnerships. Deliver Six Point Plan for Jobs and Growth. Monitoring the local economy.	Assistant Director - Growth	N/A	N/A	_ 5
			Holders - Growth	demand	(i) beneficial growth that enhances prosperity and quality of life	Probability 2	С			N/A	N/A	Probability 2
	-				(ii) existing businesses that are thriving and new businesses brought to the area	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	Support to WSC, SCC, UCS and other agencies involved with skills development. Monitoring attainment levels.	Assistant Director - Growth	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 Impact
					(iii) people with the educational attainment and skills needed in our local economy		С	4) Continue to develop close working relationships with Whitehall, Norfolk partners, LEPS to influence the		N/A	N/A	
	1				(iv) vibrant, attractive and clean high streets, village centres and markets		A	5) Development and delivery of Local Plans	Assistant Director - Growth	Dec-15	On-going	1

					West Suffolk Strategic Ri							
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							A	' '	Assistant Director - Growth		Mar-18	
	(c)		Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders - Growth, Families &	Failure to deliver; Housing Agenda	Opportunities being missed to create or influence the provision of:	Probability 2	С	monitoring .Review of Housing Strategy to be undertaken in 2017	Assistant Directors for Growth, Families and Communities and Planning	N/A	N/A	5 Probability 2
			Communities and Planning.		(i) sufficient housing for current and future generations, including more affordable homes and improvements to existing housing	1 2 3 4 5	С	Assessment completed 2008 to identify levels of need,	Assistant Director - Growth	N/A	N/A	1 2 3
Pag					(ii) new developments that are fit for the future, properly supported by infrastructure, and that build communities, not just housing	- Impact	С		Assistant Director - Growth	N/A	N/A	Impact
age 33					(iii) homes that are flexible for people's changing needs		С	regularly reviewed to reflect changes in legislation.	Service Manager (Housing Options)	N/A	N/A	
	-						A	ensure that the package of support provided meets the	Service Manager (Housing Options)	Aug-17	Jun-18	
							A	Improvement Agency contract reviewed with partners	Service Manager (Housing Standards)	Apr-14	Intial review completed. Further review to take place in Feb-18 after first year of operation under new regime.	
							A	Company in partnership with Suffolk County Council to	Service Manager (Strategic Housing)	Apr-15	See action 7 text for details of dates.	
							A	8) Monitor implications and proposals contained in new Government publications (including Housing & Planning Bill published Feb 2017) - countywide and West Suffolk response submitted to consultation document. Details of when proposals will be introduced still to be published by the Government.	(Strategic	Apr-16	See action 8 text for details of dates.	

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S11	10-Jul-14	Economic Financial Competitive	Chief Executive / Directors & Portfolio Holders	Failure to adapt to new public sector models, explore opportunities with partners	West Suffolk's bid to become a single Council is unsuccessful and the benefits are not realised; the Council fails to deliver better services for public sector customers (regardless of the organisation), fails to	5 Pro 4 • •	С	Keep a watching brief on, and disseminate information on new policies, funding models and opportunities through DCLG, RSN, LGA, EELGA etc.	Service Manager (Corporate Policy)	N/A	N/A	5 Pro 4
			rioladis		close its budget gap due to missing opportunities for new sources of funding and opportunities for savings through economies of scale and better integration; or fails to take account of wider changes in national and	Probability 2	С	2) Maintain good relationships with public sector partners, e.g. CCG, SCOLT, SCEG, ARP authorities to hear of, and take opportunities arising from opportunities for partnership working.	Chief Executive and Directors	N/A	N/A	bability 2
					local government legislation and policy (including EU).	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	3) Robust business cases for identified opportunities.	LT	N/A	N/A	1 2 3 4 Impact
						,	С	4) Keeping a watching brief on the new/changing National policies with Suffolk colleagues, including Brexit and local government funding changes and play an active part in the Devolution process for Norfolk, Suffolk and the wider East Anglia area, (also see WS8(b) 4).	Chief Executive and Directors	N/A	N/A	
							A	5) Lead the integration and rationalisation of the public estate through membership, and local leadership, of the Government's One Public Estate Programme.	Director	Jul-14	On-going	
							A	6) Continue to actively work with DCLG and LGBCE to encourage support for the Council's business case to become a single Council, and proactively support the development of the case and subsequent Order.	Chief Executive and Directors.	Sep-17	On-going	
							Α	7) Explore shared services opportunities with other Local Authorities.	LT	Apr-15	On-going	
S12	10-Jul-14	Partnership	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders - Growth	Loss of a key employer (for example USAFE, Racing Industry, Greene King, WS Hospital, Centre Parcs, British Sugar) Please see Risk WS22 for USAFE.	Failure to retain major employers in the area and the economic impact that it would have	Probability 2 1 1 2 3 4 5 Impact	A	1)Liaison with the key employers to understand issues and opportunities by: coordinating and attending the West Suffolk Business Forum; organising the West Suffolk Business Festival (which provides opportunities for engagement with key employers); arranging visits to key employers for Leadership Team; promoting the ED team as a key point of contact for businesses and as a result responding to concerns and issues raised; and meeting and supporting business leaders in conjunction with the New Anglia Local Enterprise Partnership Growth Hub advisors.	Assistant Director - Growth	Jun-14	On-going	Probability 2 1 1 2 3 4 Impact
Page							С	Ensuring there is sufficient employment land / premises for expansion.	Assistant Director - Growth	N/A	N/A	1
34							С	3) Understand skills shortage and requirements by linking business to education providers and encourage businesses to take on apprentices.		N/A	N/A	
							A	4) Help businesses access third party funding.	Assistant Director - Growth	Jun-14	On-going	
							A	5) Further development of the six point jobs and growth plan.	Assistant Director - Growth	Jun-14	On-going	
							A	6) In the worst case scenario (actions 1 - 5 ineffective) the ED team liaises with key partners such as Job Centre Plus and West Suffolk College to mitigate the impact of downsizing/restructuring.	Assistant Director - Growth			
13	10-Jul-14	1 Partnership	Directors &	Partner / Public Sector failure	Partners or partnerships failing; cost shunting (transfer			Ensure robust SLA (Service Level Agreement) & Joint	All Assistant	N/A	N/A	
0	10 301 17	Financial	Portfolio Holders	. S. C. C. J. Lubic Sector Tundle	of costs between partners); partnerships not achieving desired outcomes.	5 1	С	Venture arrangements are in place. Ensure good due diligence procedures are used.	Directors			
	23 341 1		Portfolio	, and secon familie	of costs between partners); partnerships not achieving	5	С	Venture arrangements are in place. Ensure good due diligence procedures are used.	Directors	Jun-14	N/A	

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						obability 2	A	3) Regular meetings with key partners, including fortnightly Suffolk CEO meetings to discuss impact and potential response of the Suffolk wide system. Ensure effective engagement in the Transformation Challenge	All Assistant Directors	Jun-14	On-going	obability 2
						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	Award. 4) Understand the cumulative impact of complex partnership delivery arrangements.	CEO and LT	Dec-15	N/A	1 2 3 4 5 Impact
							A	5) Develop robust governance arrangements for council owned companies. Barley Homes Business Plan reviewed in detail as part of MTFS process in Dec-17.	LT	On-going	On-going	
14/61 4	10.7.1.14	DI : I	D: 1 0						All A			
WS14	10-Jul-14	Physical Social Legal	Director & Portfolio Holders	9	Reduced level of failure to deliver services to both internal and external clients due to unforeseen events.	5	A	1) Services must have a workable, up to date Business Continuity Plan in place.	All Assistant Directors/All staff	Aug-14	On-going	5 Pr. 4
Pa						Probability 2	С	Combined West Suffolk Business Continuity Plan is in place for major identified threats, regularly reviewed and practised.	LT	N/A	N/A	obability 2
ge 35						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	3) Appointed officers within each service to be responsible for the continuity plans.	All Assistants Directors / Appointed Officers	N/A	N/A	1 1 2 3 4 5 Impact
								Please also see WS16 - Breach of data protection and information security	Officers			
WS16	10-Jul-14	Legal	Director & Portfolio Holders	Breach of data protection and information security	Failure to ensure the accuracy and control of data. Not using good practice when handling data. Damage to council's reputation.	5 7 4	С	Information governance group coordinates councils' approach to risks.	Director	N/A	N/A	5 7 4
					Damage to individuals. Avoid legal challenge.	Probability 2	С	Records Management Working Group to coordinate councils' approach to records management.	Director	N/A	N/A	obability 2
					Prevent potential claims for compensation. Financial penalty for failing to comply with GDPR	1 2 3 4 5 Impact	С	Regular buildings checks to ensure information is held securely.	Service Manager (Internal Audit)	N/A	N/A	1 1 2 3 4 5 Impact
						Impact	A	4) Improve staff and member communication on good practices and data security.	Service Manager (Corporate Communications)		On-going	
							A	5) Information Security e-learning - 1st phase, existing officers, completed. All new staff and members to complete module as part of induction programme.	Director	Apr-14	On-going	
							A	6) Programme plan in development to support compliance with General Data Protection Regulation. (GDPR). Online GDPR training rolled out in Dec-17.	Data Protection Officer	Oct-17	May-18	
WS18	10-Jul-14	Customer Financial Professional	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders - Resources & Performance		Risk of individual services having below par performance levels and possible dips in performance while establishing new service models.	5 Probability 2	С		Director - Resources & Performance / R&P Business	N/A	N/A	Probability 2
			n enormance			1 2 3 4 5 Impact	A	Early identification, reporting and monitoring of potential problem areas.	Partners Service Managers / Business Partners / Advisers	Aug-14	On-going	1 2 3 4 5 Impact
							С	6) Strengthen the overall Performance Management Framework. E.g. Balanced Scorecards, PDRs, (also see WS18),Risk management, Project monitoring, Financial Reporting.	LT	Apr-17	Mar-18	
							С	4) Use PDR's to aid early identification of potential problem areas.	Line Managers	N/A	N/A	1

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West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register 2017/18 - December 2017 **APPENDIX 1** Type: A = Action, C = Control RISK ID NUMBER Description - What are we trying to avoid? Why is this important WS Inherent Risk Target completion date/ Summary of Controls / Actions - What we are Start date WS Residual Risk Date risk Title Who is Type Current responsible for the actions doing / need to do to prevent it. added to register Complete Please also see WS7 - Poor Project Management

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19	10-Jul-14	Economic Social	All Assistant Directors & Portfolio Holders	Demographic changes	Unable to meet the demands created by population changes (caused by growth, ageing, diversity, employment) including the impact on infrastructure and other related service provision.	5	С	forecasting models (e.g. East of England forecasting model, POPGROUP) to build population change into future Strategic Planning, Service Planning and Policy	Assistant Director - Families and Communities/ Planning /Growth/Operati	N/A	N/A	Probability 2
						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	A	2) Monitor, research and analysis around demographics through DCLG, ONS, LGA, LGC and other sources and share key findings with relevant services.	Service Manager (Corporate Policy)	Jun-14	On-going	1 2 3 Impact
Page							A	Transformation Challenge Award Data and Intelligence	Service Manager 9Corporate Policy)	Jun-14	On-going	
22	10-Jul-14	Dhysical	Assistant	Insulance at the	Failure to ensure the safety and well being of staff and			1) Councie to the and Cofety stretony, chicatives and	Llashb C Cafab.	NI/A	NI/A	
,	10-Jul-14	Priysical	Assistant Director & Portfolio Holders -	Implementation of the Corporate Health and Safety Policy	councillors. Failure to provide safe and healthy environment for visitors and the general public. Risk of HSE (Health & Safety Executive) prosecutions.	5 Pro 4	С	Corporate Health and Safety strategy, objectives and implementation plans in place for all internal and external functions performed by the Council.	Manager	IN/A	N/A	5 Pro 4
			Human Resources, Legal &		TISE (Teditific Surety Executive) prosecutions.	Probability 2	Α	, , ,	Health & Safety Manager	Jun-14	On-going	bability 2
			Democratic Services			1 2 3 4 5	С	Requirement for all staff to complete online H&S training and members to complete appropriate H&S induction programme.	Health & Safety Manager		N/A	1 1 2 3 ·
						Impact	A	4) Communications to staff and councillors.	Health & Safety Manager	Jun-14	On-going	Impuet
							A		Health & Safety Manager	Jun-14	On-going	
							С	,	Health & Safety Manager	N/A	N/A	
							С	7) Implementation of new H&S Management software.	Health & Safety Manager	Nov-17	Mar-18	†

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							Туре	: A = Action, C = Control				APPENDIX
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21	10-Jul-14		Service Manager & portfolio Holders-	Safeguarding children and vulnerable adults	Children and vulnerable adults being treated in an improper manner and not in accordance with legislation.	Probability 2	А	Working in Countywide safeguarding partnership - external annual S11 Audit of Council procedures.	Service Manager- Strategic Housing	Jul-09	On-going	Proba
			Strategic Housing			ability 2 1 1 2 3 4 5	С	Safe recruitment procedures are adopted for all staff recruitment.	Director - HR, Legal & Dem Services	Jul-09	On-going	1 2 3 4
						Impact	A	3) Regular staff and member training and briefing sessions taking place included as part of induction and training programme.	Service Manager- Strategic Housing/HR, Legal & Dem services	Jun-14	On-going	Impact
							A	4) Ensure appropriate training is provided to front-line staff.	Service Manager- Strategic Housing	Nov-15	01/04/2016 Initial training completed - continued ongoing development.	
22	21-Apr-15	Economic and social	Director & Portfolio	Failure to make the most of the opportunity presented by	Failing to get the best mixed use options for the future of the site would lead to a negative impact on the local		А	Co-ordinate and lead the Forest Heath member-led local Mildenhall and Lakenheath Airbases Group	Director (JK)	Mar-15	On-going	5
			Holders	the closure of RAF Mildenhall	economy, families and community or the housing market.	Probability 2	A	Commission an impact study to measure the impact of the USAFE on West Suffolk and the surrounding areas. Submission of prospectus to Central Government.	Director (JK)	Apr-15	Prospectus completed. Working with	Probability 2
						1 2 3 4 5 Impact	A	3) Work with external partners (including USAFE and UK Military) and internal departments to consider the actions to mitigate the impact of the net loss in USAFE personnel and also to consider opportunities for the RAF Mildenhall site in the context of the Government's One Public Estate Programme.	Director (JK)	Feb-15	On-going	1 1 2 3 4 Impact
							A	4) Set up a joint MOD, HCA, SCC & FHDC project team for the future of the site. Jointly investigate site conditions and site master plan.	Director (JK)	Dec-16	Project team Mai 17. Master plan 2018	
Page							Α	5) Work with and influence the HCA on their emerging studies for site use 2017-2019.	Director (JK)	Sep-16	On-going	
လ ထ	06-Oct-17		Directors, Assistant Directors & Portfolio Holders	Cyber Security	Failure to appropriately protect West Suffolk's systems and Services from Cyber Attack	Probabil	A	User Education & Awareness - Update Info Sec training to include more detail on data protection and introduce new education programme for all staff.	Service Manager ICT HR Business Partner	Oct-17	Mar-18	Probabili
			noiuers			1 2 3 4 5	A	User Education & Awareness - Info Sec policy to be reviewed and disseminated to all staff (inc ARP) - and to be reviewed regularly	Service Manager ICT HR Business Partner		Mar-18	1 2 3 4

Informal Joint Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Work Progra	mme Update				
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/	003				
Report to and date:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018					
Chairman of the Committee:	Councillor Louis Busuttil Chairman of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee Tel: 01638 810517 Email: louis.busuttil@forest-heath.gov.uk					
Lead officer:	Christine Brain Democratic Services Officer (Scrutiny) Tel: 01638 719729 Email: Christine.brain@westsuffolk.gov.uk					
Purpose of report:	To update members on Programme, attached a	the current status of its Work t Appendix 1.				
Recommendation:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee: It is <u>RECOMMENDED</u> that: 1) Members review the current status of its Work Programme for 2018-2019. 2) Members are asked to identify potential topics for future scrutiny on service performance.					

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee Work Programme (Forest Heath District Council)

Description Le	ad Officer
31 May 2018 (Time: 5.00pm)	
Informal Joint Meet	
(Hosted by Forest Heath Dist Joint Reports	rict Council)
Joint Reports	
External Quality Assessment of Internal Audit	Service Manager
Outcomes	(Internal Audit)
Appointment of External Audits for the Provision of	Service Manager
Housing Benefits Certification Services	(Finance and Performance)
Internal Audit Report (2017-2018) and Outline	Service Manager
Internal Audit Plan (2018-2019)	(Internal Audit)
Balanced Scorecard and Quarter 4 Performance Report 2017-2018	Senior Business Partner (Resources and Performance)
Report 2017-2018	(Resources and Performance)
Balanced Scorecards Indicators and Targets for	Senior Business Partner
2018-2019	(Resources and Performance)
West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Quarterly	Assistant Director
Monitoring Report – March 2018	(Resources and Performance)
Work Programme Update	Democratic Services Officer
Favort Haath Crasifia Danasta	(Scrutiny)
Forest Heath Specific Reports	
Financial Outturn Report (Revenue and Capital)	Assistant Director
2017-2018	(Resources and Performance)
Ernst and Young – External Audit 2018-2019	Assistant Director
Indicative Fees	(Resources and Performance)
July 2018 (Time: 6.00pm) Venue – St Edmundsbury Bor (Annual Accounts	
Ernst and Young - 2017-2018 ISA 260 Annual	Assistant Director
Results Report to those Charged with Governance	(Resources and Performance)
West Suffolk Annual Governance Statement 2017-	Service Manager
2018	(Internal Audit)
2017-2018 Statement of Accounts	Assistant Director
	(Resources and Performance)
Annual Treasury Management Report 2017-2018	Service Manager
and Investment Activity (April to June 2018)	(Finance and Performance)
Work Programme Update	Democratic Services Officer (Scrutiny)

September 2018 (Time: 5.00pm)	
Informal Joint Meet	
(Hosted by St Edmundsbury Bo	
Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 1 Performance	
Report 2018-2019	(Resources and Performance)
West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Monitoring	Senior Business Partner
Report – June 2018	(Resources and Performance)
Annual Corporate Environmental Statement 2017-	Service Manager
2018	(Environmental Health)
Work Programme Update	Democratic Services Officer
	(Scrutiny)
Forest Heath Specific Reports	
Financial Performance Report (Revenue and	Assistant Director
Capital) 2018-2019 - Quarter 1 (April to June	
2018)	,
November 2018 (Time: 5.00pm)	
Informal Joint Meet	ing
(Hosted by Forest Heath Dist	
Mid-Year Internal Audit Progress Report 2018-	
2019	(Internal Audit)
Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 2 Performance	Senior Business Partner
Report 2018-2019	(Resources and Performance)
West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Monitoring	Senior Business Partner
Report – September 2018	(Resources and Performance)
Work Programme Update	Democratic Services Officer
	(Scrutiny)
Forest Heath Specific Reports	
Ernst and Young – Annual Audit Letter 2017-2018	Assistant Director
Times and roung rumadiritatic Lotter Lotte	(Resources and Performance)
Financial Performance Report (Revenue and	,
Capital) 2018-2019 - Quarter 2 (April to	(Resources and Performance)
September 2018)	(Nessaries and Ferrenmanies)
Delivering a Sustainable Medium Term Financial	Assistant Director
Strategy 2019-2022	(Resources and Performance)
Mid-Year Treasury Management Report and	Service Manager
Investment Activity (April – September 2018)	(Finance and Performance)
January 2019 (Time: 5.00pm)	
Informal Joint Meet	ing
(Hosted by St Edmundsbury Bo	
Balanced Scorecards and Quarter 3 Performance	
Report 2018-2019	(Resources and Performance)
West Suffolk Strategic Risk Register Monitoring	Senior Business Partner
Report – December 2018	(Resources and Performance)
Work Programme Update	Democratic Services Officer
	(Scrutiny)
Forest Heath Specific Reports	
Ernst and Young – Certification of Claims and	Assistant Director
Returns Annual Report (2017-2018)	(Resources and Performance)
Netariis / iiii dai Neport (2017-2010)	(1.650dices dila i citorillance)

Assistant Director
(Resources and Performance)
Assistant Director
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Assistant Director
(Resources and Performance)
Service Manager
(Finance and Performance)
Service Manager
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rict Council)
Service Manager
(Internal Audit)
Senior Business Partner
(Resources and Performance)
Senior Business Partner
(Resources and Performance)
Assistant Director
(Resources and Performance)
Democratic Services Officer
(Scrutiny)
Assistant Director
(Resources and Performance)

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:		d Young - of claims and ual report 2016-
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/	004
Report to and dates:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee	31 January 2018
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01638 660518 Email: Stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk	
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: Rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk	
Purpose of report:	To update members on the outcome of the annual certification of grant claims by Ernst and Young (our external auditors) as detailed in their Certification of claims and returns annual report 2016/2017, attached at Appendix A.	
Recommendation:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee: Members are asked to <u>note</u> the Certification of claims and returns annual report 2016-2017.	

Key Decision:		Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which			
(Check the appropriate		definition?			
box and delete all those		Yes, it is a Key Decision - □			
that do not apply.)	No, it is	No, it is not a Key Decision - $oximes$			
Consultation:		• N/A			
Alternative option	n(s):	• N/A	1		
Implications:			T		
Are there any finar	•	tions?	Yes ⊠ No □		
If yes, please give of	details			udes the final fee for	
			certification of	•	
			grant claims (£	[15,203].	
Are there any staff		ions?	Yes □ No ⊠		
If yes, please give of			•		
Are there any ICT i		' If	Yes □ No ⊠		
yes, please give det			•		
Are there any legal		-	Yes ⊠ No □		
implications? If yes,	, please give		 External audit is a statutory 		
details			function.		
Are there any equa		ions?	Yes □ No ⊠		
If yes, please give details			•		
Risk/opportunity assessment:		(potential hazards or corporate, service or p			
Risk area	Inherent le	vel of	Controls	Residual risk (after	
	risk (before			controls)	
	controls)	I I I de		1 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Errors identified as a	Low/Medium/		Dorform oarly	Low/Medium/ High*	
result of 2015/2016	Mediur	n	Perform early extended testing in	Low	
testing may have			those areas where		
been replicated in			errors were		
1 2016/2017					
2016/2017			identified		
Ward(s) affected:	<u> </u>				
-			identified		
Ward(s) affected	rs:	to be	identified N/A		
Ward(s) affected: Background pape	rs: papers are		identified N/A		
Ward(s) affected: Background pape (all background page)	rs: papers are		identified N/A		
Background pape (all background p published on the s	rs: papers are website and		identified N/A None	Ernst and Young	
Ward(s) affected: Background pape (all background published on the vincluded)	rs: papers are website and		identified N/A None		
Ward(s) affected: Background pape (all background published on the vincluded)	rs: papers are website and		identified N/A None Appendix A -	claims and returns	

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

- 1.1 Ernst and Young (EY) has issued at **Appendix A**, an annual report on the Certification of Claims and Returns for 2016/2017. This report summarises the results of the certification work undertaken by EY staff as part of the annual audit of grant claims to government departments and sets out the scale fee for carrying out this work.
- 1.2 Funding from government departments is an important income stream for the Council which has to put in place procedures to ensure that it has met the conditions attached to the funding and, in some cases, must complete returns providing financial information to support the claims. The government departments may require appropriately qualified auditors to certify the claims.
- From 1 April 2015, the duty to make arrangements for the certification of relevant claims and returns, and to prescribe scales of fees for this work, was delegated to the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government.
- 1.4 For 2016-2017, these arrangements required only the certification of the housing benefits subsidy claim with a total value of £15.014 million.
- 1.5 The certification work found errors on the claim and these errors have been corrected by officers. A qualification letter setting out further errors and uncertainties was also reported to the Department for Works and Pensions (DWP). The relevant officers of the Council and Anglia Revenues Partnership (ARP) have agreed the qualifications in respect of the 2016-2017 certification work, as detailed in **Appendix A**. ARP has taken action to address the issues for 2017-2018.
- In addition, the PSAA determine a scale fee each year for the audit of claims and returns. For 2016-17, the indicative scale fee for the audit of the Housing benefits subsidy claim was £15,203 and the actual fee will be unchanged from this level. For 2017-18, the indicative scale fee has been set at £12,442.
- 1.7 EY have made no recommendations to Members as a result of the audit.



Certification of claims and returns annual report 2016/17

Forest Heath District Council

8 December 2017

Ernst & Young LLP





Ernst & Young LLP Tel: + 44 20 7951 2000 1 More London Place Fax: + 44 20 7951 1345 London SE1 2AF ey.com

The Members of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee Forest Heath District Council District Offices, College Heath Rd, Mildenhall, Bury Saint Edmunds

8 December 2017

Direct line: 07541 346507 Email: MHodgson@uk.ey.com

Dear Members

IP28 7EY

Certification of claims and returns annual report 2016/17 Forest Heath District Council

We are pleased to report on our certification and other assurance work. This report summarises the results of our work on Forest Heath District Council's 2016/17 claims.

Scope of work

Local authorities claim large sums of public money in grants and subsidies from central government and other grant-paying bodies and must complete returns providing financial information to government departments. In some cases these grant-paying bodies and government departments require appropriately qualified auditors to certify the claims and returns submitted to them.

From 1 April 2015, the duty to make arrangements for the certification of relevant claims and returns and to prescribe scales of fees for this work was delegated to the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government.

For 2016/17, these arrangements required only the certification of the housing benefits subsidy claim. In certifying this we followed a methodology determined by the Department for Work and Pensions and did not undertake an audit of the claim.

Summary

Section 1 of this report outlines the results of our 2016/17 certification work and highlights the significant issues.

We checked and certified the housing benefits subsidy claim with a total value of £15,014,136. We met the submission deadline. We issued a qualification letter – details of the qualification matters are included in section 1. Our certification work found errors which the Council corrected. The amendments had a marginal effect on the grant due.

Fees for certification and other returns work are summarised in section 2. The housing benefits subsidy claim fees for 2016/17 were published by the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) in March 2016 and are now available on the PSAA's website (www.psaa.co.uk).



We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the 31 January 17.

Yours faithfully

Mark Hodgson Associate Partner Ernst & Young LLP Enc

Contents

1.	Housing benefits subsidy claim	. 1
2.	2016/17 certification fees	. 3
3.	Looking forward	.4

1. Housing benefits subsidy claim

Scope of work	Results
Value of claim presented for certification	£15,014,136
Amended/Not amended	Not Amended
Qualification letter	Yes
Fee – 2016/17	£15,203
Fee – 2015/16	£12,442
Recommendations from 2015/16	Findings in 2016/17
None	N/A

Local Government administers the Government's housing benefits scheme for tenants and can claim subsidies from the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) towards the cost of benefits paid.

The certification guidance requires auditors to complete more extensive '40+' or extended testing if initial testing identifies errors in the calculation of benefit or compilation of the claim. 40+ testing may also be carried out as a result of errors that have been identified in the audit of previous year's claims. We found errors and carried out extended testing in several areas.

We have reported the extrapolated value of these errors, underpayments, and other observations in a qualification letter. The DWP then decides whether to ask the Council to carry our further work to quantify the errors or to claw back the benefit subsidy paid. These are the main issues we reported:

The testing of the initial sample of Rent Allowances identified 1 case where child care costs had been incorrectly input resulting in an underpayment of benefit. As the nature of the error is such that either an underpayment or overpayment may arise, we undertook further 40+ testing of a random sample from claims containing child care costs identifying the following errors:

- 3 cases where child care costs had been incorrectly input resulting in an underpayment of benefit;
- 2 case where child care costs had been incorrectly input which had no impact on the subsidy claimed; and
- 9 cases where child care costs had been incorrectly input resulting in an overpayment of benefit.

We reported an extrapolated value of these errors of £13,080, in our qualification letter.

The testing of the initial sample of Rent Allowances identified 1 case where self-employed earnings had been incorrectly calculated resulting in an underpayment of benefit. As the nature of the error is such that either an underpayment or overpayment may arise, we undertook further 40+ testing of a random sample from claims containing self-employed earnings identifying the following errors:

- 3 cases where self-employed earnings had been incorrectly calculated resulting in an underpayment of benefit;
- ► 1 case where self-employed earnings had been incorrectly calculated which had no impact on the subsidy claimed; and
- ▶ 4 cases where self-employed earnings had been incorrectly calculated resulting in an overpayment of benefit.

We reported an extrapolated value of these errors of £5,456, in our qualification letter.

In our 2015/16 qualification letter, we reported that testing of 40+ in Rent Allowances identified cases where the authority had incorrectly calculated claimant income. As part of our audit work undertaken on the 2016/17 subsidy claim, all claims containing claimant income were identified and 40+ testing undertaken identifying the following errors:

- 5 cases where income had been incorrectly calculated resulting in an underpayment of benefit;
- ► 1 case where income had been incorrectly calculated which had no impact on the subsidy claimed; and
- ▶ 4 cases where income had been incorrectly calculated resulting in an overpayment of benefit.

We reported an extrapolated value of these errors of £3,886, in our qualification letter.

2. 2016/17 certification fees

The PSAA determine a scale fee each year for the audit of claims and returns. For 2016/17, these scale fees were published by the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA's) in March 2016 and are now available on the PSAA's website (www.psaa.co.uk).

Claim or return	2016/17	2016/17	2015/16
	Actual fee £'s	Indicative fee £'s	Actual fee £'s
Housing benefits subsidy claim	£15,203	£15,203	£12,442

The indicative fee for 2016/17 was based on the actual fee for 2014/15 with a 25% reduction in scale fee.

For 2016/17 the level of error identified was similar to that identified in 2014/15.

3. Looking forward

2017/18

From 1 April 2015, the duty to make arrangements for the certification of relevant claims and returns and to prescribe scales of fees for this work was delegated to (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government.

The Council's indicative certification fee for 2017/18 is £12,442. This was set by PSAA and is based on final 2015/16 certification fees.

Details of individual indicative fees are available at the following web address: https://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-fees/201718-work-programme-and-scales-of-fees/individual-indicative-certification-fees/

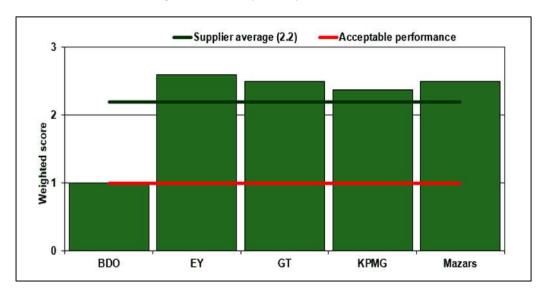
We must seek the agreement of PSAA to any proposed variations to these indicative certification fees. We will inform the Assistant Director (Resources & Performance) before seeking any such variation.

2018/19

From 2018/19, the Council will be responsible for appointing their own reporting accountant to undertake the certification of the housing benefit subsidy claim in accordance with the Housing Benefit Assurance Process (HBAP) requirements that are being established by the DWP. DWP's HBAP guidance is under consultation and is expected to be published around January 2018.

We would be pleased to undertake this work for you, and can provide a competitive quotation for this work.

We currently provide HB subsidy certification to 106 clients, through our specialist Government & Public Sector team. We provide a quality service, and are proud that in the PSAA's latest Annual Regulatory and Compliance Report (July 2017) we score the highest of all providers, with an average score of 2.6 (out of 3).



As we also expect to be appointed by PSAA in December 2017 as your statutory auditor we can provide a comprehensive assurance service, making efficiencies for you and building on the knowledge and relationship we have established with your Housing Benefits service.

EY | Assurance | Tax | Transactions | Advisory

Ernst & Young LLP

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Ernst & Young LLP, 1 More London Place, London, SE1 2AF.

ey.com



Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Ernst and Young –		
	Presentation of External Audit Plan and Fees 2017/2018		
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/		
Report to and date/s:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018		
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: Stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk		
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: Rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk		
Purpose of report:	To provide members with a basis to review Ernst and Young's (EY's) proposed approach and scope for the 2017/2018 audit along with the planned fees to complete the work as set out in the Audit Plan, attached at Appendix A.		
Recommendation:		dit Scrutiny Committee: o <u>note</u> the External Audit 17/2018.	

Key Decision:			ecision and, if so, ur	nder which
(Check the appropriate		definition? Yes, it is a Key Decision - □		
box and delete all those		-		
that do not apply.)	NO, IT IS	No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠		
cor Per the		con Per the	s report has been p sultation with the R formance team, Lea Portfolio Holder for formance.	lesources & adership Team and
Alternative option	ı(s):	• N/A	1	
Implications:	· /	,		
Are there any financial implications? If yes, please give details		tions?	Yes ⊠ No □ • The report includes the planned 2017/2018 audit fee of £47,059 and certification of claims fee of £12,442.	
Are there any staff If yes, please give of	_	ons?	Yes □ No ⊠ •	
Are there any ICT in yes, please give det	•	If	Yes □ No ⊠	
Are there any legal and/or policy implications? If yes, please give details		-	Yes ⊠ No □ • External audit is a statutory function.	
Are there any equality implications? If yes, please give details		ions?	Yes □ No ⊠	
Risk/opportunity assessment:		(potential hazards or opportunities affecting corporate, service or project objectives)		
Risk area	Inherent lerrisk (before controls)	vel of	Controls	Residual risk (after controls)
	Low/Medium/	High*		Low/Medium/ High*
The assessment of the key strategic or operational risks and the financial statement risks facing the Council may not be correct Ward(s) affected:			Assessment of key strategic or operational risks and the financial statement risks facing the Council have been identified through External Audits knowledge of the entity's operations and discussion with members and officers.	Low
Background paper			None	
Documents attached:			rnst & Young Audit ear ended 31 March	

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

- 1.1 The Council's appointed external auditors, Ernst and Young (EY), are required to provide an audit plan which covers the work they plan to perform in order to provide the Council with:
 - An audit opinion on whether the financial statements of Forest Heath District Council give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2018 and of the income and expenditure for the year then ended; and
 - A statutory conclusion on the Council's arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The Audit Plan (attached) is based on EY's risk-based approach to audit planning.
- 1.2 When planning the audit EY take into account several key inputs:
 - Strategic, operational and financial risks relevant to the financial statements.
 - Developments in financial reporting and auditing standards.
 - The quality of systems and processes.
 - Changes in the business and regulatory environment.
 - Management's views on all of the above.
- 1.3 Sections 2 and 3 of **Appendix A**, summarise EY's assessment of the key risks which drive the development of an effective audit for the Council, and outlines their planned audit strategy in response to those risks. Officers will be working with EY over the coming months to ensure that these risks are managed and where possible to come to an agreement over their treatment prior to the issuing of the Annual Governance Report, and Audit Opinion (due to be issued by EY by July 2018).
- 1.4 The planned fee for carrying out this work for 2017/2018 is set out on page 31 of **Appendix A**. The fees are summarised below:

	Planned fee 2017/2018 £
Audit fee – code work	47,059
Certification of claims and returns	12,442
Total fees	59,501









Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee Forest Heath District Council College Heath Road Mildenhall Bury St Edmunds Suffolk IP28 7EY 17 January 2018

Dear Performance & Audit Scrutiny Members

Audit planning report

We are pleased to attach our Audit Plan which sets out how we intend to carry out our responsibilities as auditor. Its purpose is to provide the Audit Committee with a basis to review our proposed audit approach and scope for the 2017/18 audit in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the National Audit Office's 2015 Code of Audit Practice, the Statement of Responsibilities issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Ltd, auditing standards and other professional requirements. It is also to ensure that our audit is aligned with the Committee's service expectations.

This plan summarises our initial assessment of the key risks driving the development of an effective audit for the Council, and outlines our planned audit strategy in response to those risks.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss this report with you on 31 January 2018 as well as understand whether there are other matters which you consider may influence our audit.

Yours faithfully

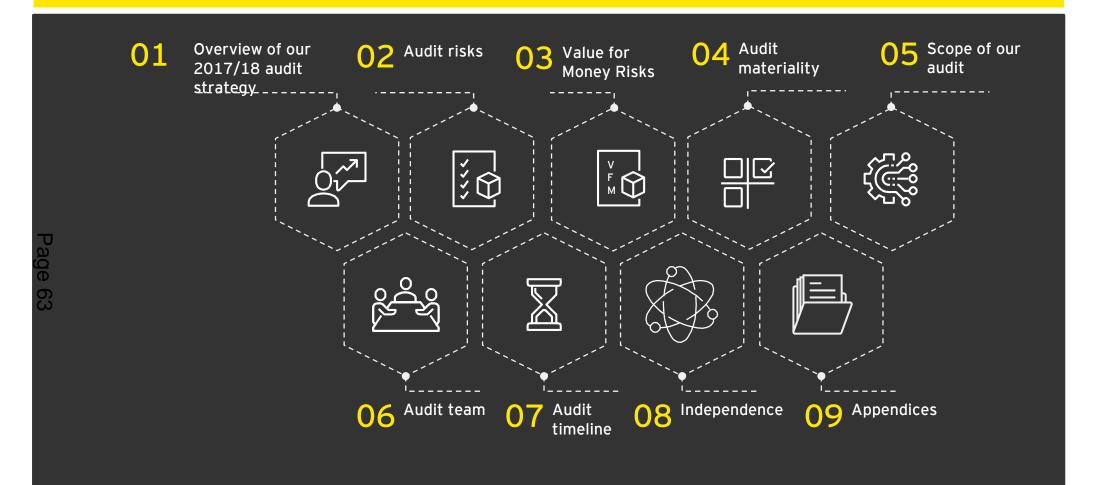
MARK HOBGSON

Mark Hodgson

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP

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Contents



In April 2015 Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from via the PSAA website (www.PSAA.co.uk). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment (updated February 2017)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee and management of Forest Heath District Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee and management of Forest Heath District Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee and management of Forest Heath District Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Overview of our 2017/18 audit strategy

The following 'dashboard' summarises the significant accounting and auditing matters outlined in this report. It seeks to provide you with an overview of our

Risk / area of focus	Risk identified	Change from PY	Details
Risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure recognition	Fraud risk	No change in risk or focus	Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition. One area susceptible to manipulation is the capitalisation of revenue expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment given the extent of the Council's Capital programme.
Misstatements due to fraud or error Page	Fraud risk	No change in risk or focus	As identified in ISA 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that would otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.
Orgoperty, Plant and Equipment - Solar Farm Valuation	Significant Risk	No change in risk or focus	In 2016/17 financial year the Council purchased Greenheath Energy Ltd and associated Solar Farm asset transferring the asset into the Council's Balance sheet. We identified this purchase and transfer as a significant risk during our 2016/17 financial statements audit, with particular focus on the valuation of the Solar Farm asset. The Council valued the Solar Farm asset utilising the income approach, specifically by capitalising the net income received over the six months leading up to the valuation date into perpetuity. Whilst we found that the Solar Farm asset's value of £14.15 million as at the 31 March 2017 was within a reasonable range (£14.02 to £15.28 million), the valuation methodology adopted by the Council contradicted industry valuation practices as reported in our 2016/17 Audit Results Report. The Council have engaged a new external expert for 2017/18 (Wilkes Head and Eve), to value the Council's asset base, as such there remains a risk that the valuation methodology used will not be appropriate and could lead to the asset being materially misstated.



Overview of our 2017/18 audit strategy

The following 'dashboard' summarises the significant accounting and auditing matters outlined in this report. It seeks to provide you with an overview of our

Risk / area of focus	Risk identified	Change from PY	Details
Property, Plant and Equipment	Other financial	No change in risk or focus	Property, Plant and Equipment represents a significant balance in the Council's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges.
Valuation	statement risk		Material judgemental inputs and estimation techniques are required to calculate the year-end fixed assets balances held in the balance sheet.
			The Council have engaged a new external expert for 2017/18 (Wilkes Head and Eve), to value the Councils asset base, who will apply a number of complex assumptions and assess the Councils assets to identify whether there is any indication of impairment and changes to their useful life.
P			ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.
Rensions Liability - S19	Other financial statement	No change in risk or focus	The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice (the code) and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) in which it is an admitted body.
. ,	risk		The Council's current pension fund deficit is a material and sensitive item and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet.
			The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Council by the actuary to the administering body.
			Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement.
			ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

Overview of our 2017/18 audit strategy

Materiality

Planning materiality

Performance materiality has been set at £0.809 million, which represents 75% of materiality.

£1.1m

Performance

£809k Audit

materiality

£54k

We will report all uncorrected misstatements relating to the primary statements (comprehensive income and expenditure statement, balance sheet, movement in reserves statement, cash flow statement and collection fund) greater than £54,000. Other misstatements identified will be communicated to the extent that they merit the attention of the Committee.

Audit scope

U

Bis Audit Plan covers the work that we plan to perform to provide you with:

Our audit opinion on whether the financial statements of Forest Heath District Council (the Council) give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 31 March 2018 and of the income and expenditure for the year then ended; and

Materiality has been set at £1.085 million, which represents 2% of the prior years gross expenditure on net cost of services.

Our conclusion on the Council's arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

We will also review and report to the National Audit Office (NAO), to the extent and in the form required by them, on the Council's Whole of Government Accounts return.

Our audit will also include the mandatory procedures that we are required to perform in accordance with applicable laws and auditing standards.

When planning the audit we take into account several key inputs:

- Strategic, operational and financial risks relevant to the financial statements;
- Developments in financial reporting and auditing standards;
- The quality of systems and processes;
- Changes in the business and regulatory environment; and,
- Management's views on all of the above.

By considering these inputs, our audit is focused on the areas that matter and our feedback is more likely to be relevant to the Council.



Audit risks

Our response to significant risks

We have set out the significant risks (including fraud risks) identified for the current year audit along with the rationale and expected audit approach. The risks identified below may change to reflect any significant findings or subsequent issues we identify during the audit.

Risk of fraud in revenue and expenditure recognition

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Management override

What is the risk?

Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

One area susceptible to manipulation is the capitalisation of revenue expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment given the extent of the Council's Capital programme.

What will we do?

Our approach will focus on:

- Review and discuss with management any accounting estimates on revenue or expenditure recognition for evidence of bias;
- Perform substantive testing over material revenue and expenditure streams:
- Review and test revenue cut-off at the period end date;
- Test the appropriateness of journals entries moving expenditure items from revenue codes to Capital codes; and
- Review capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment to ensure it meets the relevant accounting requirements to be capitalised.

What is the risk?

As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

What will we do?

- Testing the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements;
- Reviewing accounting estimates for evidence of management bias.
- Evaluating the business rationale for significant unusual transactions;
 and
- Review capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment to ensure it meets the relevant accounting requirements to be capitalised.

Our response to significant risks (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment - Solar Farm Valuation

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What is the risk?

In 2016/17 financial year the Council purchased Greenheath Energy Ltd and associated Solar Farm asset transferring the asset into the Council's Balance sheet. We identified this purchase and transfer as a significant risk during our 2016/17 financial statements audit, with particular focus on the valuation of the Solar Farm asset.

The Council valued the Solar Farm asset utilising the income approach, specifically by capitalising the net income received over the six months leading up to the valuation date into perpetuity. Whilst we found that the Solar Farm asset's value of £14.15 million as at the 31 March 2017 was within a reasonable range (£14.02 to £15.28 million), the valuation methodology adopted by the Council contradicted industry valuation practices as reported in our 2016/17 Audit Results Report.

The Council have engaged a new external expert for 2017/18 (Wilkes Head and Eve), to value the Council's asset base, as such there remains a risk that the valuation methodology used will not be appropriate and could lead to the asset being materially misstated.

What will we do?

- Review the information provided to the Council's Valuer as Management Expert (Wilkes Head and Eve);
- Undertake procedures to ensure that we can rely on the Valuer as management's expert;
- Employ our EY Real Estate team as our expert to review the assumptions and conclusions of Wilkes Head and Eve in relation to the valuation of the solar farm at the balance sheet date; and
- Review and test the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Council's financial statements in relation to Solar Farm asset.

Audit risks

Other areas of audit focus

We have identified other areas of the audit, that have not been classified as significant risks, but are still important when considering the risks of material misstatement to the financial statements and disclosures and therefore may be key audit matters we will include in our audit report.

What is the risk/area of focus?

Property, Plant and Equipment Valuation

Property, Plant and Equipment represents a significant balance in the Council's accounts and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges.

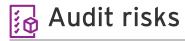
Material judgemental inputs and estimation techniques are required to calculate the year-end fixed assets balances held in the balance sheet.

The Council have engaged a new external expert for 2017/18 Wilkes Head and Eve), to value the Councils asset base, who will apply a number of complex assumptions and assess the Councils assets to identify whether there is any indication of impairment and changes to their useful life.

ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What will we do?

- Consider the work performed by the Council's valuers, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work;
- Sample testing key asset information used by the valuers in performing their valuation (e.g. floor plans to support valuations based on price per square metre); and agreeing this to what has been recorded in the GL.
- Consider the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code for PPE and annually for IP. We have also considered if there are any specific changes to assets that have occurred and that these have been communicated to the valuer;
- Review assets not subject to valuation in 2017/18 to confirm that the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- ▶ Consider changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation; and
- ▶ Test accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements



Other areas of audit focus - Continued

What is the risk/area of focus?

Pensions Liability - IAS19

The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) in which it is an admitted body.

The Council's current pension fund deficit is a material and sensitive item and the Code requires that this liability be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Council by the actuary to the administering body.

Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and integer entry.

ISAs (UK and Ireland) 500 and 540 require us to undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What will we do?

- Liaising with the auditors of the administering authority (Suffolk County Council), to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Forest Heath District Council;
- Assessing the conclusions drawn on the work of the actuary by the Consulting Actuary, PwC; and
- Reviewing and testing the accounting entries and disclosures made within the Council's financial statements in relation to IAS19.





Value for Money

Background

We are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. This is known as our value for money conclusion.

For 2017/18 this is based on the overall evaluation criterion:

"In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people"

Proper arrangements are defined by statutory guidance issued by the National Audit Office. They comprise your arrangements to:

Take informed decisions;

Deploy resources in a sustainable manner; and Work with partners and other third parties.

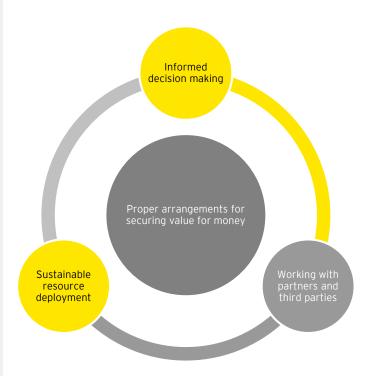
age= considering your proper arrangements, we will draw on the requirements of the CIPFA/SOLACE framework For local government to ensure that our assessment is made against a framework that you are already required to have in place and to report on through documents such as your annual governance statement.

We are only required to determine whether there are any risks that we consider significant, which the Code of Audit Practice defines as:

"A matter is significant if, in the auditor's professional view, it is reasonable to conclude that the matter would be of interest to the audited body or the wider public"

Our risk assessment supports the planning of sufficient work to enable us to deliver a safe conclusion on arrangements to secure value for money and enables us to determine the nature and extent of further work that may be required. If we do not identify any significant risks there is no requirement to carry out further work.

Our risk assessment has therefore considered both the potential financial impact of the issues we have identified, and also the likelihood that the issue will be of interest to local taxpayers, the Government and other stakeholders. This has resulted in the identification of two significant risks which we view as relevant to our value for money conclusion at this stage.





Value for Money

Value for Money Risks

What is the significant value for money risk?	What arrangements does the risk affect?	What will we do?
Single Council for West Suffolk Plans to create a new 'single council' have been approved by the respective Full Council and Cabinet's of both Forest Heath District Council and St Edmundsbury Borough Council. Following a joint application to the Secretary of State, DCLG has announced they are minded to implement the plan phich will see a parliamentary order being made to enable the change in 2019.	Take informed decisions.	 Our approach will focus on: The approval process for creation of a single Council; How the Council assessed the business case to ensure best value on the future financial and non-financial returns; The governance arrangements over any conflicts of interest; and The impact of the creation of a 'single council' on the Medium Term Financial Strategy.



₩ Audit materiality

Materiality

Materiality

For planning purposes, materiality for 2017/18 has been set at £1.08 million. This represents 2% of the Council's prior year gross expenditure on net Cost of Services. It will be reassessed throughout the audit process. We have provided supplemental information about audit materiality in Appendix D.



We request that the Committee confirm its understanding of, and agreement to, these materiality and reporting levels.

Key definitions

Planning materiality - the amount over which we anticipate misstatements would influence the economic decisions of a user of the financial statements.

Performance materiality - the amount we use to determine the extent of our audit procedures. We have set performance materiality at £0.809 million which represents 75% of planning materiality.

Audit difference threshold - we propose that misstatements identified below this threshold are deemed clearly trivial. We will report to you all uncorrected misstatements over this amount relating to the comprehensive income and expenditure statement, balance sheet, and collection fund that have an effect on income or that relate to other comprehensive income.

Other uncorrected misstatements, such as reclassifications and misstatements in the cashflow statement and movement in reserves statement or disclosures, and corrected misstatements will be communicated to the extent that they merit the attention of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, or are important from a qualitative perspective.

Specific materiality - We have set a materiality of £5,000 for remuneration disclosures , related party transactions, members' allowances and exit packages which reflects our understanding that an amount less than our materiality would influence the economic decisions of users of the financial statements in relation to this.



Our Audit Process and Strategy

Objective and Scope of our Audit scoping

Under the Code of Audit Practice our principal objectives are to review and report on the Council's financial statements and arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources to the extent required by the relevant legislation and the requirements of the Code.

We issue an audit report that covers:

1. Financial statement audit

Our objective is to form an opinion on the financial statements under International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We also perform other procedures as required by auditing, ethical and independence standards, the Code and other regulations. We outline below the procedures we —will undertake during the course of our audit.

$oldsymbol{\Phi}$ rocedures required by standards

Addressing the risk of fraud and error;

Significant disclosures included in the financial statements;

- Entity-wide controls;
- Reading other information contained in the financial statements and reporting whether it is inconsistent with our understanding and the financial statements; and
- · Auditor independence.

Procedures required by the Code

- Reviewing, and reporting on as appropriate, other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance; and
- Reviewing and reporting on the Whole of Government Accounts return, in line with the instructions issued by the NAO.

2. Arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness (value for money)

We are required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources.

Our Audit Process and Strategy (continued)

Audit Process Overview

Our audit involves:

- ► Identifying and understanding the key processes and internal controls; and
- Substantive tests of detail of transactions and amounts.

For 2017/18 we plan to follow a substantive approach to the audit as we have concluded this is the most efficient way to obtain the level of audit assurance required to conclude that the financial statements are not materially misstated.

Analytics:

we will use our computer-based analytics tools to enable us to capture whole populations of your financial data, in particular journal entries. These tools:

Help identify specific exceptions and anomalies which can then be subject to more traditional substantive audit tests; and

Give greater likelihood of identifying errors than random sampling techniques.

We will report the findings from our process and analytics work, including any significant weaknesses or inefficiencies identified and recommendations for improvement, to management and the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee.

Internal audit:

As in prior years, we will review internal audit plans and the results of their work. We will reflect the findings from these reports, together with reports from any other work completed in the year, in our detailed audit plan, where we raise issues that could have an impact on the year-end financial statements

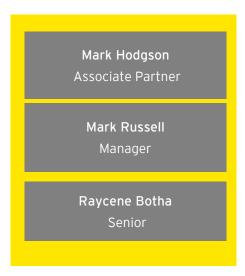




Audit team

Audit team structure:

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The engagement team is led by Mark Hodgson, who has significant experience on Local Authorities and their audits. Mark Hodgson is supported by Mark Russell who is responsible for the day-to-day direction of audit work and is the key point of contact for the finance team.



Use of specialists

• Our approach to the involvement of specialists, and the use of their work.

When auditing key judgements, we are often required to rely on the input and advice provided by specialists who have qualifications and expertise not possessed by the core audit team. The areas where either EY or third party specialists provide input for the current year audit are:

Area	Specialists
Property, Plant and Equipment, and Investment Properties	Management expert - valuation specialists (Wilkes, Head & Eves)
Pension valuations and disclosures	Management expert - actuarial specialists to the Suffolk Pension Fund (Hymans Robertson) EY Pensions Advisory, PwC (Consulting Actuary to the PSAA)
Feir value of financial instrument disclosure	Management expert - for the provision of fair value information in respect of financial instruments (Capita Asset Services)
Mational Domestic Rates Provision Oaluation	Management expert - valuation of the NDR provision (Wilkes, Head & Eves)

In accordance with Auditing Standards, we will evaluate each specialist's professional competence and objectivity, considering their qualifications, experience and available resources, together with the independence of the individuals performing the work.

We also consider the work performed by the specialist in light of our knowledge of the Council's business and processes and our assessment of audit risk in the particular area. For example, we would typically perform the following procedures:

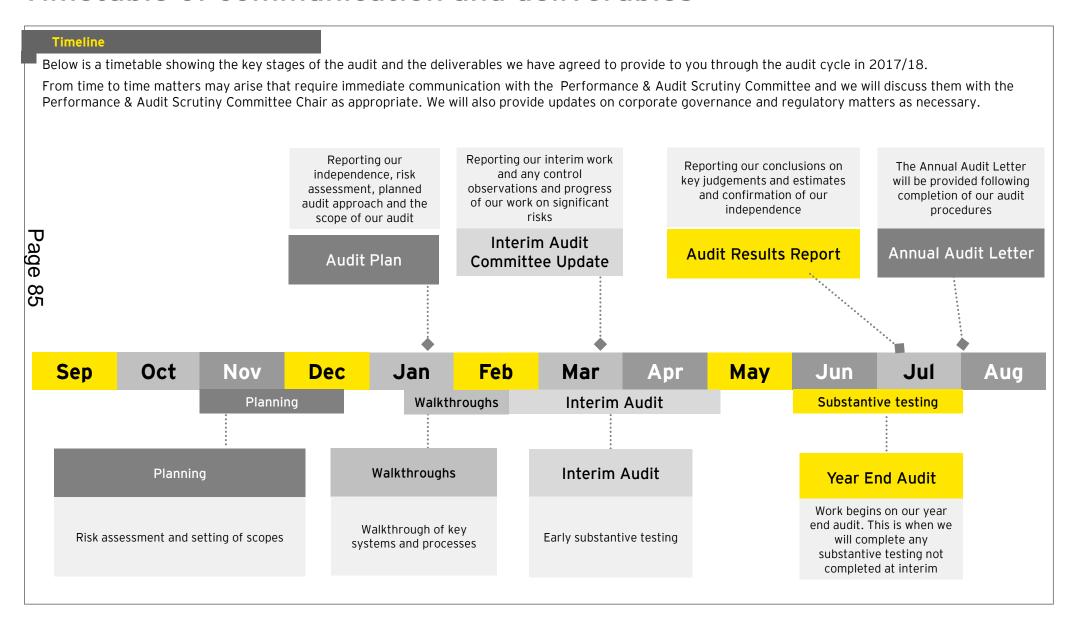
- Analyse source data and make inquiries as to the procedures used by the specialist to establish whether the source data is relevant and reliable;
- Assess the reasonableness of the assumptions and methods used;
- ► Consider the appropriateness of the timing of when the specialist carried out the work; and
- Assess whether the substance of the specialist's findings are properly reflected in the financial statements.





Audit timeline

Timetable of communication and deliverables







Introduction

The FRC Ethical Standard and ISA (UK) 260 "Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance", requires us to communicate with you on a timely basis on all significant facts and matters that bear upon our integrity, objectivity and independence. The Ethical Standard, as revised in June 2016, requires that we communicate formally both at the planning stage and at the conclusion of the audit, as well as during the course of the audit if appropriate. The aim of these communications is to ensure full and fair disclosure by us to those charged with your governance on matters in which you have an interest.

Required communications

Planning stage

- The principal threats, if any, to objectivity and independence identified by Ernst & Young (EY) including consideration of all relationships between you, your affiliates and directors and us;
- The safeguards adopted and the reasons why they are considered to be effective, including any Engagement Quality review;

The overall assessment of threats and safeguards; Information about the general policies and process within EY to maintain objectivity and independence.

Final stage

- A written disclosure of relationships (including the provision of non-audit services) that may bear on our integrity, objectivity and independence. This is required to have regard to relationships with the entity, its directors and senior management, its affiliates, and its connected parties and the threats to integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence that these create. We are also required to disclose any safeguards that we have put in place and why they address such threats, together with any other information necessary to enable our objectivity and independence to be assessed;
- Details of non-audit services provided and the fees charged in relation thereto;
- Written confirmation that the firm and each covered person is independent and, if applicable, that any non-EY firms used in the group audit or external experts used have confirmed their independence to us;
- Written confirmation that all covered persons are independent;
- Details of any inconsistencies between FRC Ethical Standard and your policy for the supply of non-audit services by EY and any apparent breach of that policy;
- Details of any contingent fee arrangements for non-audit services provided by us or our network firms;
 and
- ▶ An opportunity to discuss auditor independence issues.

In addition, during the course of the audit, we are required to communicate with you whenever any significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place, for example, when accepting an engagement to provide non-audit services.

We also provide information on any contingent fee arrangements , the amounts of any future services that have been contracted, and details of any written proposal to provide non-audit services that has been submitted;

We ensure that the total amount of fees that EY and our network firms have charged to you and your affiliates for the provision of services during the reporting period, analysed in appropriate categories, are disclosed.



Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

We highlight the following significant facts and matters that may be reasonably considered to bear upon our objectivity and independence, including the principal threats, if any. We have adopted the safeguards noted below to mitigate these threats along with the reasons why they are considered to be effective.

Overall Assessment

Overall, we consider that the safeguards that have been adopted appropriately mitigate the principal threats identified and we therefore confirm that EY is independent and the objectivity and independence of Mark Hodgson, your audit engagement partner and the audit engagement team have not been compromised.

Self interest threats

A self interest threat arises when EY has financial or other interests in the Council. Examples include where we receive significant fees in respect of non-audit services; where we need to recover long outstanding fees; or where we enter into a business relationship with the Council. At the time of writing, there are no long outstanding fees.

🕦 believe that it is appropriate for us to undertake permissible non-audit services and we will comply with the policies that you have approved.

Self interest threat may also arise if members of our audit engagement team have objectives or are rewarded in relation to sales of non-audit services to you. We offirm that no member of our audit engagement team, including those from other service lines, has objectives or is rewarded in relation to sales to you, in compliance thical Standard part 4.

There are no other self interest threats at the date of this report.

Self review threats

Self review threats arise when the results of a non-audit service performed by EY or others within the EY network are reflected in the amounts included or disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no self review threats at the date of this report.

Management threats

Partners and employees of EY are prohibited from taking decisions on behalf of management of the Council. Management threats may also arise during the provision of a non-audit service in relation to which management is required to make judgements or decision based on that work.

There are no management threats at the date of this report

Other threats

Other threats, such as advocacy, familiarity or intimidation, may arise.

There are no other threats at the date of this report.

Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2017

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year ended 1 July 2017 and can be found here:

http://www.ey.com/uk/en/about-us/ey-uk-transparency-report-2017

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Appendix A

Fees

The duty to prescribe fees is a statutory function delegated to Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) by the Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government.

PSAA has published a scale fee for all relevant bodies. This is defined as the fee required by auditors to meet statutory responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in accordance with the NAO Code.

	Planned fee 2017/18	Scale fee 2017/18	Final Fee 2016/17
	£'s	£'s	£'s
Total Fee - Code work	47,059*	47,059	56,309
Total audit	47,059	47,059	56,309
The result of th	12,442	12,442	15,202
Total other non-audit services	12,442	12,442	15,202
Total fees	59,501	59,501	71,511

All fees exclude VAT

*Note 1 - Audit Fee - 2017/18 Code work.

The planned fee does not include any additional audit costs associated with the valuation of the Council's Solar Farm asset. As set out in the audit risks section (page 10), we will need to use our own valuation expert to review the approach and methodology taken by the Council's Management Expert in valuing this asset.

We will perform the necessary work required for opinion purposes and agree the fee variation with the Head of Resources and Performance and report it within our Audit Results Report. The Scale Fee Variation will also be approved by Public Sector Audit Ltd (PSAA).

The agreed fee presented is based on the following assumptions:

- ▶ Officers meeting the agreed timetable of deliverables;
- ► Our accounts opinion and value for money conclusion being unqualified;
- ▶ Appropriate quality of documentation is provided by the Council; and
- ► The Council has an effective control environment.

If any of the above assumptions prove to be unfounded, we will seek a variation to the agreed fee. This will be discussed with the Council in advance.

Fees for the auditor's consideration of correspondence from the public and formal objections will be charged in addition to the scale fee.



Regulatory update

In previous reports to the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee, we highlighted the issue of regulatory developments. The following table summarises progress on implementation:

Earlier deadline for production an	d audit of the financial statements from 2017/18
Proposed effective date	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2017.
Patails age 92	The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 introduced a significant change in statutory deadlines from the 2017/18 financial year. From that year the timetable for the preparation and approval of accounts will be brought forward with draft accounts needing to be prepared by 31 May and the publication of the audited accounts by 31 July.
Impact on Forest Heath District Council	These changes provide challenges for both the preparers and the auditors of the financial statements.
Council	We held a faster close workshop for clients in November 2017 to facilitate early discussion and sharing of ideas and good practice.
	We are now working with the Council on ideas coming from the workshop, for example:
	Streamlining the Statement of Accounts removing all non-material disclosure notes;
	 Bringing forward the commissioning and production of key externally provided information such as IAS 19 pension information, asset valuations;
	Providing training to departmental finance staff regarding the requirements and implications of earlier closedown;
	 Re-ordering tasks from year-end to monthly/quarterly timing, reducing year-end pressure; Establishing and agreeing working materiality amounts with the auditors.



Required communications with the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee

We have detailed the communications that we must provide to the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee.		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies.
ချာning and audit နာproach ယ	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified. When communicating key audit matters this includes the most significant risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) including those that have the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team	Audit planning report-31 January 2018
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Audit Results Report



Required communications with the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	Audit Results Report
(P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P)	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Corrected misstatements that are significant Material misstatements corrected by management 	Audit Results Report
Fraud	 Enquiries of Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist A discussion of any other matters related to fraud 	Audit Results Report
Related parties	 Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity 	Audit Results Report

Our Reporting to you



Required communications with the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee (continued)

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Independence Page	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity	Audit Planning Report and Audit Results Report
ge	and independence	
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures 	Audit Results Report
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Audit findings regarding non-compliance where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional. This communication is subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off Enquiry of the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee may be aware of. 	Audit Results Report
Internal controls	► Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	Annual Audit Letter/Audit Results Report



Required communications with the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee (continued)

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Representations	Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	Audit Results Report
Material inconsistencies and misstatements	Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Audit Results Report
Additors report	 Key audit matters that we will include in our auditor's report Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	Audit Results Report
Fee Reporting	 Breakdown of fee information when the audit plan is agreed Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit Any non-audit work 	Audit planning report Audit Results Report
Certification work	Summary of certification work undertaken	Certification report

Additional audit information

Other required procedures during the course of the audit

In addition to the key areas of audit focus outlined in section 2, we have to perform other procedures as required by auditing, ethical and independence standards and other regulations. We outline the procedures below that we will undertake during the course of our audit.

Our responsibilities required by auditing standards

- Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Dbtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.
- Evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Concluding on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting.
- Evaluating the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Council to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Reading other information contained in the financial statements, including the board's statement that the annual report is fair, balanced and understandable,
- ► The Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee reporting appropriately addresses matters communicated by us to the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee
- ▶ and reporting whether it is materially inconsistent with our understanding and the financial statements; and
- Maintaining auditor independence.

age 97



Additional audit information (continued)

Purpose and evaluation of materiality

For the purposes of determining whether the accounts are free from material error, we define materiality as the magnitude of an omission or misstatement that, individually or in the aggregate, in light of the surrounding circumstances, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of the users of the financial statements. Our evaluation of it requires professional judgement and necessarily takes into account qualitative as well as quantitative considerations implicit in the definition. We would be happy to discuss with you your expectations regarding our detection of misstatements in the financial statements.

Materiality determines:

The level of work performed on individual account balances and financial statement disclosures.

The amount we consider material at the end of the audit may differ from our initial determination. At this stage, however, it is not feasible to anticipate all of the comment about materiality. At the end of the audit we will form our final opinion by reference to all matters that could significant to users of the accounts, including the total effect of the audit misstatements we identify, and our evaluation of materiality at that date.

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Financial Per (Revenue an Quarter 3 – 2	-	
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/006		
Report to and dates:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018		
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: Stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk		
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk		
Purpose of report:	This report sets out the Financial Performance for the third quarter of 2017-18 and forecasted outturn position for 2017-18.		
Recommendation:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee:		
	Members are requested to <u>note</u> the year end forecast financial position and forward any relevant issues or comments to Cabinet for their consideration.		
Key Decision: (Check the appropriate box and delete all those that do not apply.)	Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which definition? Yes, it is a Key Decision - □ No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠		

Alternative option(s): • In a its suff		en complied by the sultation with the ders, services and Le counce strategic priorities	il to be able to meet it is essential that propriate financial	
Implications:			T.,	
Are there any final If yes, please give	•	tions?	Yes ⊠ No □ • As set out in the body of this report.	
Are there any staff		ions?	Yes □ No ⊠	
If yes, please give			•	
Are there any ICT		' If	Yes □ No ⊠	
yes, please give de			•	
Are there any lega	•	-	Yes □ No ⊠	
implications? If yes	, piease give	1		the body of this
details	. lit us imamlisest	ione?	report.	
Are there any equa If yes, please give		10115?	Yes □ No ⊠	
Risk/opportunity		t:	(potential hazards or opportunities affecting corporate, service or project objectives)	
Risk area	Inherent let risk (before controls)		Controls	Residual risk (after controls)
	Low/Medium/	High*		Low/Medium/ High*
Budget variances	High		Clear responsibilities for budget monitoring and control ensure that there is strong accountability for each individual budget line. Budget monitoring is undertaken on a monthly basis with budget holders and reported to Leadership Team quarterly.	Low
Wider economic situation around income levels Capital investment	High		Budgets reflect the economic situation facing the Council, and have been scrutinised by officers and members at budget setting time. Continue to monitor areas closely to ensure assumptions remain reasonable. Prudential Indicators	Medium
plans continue to be affordable, prudent and sustainable			are in place to safeguard the Council	

		т	
Treasury Management	Medium	Treasury	Low
		Management Policy	
		and Procedures are	
		in place	
Fluctuation in	High	Work with ARP to	Medium
Business rate		understand the	
retention yield		variance to deliver a	
		realistic forecast.	
Ward(s) affected	:	All Ward	
Background pape	rs:	Budget and Co	uncil Tax Setting
(all background p	papers are to be	2017/2018 and	Medium Term
published on the	website and a link	Financial Strategy	2017-2021 (Report
included)		No: COU/FH/17/00	` .
"Teraded"			•
		•	cy.westsuffolk.gov.
		uk/mgAi.aspx?ID	=10399
Documents attack	hed:	Appendix A -	Revenue budget
		The policies Ti	
		summary, for th	ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017.	ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Recompany	ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Recompany	ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Recompany	ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Refor the period Apri	venue budget detail, I to December 2017.
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Refor the period April	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. Capital budget
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B - Region for the period Aprilation C summary, for the period the summary is the period that the period tha	venue budget detail, I to December 2017.
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Refor the period April	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. Capital budget
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Refor the period Apri Appendix C – summary, for the December 2017.	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. Capital budget ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B - Region the period Aprilation Command Com	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. Capital budget
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B – Refor the period Apri Appendix C – summary, for the December 2017.	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. Capital budget ne period April to
		summary, for the December 2017. Appendix B - Region the period Aprilation Command Com	venue budget detail, I to December 2017. - Capital budget ne period April to

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

1.1 Key Issues

- 1.1.1 This is the third quarter financial monitoring report for Forest Heath District Council; which includes year end forecast outturn figures for large variance items we are aware of. We will continue to monitor the position throughout the year and will update members on any change to this position at the next PASC meeting.
- 1.1.2 Details of the Council's revenue performance and year end forecasted outturn position can be found in **Appendix A** and **B.** Explanations of the main year end forecast over/(under) spends can be found in the table at 1.2.3.
- 1.1.3 The Council's capital financial position is summarised below at 1.3. Further details are provided in **Appendix C**.
- 1.1.4 A summary of the earmarked reserves can be found at **Appendix D** along with the forecast year end position for 2017/18. This appendix is to be considered in the context of the planned medium term reserve position as agreed as part of the Budget and Council Tax 2017/18 setting report in February 2017 (Report No: COU/FH/17/005), specifically attachment D, appendix 3 Reserves.

1.2 **Revenue Performance**

- 1.2.1 The current forecast position for the year end is expected to be on budget. Explanations of the main year end forecast over / (under) spends can be found in the table at 1.2.3 below.
- 1.2.2 Members are requested to note the current position and the significant variances as outlined in the paragraphs below.
 - Budget holders will continue to work with Resources Business Partners and Business Support Advisors and the final outturn position will be provided to this committee at the end of the financial year.
- 1.2.3 Year end forecast variances over £25,000 are explained in the following table.

Year end forecast variance: Over / (under) spend £000s	Explanation
108	Non-Distributed Costs: The forecast includes Forest Heath's share of the Pension Capital Costs payment in respect of ill health retirement contributions (over and above our annual allowance – linked to our current pension contribution rates) under the local government pension scheme rules.
	This is a one-off cost that we are accommodating within the overall budget position.

Year end forecast variance: Over / (under) spend £000s	Explanation
46	Democratic Services: The Forecast includes Forest Heath's share of the additional costs to be incurred as a result of the General Data Protection Regulation requirements. £30k has therefore been included in the base costs, with an additional £30k transferred to reserves in respect of 2018/19. We are currently assuming that we will be able to accommodate these additional costs within the overall budget position as reported to Cabinet in October 2017.
(27)	Policy: The staff saving represents a combination of a vacancy in the projects team which will be filled in the new year, once the wider review of resourcing is complete and a secondment of a part time member of staff to fill a full time post.
48	Building Control: This variance is primarily due to a forecasted underachievement of fee income. Fee income is being closely monitored during 2017/18. The assumptions around income going forward, based upon the council's market share and the team's capacity are being considered as part of the budget setting process.
32	Environmental Management: Underachievement of fee income currently forecasted. This is due to timing differences in the rollout of the Community Energy Plan (see also appendix C, Capital Programme). Solar for business income is being closely monitored during 2017/18 in line with recent Capital investment with regard to budget assumptions going forward.
Year end	Explanation

forecast variance: Over / (under) spend £000s	
	Compostable Collection (Brown Bins):
	We are currently in year two of a three year transitional period for the introduction of the subscription-based garden waste collection service.
(107)	Take-up of the service has continued to be strong and it is performing well. Budgets for the scheme were prudent and performance is currently well under the levels set. There is an aspiration that it can ultimately be fully cost neutral (ie. only those that use it, pay for it) and whilst this isn't yet the case, we are working towards this outcome for the future.
	This cost centre currently includes a £40k transfer to the Invest to Save Reserve, representing one third of the projected year end position. This reflects the three year nature of the Garden Waste Scheme, and is prudent in terms of the future cost sharing arrangements.
	Industrial and Business Units:
(45)	Rental income is currently forecast to exceed budget, and in addition there is a forecast underspend on landlord costs as a result of better occupancy than anticipated.

1.3 Capital Position

1.3.1 The following table gives a high level summary of capital expenditure against budget for 2017/18. Further details by capital project can be found at **Appendix C**.

1.3.2

The Resources Team will continue to work with Budget Holders to monitor capital spend and project progress closely for the remainder of the financial year and an

updated position will be presented to this committee on a quarterly basis.

Assistant Director	2017/18 Revised Full Year Budget	2017/18 Actual Spend to Date	2017/18 Forecast Spend	2017/18 External Grant Funded	2017/18 Carried Forward	2017/18 Forecast Over / (under) Spend
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Resources & Performance	3,782	216	216	216	3,782	0
Human Resources, Legal & Democratic	14	0	14	0	0	0
Families & Communities	441	50	50	0	391	0
Planning & Regulatory	2,002	478	813	191	1,381	0
Operations	3,970	195	1,942	33	2,101	40
Growth	10,500	0	0	0	10,500	0
Totals:	20,709	939	3,035	440	18,155	40

Forest Heath District Council Appendix A

Summary by Assistant Director 2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

A	ssistant Director	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £
R	esources & Performance	(3,480,224)	17,451,374	(23,169,143)	(5,717,769)	17,164,293	(22,523,372)	(5,359,079)	358,690	3.58%	124,491
	uman Resources, Legal & Democratic	953,734	908,171	(160,984)	747,188	955,169	(166,515)	788,654	41,466	6.12%	58,367
ש פ	amilies & Communities	1,123,974	1,175,954	(219,160)	956,793	1,204,895	(337,187)	867,708	(89,085)	3.19%	(35,804)
20 P	lanning & Regulatory	(775,702)	1,259,097	(1,971,941)	(712,844)	1,101,674	(1,891,691)	(790,018)	(77,174)	8.47%	65,697
105	perations	941,245	6,271,059	(5,413,409)	857,650	6,218,712	(5,613,528)	605,183	(252,467)	18.18%	(171,075)
<u>.</u> الح	rowth	750,903	860,924	(263,421)	597,503	924,367	(392,579)	531,789	(65,714)	5.55%	(41,676)
Т	OTALS:	(486,070)	27,926,579	(31,198,058)	(3,271,479)	27,569,110	(30,924,872)	(3,355,763)	(84,284)	0.00%	0
lı	nterest Receivable	(181,000)	0	(135,747)	(135,747)	0	(90,909)	(90,909)	44,838	41.22%	74,601
<u>lı</u>	nterest Payable	509,100	339,417	0	339,417	84,568	0	84,568	(254,849)	66.69%	(339,500)
	Inimum Revenue Provision and other Capital inancing	157,969	0	(290,610)	(290,610)	0	0	0	290,610	167.69%	264,899
Т	OTALS:	(1)	28,265,996	(31,624,415)	(3,358,419)	27,653,678	(31,015,781)	(3,362,104)	(3,685)		0

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Detail by Assistant Director

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ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - RESOURCES & PERFORMANCE

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Description & Desferonce	205 505	204.220	(700)	202 520	205.664	(4.450)	204 505	(10.024)	0.00%		
Resources & Performance General Fund Adjustments	396,606 (5,597,939)	304,229 3,654,020	(700)	303,529	285,664 3,654,019	(1,158)	284,505 (7,413,656)	(19,024) (86,196)	0.00%	22	
General Fund Adjustments	(3,337,333)	3,034,020	(10,361,460)	(7,327,400)	3,034,013	(11,007,073)	(7,413,030)	(80,130)	0.0076		
Resources & Performance:	(5,201,333)	3,958,249	(10,982,180)	(7,023,931)	3,939,683	(11,068,833)	(7,129,151)	(105,220)	0.00%	22	
Internal Audit	66,816	55,027	(3,546)	51,481	56,852	0	56,852	5,371	3.58%	2,392	
Internal Audit:	66,816	55,027	(3,546)	51,481	56,852	0	56,852	5,371	3.58%	2,392	
				,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		,	
ICT	495,649	499,975	(124,040)	375,935	499,257	(166,946)	332,310	(43,625)	0.70%	(3,452)	
ICT:	495,649	499,975	(124,040)	375,935	499,257	(166,946)	332,310	(43,625)	0.70%	(3,452)	
Anglia Revenues Partnership	891,211	669,217	0	669,217	731,603	(61,015)	670,589	1,372	0.00%	0	
Council Tax Administration	(189,386)	747	(158,272)	(157,525)	1,053	(169,992)	(168,939)	(11,414)	3.96%	7,499	
Business Rate Administration	(95,100)	747	(72,072)	(71,325)	1,052	(94,348)	(93,296)	(21,971)	1.65%	1,572	
Housing Benefits	(311,281)	11,487,079	(11,729,448)	(242,369)	10,757,550	(10,811,661)	(54,110)	188,259	0.38%	1,184	
Anglia Revenues Partnership:	295,444	12,157,790	(11,959,792)	197,998	11,491,258	(11,137,016)	354,244	156,246	3.47%	10,255	
Corporate Expenditure	844,189	761,322	(99,585)	661,737	1,049,493	(150,577)	898,916	237,179	0.77%	6,535	
Non-Distributed Costs	0	0	0	0	108,402	0	108,402	108,402	0.00%	108,402	This forecast includes the council's share of the Pension Capital Costs payment in respect of ill health retirement contributions (over and above our annual allowance – linked to our current pension contribution rates) under the local government pension scheme rules.
Company to Firm and the way	044.400	764 222	(00 505)	664 707	4.457.005	(450 577)	4 007 040	247 706	13.62%	444.00=	
Corporate Expenditure:	844,189	761,322	(99,585)	661,737	1,157,895	(150,577)	1,007,318	345,581	13.02%	114,937	
Emergency Planning	19,011	19,011	0	19,011	19,348	0	19,348	337	1.77%	337	
Emergency Planning:	19,011	19,011	0	19,011	19,348	0	19,348	337	1.77%	337	
TOTALS: RESOURCES & PERFORMANCE	(3,480,224)	17,451,374	(23,169,143)	(5,717,769)	17,164,293	(22,523,372)	(5,359,079)	358,690	3.58%	124,491	

Detail by Assistant Director 2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - HUMAN RESOURCES, LEGAL & DEMOCRATIC SERVICES

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Human Resources & Payroll	277,830	260,454	(37,772)	222,682	219,164	(37,784)	181,380	(41,302)	1.54%	4,274	
Human Resources:	277,830	260,454	(37,772)	222,682	219,164	(37,784)	181,380	(41,302)	1.54%	4,274	
Health & Safety	56,684	43,950	(1,350)	42,600	42,087	(3,567)	38,520	(4,080)	5.09%	(2,888)	
Health & Safety:	56,684	43,950	(1,350)	42,600	42,087	(3,567)	38,520	(4,080)	5.09%	(2,888)	
Central Training Services	77,009	58,125	(603)	57,522	38,854	(602)	38,252	(19,270)	8.13%	(6,262)	
Learning & Development:	77,009	58,125	(603)	57,522	38,854	(602)	38,252	(19,270)	8.13%	(6,262)	
Legal Services	124,690	214,886	(120,125)	94,762	241,381	(103,134)	138,247	43,485	8.66%	10,794	
Legal Services:	124,690	214,886	(120,125)	94,762	241,381	(103,134)	138,247	43,485	8.66%	10,794	
Democratic Services	110,407	83,656	0	83,656	86,866	0	86,866	3,210	41.45%	45,762	The forecast overspend includes the council's share of additional costs to be incurred as a result of the General Data Protection Regulation requirements.
Members Allowances & Expenses	211,550	158,773	0	158,773	164,941	0	164,941	6,168	2.32%	4,918	
Mayoralty & Civic Functions	9,713	7,494	0	7,494	3,127	(400)	2,727	(4,767)	41.32%	(4,013)	
Democratic Services:	331,670	249,923	0	249,923	254,934	(400)	254,534	4,611	14.07%	46,667	
Electoral Registration	89,151	68,833	(1,134)	67,699	145,661	(21,028)	124,633	56,934	6.49%	5,782	
Election Expenses	(3,300)	12,000	0	12,000	13,088	0	13,088	1,088	0.00%	0	
Elections:	85,851	80,833	(1,134)	79,699	158,749	(21,028)	137,721	58,022	6.73%	5,782	
TOTALS: HR, LEGAL & DEMOCRATIC	953,734	908,171	(160,984)	747,188	955,169	(166,515)	788,654	41,466	6.12%	58,367	

Detail by Assistant Director 2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Policy	129,781	101,589	0	101,589	70,528	0	70,528	(31,061)	20.86%	(27,069)	The staff saving represents a combination of a vacancy in the projects team which will be filled in the new year, once the wider review of resourcing is complete and a secondment of a part time member of staff to fill a full time post.
Policy:	129,781	101,589	0	101,589	70,528	0	70,528	(31,061)	20.86%	(27,069)	
roncy.	123,761	101,383	· ·	101,383	70,328	U	70,328	(31,001)		(27,003)	
Communications	74,887	57,794	0	57,794	55,934	0	55,934	(1,860)	2.86%	2,141	
Website and Intranet	21,475	18,215	0	18,215	13,608	0	13,608	(4,607)	8.37%	(1,797)	
Communications:	96,362	76 000	0	76,009	69,542	0	69,542	(6,467)	0.36%	344	
Communications:	90,302	76,009	U	76,009	09,542	U	69,542	(6,467)	0.3070	344	
Customer Services	342,489	273,106	0	273,106	289,003	0	289,003	15,897	3.46%	11,861	Overspend mainly relates to Staffing costs.
Bus Stations	45,836	47,748	(9,927)	37,820	42,577	(2,338)	40,239	2,419	5.38%	2,465	
Customer Services:	388,325	320,854	(9,927)	310,926	331,580	(2,338)	329,242	18,316	3.69%	14,326	
Families & Communities	176,357	155,384	(21,060)	134,324	124,198	(4,464)	119,735	(14,589)	6.04%	(10,649)	Forecast underspend on staffing costs arising from changes to working patterns and staff vacancies.
Community Chest - Families & Communities	89,750	261,804	(172,054)	89,750	208,764	(123,015)	85,748	(4,002)	0.00%	0	
Health, Culture & Arts	10,000	7,497	0	7,497	4,467	0	4,467	(3,030)	0.00%	0	
Community Centres	2,870	2,870	0	2,870	5,580	(2,518)	3,063	193	6.72%	193	
Families & Communities:	278,977	427,555	(193,114)	234,441	343,009	(129,997)	213,013	(21,428)	3.75%	(10,456)	
			/F 400		400.000	/4.4.000		ter	2 7251	/a a	
Housing Options: Choice Based Lettings	54,108	62,328	(5,103)	57,225	186,205	(144,399)	41,806	(15,419)	3.72%	(2,013)	
Housing Options: Advice & Prevention	124,053	146,727	(11,016)	135,711	173,008	(58,111)	114,896	(20,815)	0.17%	(205)	
Housing Options: Solutions	52,368	40,892	0	40,892	30,999	(2,342)	28,657	(12,235)	20.49%	(10,731)	Underspend arising from Staffing Vacancies.
Housing Options: Severe Weather Emergency Provision (SV	0	0	0	0	24	0	24	24	0.00%	0	
Housing Options:	230,529	249,947	(16,119)	233,828	390,236	(204,852)	185,383	(48,445)	5.62%	(12,949)	
TOTALS: FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES	1,123,974	1,175,954	-219,160	956,793	1,204,895	-337,187	867,708	-89,085	3.19%	-35,804	

2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

Detail by Assistant Director

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ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - PLANNING & REGULATORY SERVICES

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Development Control	(251,117)	332,351	(517,878)	(185,527)	312,124	(476,565)	(164,441)	21,086	9.41%	23,628	Planning application fees expected to be down on budget.
Development Control:	(251,117)	332,351	(517,878)	(185,527)	312,124	(476,565)	(164,441)	21,086	9.41%	23,628	
Land Charges	(41,578)	38,759	(83,250)	(44,491)	25,977	(85,293)	(59,316)	(14,825)	57.27%	(23,812)	Land Charges income exceeding budget
Building Control	(31,533)	101,535	(130,169)	(28,634)	97,280	(86,692)	10,588	39,222	152.99%	48,241	Fee income/Energy Assessments currently expected to underachieve by £45k. Budget under review.
Planning & Regulatory Support	173,349	131,909	0	131,909	144,117	0	144,117	12,208	10.07%	17,455	
Business (BC & Support):	100,238	272,203	(213,419)	58,784	267,374	(171,985)	95,389	36,605	41.78%	41,884	
		,		,	,		,	,		,	
Prevention of Pollution	27,654	27,858	(7,290)	20,568	23,488	(6,318)	17,170	(3,398)	7.61%	2,104	
Environmental Management	(47,975)	24,607	(60,300)	(35,693)	25,654	(21,337)	4,317	40,010	65.96%	31,643	Solar for business income currently expected to underachieve by £30k due to lower Capital investment than previously assumed.
Drinking Water Quality	23,822	18,430	(252)	18,178	17,769	(5,177)	12,592	(5,586)	27.51%	(6,554)	
Climate Change	21,953	19,679	0	19,679	21,419	0	21,419	1,740	10.32%	2,265	
Solar Farm	(921,000)	238,453	(1,053,000)	(814,547)	137,974	(1,082,903)	(944,929)	(130,382)	0.00%	0	
Home Energy Conservation	3,508	4,653	(2,034)	2,619	4,242	0	4,242	1,623	65.42%	2,295	
Environment:	(892,038)	333,680	(1,122,876)	(789,196)	230,546	(1,115,735)	(885,189)	(95,993)	3.56%	31,753	
Licensing	(7,226)	67,484	(71,505)	(4,021)	69,809	(78,514)	(8,705)	(4,684)	11.64%	841	
Hackney Carriage & Private Hire Licensing	(50,895)	1,782	(39,951)	(38,169)	1,699	(43,538)	(41,839)	(3,670)	4.94%	(2,513)	
Food Safety	64,595	50,692	(2,328)	48,364	38,434	(156)	38,278	(10,086)	15.94%	(10,296)	
Health & Safety at Work Act/Enforcement	47,499	37,683	(1,950)	35,733	36,729	0	36,729	996	3.27%	(1,553)	
Business Reg & Licensing:	53,973	157,641	(115,734)	41,907	146,671	(122,208)	24,463	(17,444)	25.05%	(13,521)	
Housing Renewals	77,413	58,652	(144)	58,508	43,928	(149)	43,778	(14,730)	9.74%	(7,542)	
Burial of the Dead	9,736	7,108	(27)	7,081	43,928 8,403	178	43,778 8,581	1,500	9.74% 12.29%	(7,542) 1,197	
Other Public Health Services	126,093	97,462	(1,863)	95,599	92,628	(5,227)	87,401	(8,198)	9.28%	(11,702)	
Public Health & Housing:	213,242	163,222	(2,034)	161,188	144,959	(5,198)	139,760	(21,428)	8.46%	(18,047)	
TOTALS: PLANNING	-775,702	1,259,097	-1,971,941	-712,844	1,101,674	-1,891,691	-790,018	-77,174	8.47%	65,697	

Detail by Assistant Director

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ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - OPERATIONS

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Pool Cars	516	516	0	516	513	0	513	(3)	0.58%	(3)	
Vehicle Workshop Trading Account - FHDC	0	0	0	0	2,897	0	2,897	2,897	0.00%	0	
Fleet Management:	516	516	0	516	3,410	0	3,410	2,894	0.58%	(3)	
Depots	(38,230)	62,371	(106,425)	(44,054)	55,265	(115,773)	(60,507)	(16,453)	2.71%	1,035	
Grounds Maintenance Operatives	354	177	0	177	31,752	197	31,948	31,771	6757.63%	23,922	
Waste & Cleansing Operatives	(33,443)	1,251,667	(1,575,238)	(323,571)	1,310,747	(1,574,680)	(263,933)	59,638	11.60%	3,879	
Markets	71,007	93,007	(20,511)	72,496	92,507	(14,625)	77,882	5,386	3.06%	2,172	
Operational:	(312)	1,407,222	(1,702,174)	(294,952)	1,490,271	(1,704,881)	(214,610)	80,342	9938.46%	31,008	
Street Cleansing	603,738	542,065	(5,031)	537,034	487,842	3,040	490,882	(46,152)	1.89%	11,420	
Refuse Collection (Black Bin)	421,839	413,243	(8,982)	404,261	419,415	0	419,415	15,154	5.71%	24,076	Staffing costs forecast to be £12k over budget, and Fee income £12k short of budget.
Recycling Collection (Blue Bin)	348,478	425,790	(73,264)	352,526	412,894	(98,690)	314,204	(38,322)	4.53%	(15,781)	Includes £40k transfer to the Invest to Save Reserve.
Compostable Collection (Brown Bin)	100,587	471,964	(410,670)	61,294	268,565	(500,985)	(232,421)	(293,715)	106.10%	(106,726)	Includes £40k transfer to the Invest to Save Reserve.
Bulky, Fridges, Metal & Scrap Collection	40,662	54,230	(12,771)	41,459	56,638	(23,251)	33,388	(8,071)	24.93%	(10,137)	
Clinical & Hazardous Waste Collection	4,191	3,897	(765)	3,132	6,548	(306)	6,242	3,110	77.24%	3,237	
Multi-Bank Recycling Sites	(37,153)	22,407	(45,364)	(22,957)	13,166	(40,481)	(27,316)	(4,359)	32.20%	(11,964)	
Trade Waste	(83,174)	296,007	(467,334)	(171,327)	339,267	(519,753)	(180,486)	(9,159)	26.52%	(22,059)	Income exceeding budgeted levels.
Waste - Business & Commercial	1,399,168	2,229,603	(1,024,181)	1,205,422	2,004,335	(1,180,426)	823,908	(381,514)	9.14%	(127,934)	
Non-HRA Housing Properties	10,875	26,775	(14,742)	12,033	17,119	(6,991)	10,128	(1,905)	15.25%	(1,658)	
Property Services	328,467	249,517	(2,421)	247,096	246,799	(2,687)	244,112		3.12%	(10,243)	Underspend on Staffing costs.
Property Maintenance:	339,342	276,292	(17,163)	259,129	263,918	(9,678)	254,240	(4,889)	3.51%	(11,901)	

Appendix B

2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

Detail by Assistant Director

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - OPERATIONS (continued)

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Industrial & Business Units	(602,882)	641,980	(966,329)	(324,349)	593,432	(1,053,640)	(460,207)	(135,858)	7.46%	(44,987)	Industrial rent income currently forecasted to exceed budget reflecting better occupancy levels than previously anticipated. Ongoing budget being reviewed
Town Centres & Shops	(876,242)	30,833	(682,157)	(651,324)	42,402	(535,311)	(492,909)	158,415	0.77%	6,770	
Property Management:	(1,479,124)	672,813	(1,648,486)	(975,673)	635,834	(1,588,951)	(953,116)	22,557	2.58%	(38,217)	
Offices: College Heath Road	(138,780)	209,281	(371,881)	(162,600)	203,304	(365,367)	(162,063)	537	3.75%	5,201	
Offices: Brandon & Newmarket Guineas	(19,200)	13,209	(34,287)	(21,078)	36,756	(34,287)	2,469	23,547	72.52%	13,923	
Public Conveniences	52,039	50,404	(7,803)	42,601	61,483	(5,858)	55,625	13,024	24.27%	12,628	
ССТV	89,752	74,716	0	74,716	101,688	0	101,688	26,972	0.22%	(197)	
Green Travel Plan	0	0	0	0	0	(1,149)	(1,149)	(1,149)	0.00%	0	
District Highways Services	(7,880)	19,386	(33,540)	(14,154)	15,244	(2,650)	12,594	26,748	61.80%	(4,870)	
Land Drainage & Associated Works	74,500	74,500	0	74,500	78,919	0	78,919	4,419	5.93%	4,419	
Facilities, CCTV & Highways Services:	50,431	441,496	(447,511)	(6,015)	497,394	(409,311)	88,083	94,098	61.68%	31,104	
Courier & Postal Service	18,659	14,654	0	14,654	6,209	8,514	14,723	69	7.44%	1,389	
Printing & Copying Service	46,103	40,319	(4,482)	35,837	17,650	667	18,317	(17,520)	32.48%	(14,973)	Staffing costs underspent. Budget under review.
Central Services:	64,762	54,973	(4,482)	50,491	23,859	9,181	33,040	(17,451)	20.98%	(13,584)	
Off Street Car Parks	(368,788)	234,146	(469,770)	(235,624)	266,472	(520,812)	(254,340)	(18,716)	4.67%	(17,212)	Income levels currently forecast to exceed the budget.
Car Parking:	(368,788)	234,146	(469,770)	(235,624)	266,472	(520,812)	(254,340)	(18,716)	4.67%	(17,212)	
Arboriculture (Tree Maintenance Works)	98,052	45,765	0	45,765	38,186	0	38,186	(7,579)	7.17%	(7,030)	
Other Parks and Play Provision	259,244	249,929	(8,595)	241,334	324,947	(90,201)	234,746	(6,588)	3.89%	(10,081)	
Children's Play Areas	60,639	54,194	(3,000)	51,194	71,743	(18,729)	53,014	1,820	7.02%	(4,254)	
Cemeteries & Closed Churchyards	0	0	0	0	34,546	(55,246)	(20,700)	(20,700)	0.00%	0	
Allotments	0	0	0	0	0	(214)	(214)	(214)	0.00%	(214)	
Parks & Open Spaces	417,935	349,888	(11,595)	338,293	469,422	(164,390)	305,032	(33,261)	5.16%	(21,579)	

Detail by Assistant Director

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - OPERATIONS (continued)

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Sports & Leisure Centres	484,512	560,554	(74,925)	485,629	519,244	(32,737)	486,506	877	0.24%	1,152	
Leisure & Sports	22,000	18,960	0	18,960	8,445	0	8,445	(10,515)	0.00%	0	
Sports & Leisure Development	506,512	579,514	(74,925)	504,589	527,689	(32,737)	494,951	(9,638)	0.23%	1,152	
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Services	10,333	9,289	(747)	8,542	8,049	(229)	7,820	(722)	9.38%	(969)	
Heritage	10,333	9,289	(747)	8,542	8,049	(229)	7,820	(722)	9.38%	(969)	
Tourist Information Centres	0	0	0	0	0	(10)	(10)	(10)	0.00%	0	
Shopmobility	8,340	7,502	0	7,502	5,000	0	5,000	(2,502)	25.66%	(2,140)	
The Pavilion - Lady Wolverton Playingfield	(7,870)	7,805	(12,375)	(4,570)	6,114	(11,284)	(5,170)	(600)	10.17%	(800)	
Palace House and Stables	0	0	0	0	16,945	0	16,945	16,945	0.00%	0	
Halls & Events	470	15,307	(12,375)	2,932	28,059	(11,294)	16,765	13,833		(2,940)	
TOTALS: OPERATIONS	941,245	6,271,059	(5,413,409)	857,650	6,218,712	(5,613,528)	605,183	(252,467)	18.18%	(171,075)	

Detail by Assistant Director 2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR - GROWTH

Cost Centre Description	Full Year Budget £	Expenditure Budget to Date £	Income Budget to Date £	Net Budget to Date £	Expenditure Actual to Date £	Income Actual to Date £	Net Actual to Date £	Over/(Under) Spend to Date £	Year End Forecast Variance %	Year End Forecast Variance £	Year End Variance Notes
Llavina Davalana ant 9 Chartana	71.007		(40.764)		C4 202	/2 (0.4)	F0.600	4 700	A F 40/	(2.255)	
Housing Development & Strategy Gypsies & Travellers	71,697 13,642	64,664 10,186	(10,764)	53,900 10,159	61,303 11,565	(2,694)	58,609 11,540	4,709 1,381	4.54% 3.61%	(3,255) 493	
Gypsies & Travellers	13,042	10,180	(27)	10,133	11,303	(23)	11,540	1,361	J.0170	433	
Housing Development & Strategy:	85,339	74,850	(10,791)	64,059	72,868	(2,719)	70,149	6,090	3.24%	(2,762)	
Strategic Property	41,405	31,806	(747)	31,059	22,928	0	22,928	(8,131)	24.38%	(10,096)	
Strategic Property	41,405	31,806	(747)	31,059	22,928	0	22,928	(8,131)	24.38%	(10,096)	
Housing Business & Partnerships	27,823	21,249	(333)	20,916	29,434	(7,478)	21,957	1,041	16.45%	4,577	
Housing Business & Partnerships:	27,823	21,249	(333)	20,916	29,434	(7,478)	21,957	1,041	16.45%	4,577	
Planning Policy	369,675	320,177	(15,462)	304,715	303,363	(47,244)	256,119	(48,596)	6.25%	(23,116)	Expected underspend due to vacancies in the team
Local Plan	6,600	216,819	(211,869)	4,950	224,377	(220,067)	4,310	(640)	34.70%	(2,290)	
Place Shaping:	376,275	536,996	(227,331)	309,665	527,740	(267,311)	260,429	(49,236)	6.75%	(25,406)	
Economic Development & Growth	175,528	159,757	(24,219)	135,538	245,683	(115,071)	130,612	(4,926)	1.26%	(2,219)	
Strategic Tourism & Markets	29,853	25,259	0	25,259	22,265	0	22,265	(2,994)	12.38%	(3,696)	
Vibrant Town Centres	14,680	11,007	0	11,007	3,449	0	3,449	(7,558)	14.13%	(2,074)	
Economic Development & Growth:	220,061	196,023	(24,219)	171,804	271,397	(115,071)	156,326	(15,478)	3.63%	(7,989)	
TOTALS: GROWTH:	750,903	860,924	-263,421	597,503	924,367	-392,579	531,789	-65,714	5.55%	-41,676	

Forest Heath District Council

APPENDIX C

2017/18 December Capital Budget Monitoring Report

Project Description	Revised Budget for Year £	Actual Spend Year to date £	2017-18 Forecast Actual Spend £	2017/18 Funded from External Grants £	2017-18 Carry Forward Requested £	Over/ (Under) Spend for Year £	Notes
Resources & Performance	_	-	_	_		_	
Home of Horseracing Project	0	215,773	215,773	215,773	0	0	Project ongoing, the viewing stand is still to be completed and lease to be signed. All expenditure in 2017/18 will be fully funded by donations, and as such this is not a true overspend.
Invest to Save Projects	282,000	0	0	0	282,000	0	Budget will be allocated to projects as they arise. Remainder to be carried forward for utilisation in 2018/19.
Leisure Capital Investment Fund	3,500,000	0	0	0	3,500,000	0	Work continues on the investment opportunities with Abbeycroft and business cases are being considered.
Human Resources, Legal & Democratic							
Health & Safety Management Software	14,000	0	14,000	0	0	0	To be spent in 2017/18. Budget transferred from invest to save project in line with existing delegations.
Families & Communities							
CRM Project	36,450	0	0	0	36,450	0	Project progressing, spend profile according to Customer Access Business Case.
Affordable Housing	405,000	50,000	50,000	0	355,000	0	£50k spent in this financial year, remainder to be carried forward
Planning & Regulatory							
Private Sector Disabled Facilities Grants	284,570	112,244	284,570	0	0	0	We commenced performance improvement conversations in July with the provider. The service has been reviewed and the improvements are being made with a view to spending the full budget in this financial year.
Private Sector Renewal Grants	220,000	48,799	120,000	0	100,000	0	Spend expected to be lower than budget as a result of lower demand. Budget review ongoing.
Historic Buildings Grant	15,000	350	350	0	14,650	0	Carry forward requested to be utilised in 2018/19
Community Energy Plan	1,482,821	125,715	216,864	0	1,265,957	0	Several projects are in the pipeline for 2017/18 which will generate additional income in future years. The remaining budget is requested to be carried forward for new projects in future years.
Parish Council S106 Grants	0	190,824	190,824	190,824	0	0	Spending funded from Section 106 monies.
<u>Operations</u>							
Asset Management Plan	504,271	0	504,271	0	0	0	To be allocated to projects as Business Cases are approved.
Vehicle & Plant Purchases	314,000	101,970	314,000	0	0	0	Spend in line with Vehicle, Plant & Equipment Programme.
Leisure Centre Brandon	50,000	0	0	0	0	(50,000)	Project complete, remaining budget to be retained in Capital receipts balances.
Mildenhall Hub	0	23,100	90,000	0	0	90,000	Project budget approved in 2018/19 and work has commenced earlier than anticipated
Swimming Pool Mildenhall	250,000	0	0	0	250,000	0	Project not expected to complete in 2017/18. Carry forward requested.
Flowerpot Brandon	50,000	0	0	0	50,000	0	Project under review.
Playground Improvements	0	28,730	28,730	28,730	0	0	Funded from S106 monies and the Leisure reserve.
Waste & Street Scene Back Office System	54,128	11,477	54,128	0	0	0	Project expected to complete in 2017/18.
Refurbishment & Upgrade of Communal Areas, Harvey Adam Enterprise Centre	25,595	25,595	25,595	0	0	0	Project completed
West Suffolk Operational Hub	2,589,750	0	788,571	0	1,801,179	0	Spend expected in the final quarter of 2017/18 in relation to Land and preliminary construction costs.
Red Lodge Nature Reserve	0	4,600	4,600	4,600	0	0	Spending funded from Section 106 monies.
James Carter Road Resurfacing	30,000	0	30,000	0	0	0	Project expected to complete in 2017/18.
10&14 Craven Way Re-Roofing	22,000	0	22,000	0	0	0	Project expected to complete in 2017/18.
15,16,17 Wimbledon Avenue New Wiring & LED	80,000	0	80,000	0	0	0	Project expected to complete in 2017/18.
<u>Growth</u>							
Wellington Street Newmarket - Wider Pedestrianisation Scheme	150,000	0	0	0	150,000	0	Currently under review as part of the Newmarket Masterplan
Private Housing Company	350,000	0	0	0	350,000	0	No loan drawdown expected on Barley Homes this financial year. Carry forward requested
Investing in our Growth Agenda	10,000,000	0	0	0	10,000,000	0	Several proposals under review but no spend expected in this financial year.
TOTALS;	20,709,585	939,177	3,034,276	439,927	18,155,236	40,000	

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Appendix D

MTFS Earmarked Reserves Projections

2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	
Reserve Description	Opening Balance	Net Budgeted Movement	Budgeted Closing Balance	Current Balance	Forecast Closing Balance	Forecast Variance (Under) / Over spent	Forecast Notes
Investing in our Growth Agenda Reserve	О	500,000	500,000	(25,000)	500,000	0	This is a new reserve which has been set up to support the delivery of the council's growth agenda, £500k in this year and a further £500k to be utilised in 2018/19. Reports CAB/FH/17/018 and COU/FH/17/004 refer.
Capital Project Financing Reserve	0	0	0	0	202,441	(202,441)	This is a new Reserve which has been set up in order to facilitate the Capital Financing requirements of the council, and to account for fluctuations and timing differences in the expected spend profile.
Strategic Priorities & MTFS Reserve	8,317,190	(7,263,319)	1,053,871	9,451,199	5,819,828	(4,765,957)	Budgeted Reserve movement includes £5.9m Capital Programme Funding for 2017/18. The under-utilisation of £4.7m relates to timings on the Leisure Capital Investment Fund and Community Energy Plan projects, and represents the amount of budget requested to be carried forward into 2018/19.
Invest to Save Reserve	379,543	(151,177)	228,366	459,971	312,343	(83,977)	Budgeted utilisation during 2017/18 includes funding for the Waste & Street Scene Back Office System - see also appendix C. Closing balance Includes £3.9k transfer from the Local Land Charges Reserve, £40k from Blue Bin Recycling and £40k from Garden Waste.
Risk/Recession Reserve	421,323	(237,000)	184,323	406,994	169,993	14,330	Feasibility Studies for Newmarket Cinema funded from this reserve, as per report CAB/FH/031 and subsequent portfolio holder agreement.
BRR Equalisation Reserve	35,886	665,926	701,812	701,812	930,766	(228,954)	Increased reserve contribution resulting from reduction in Suffolk Pool receipts forecasted, offset by reduced levy payable to pool and increase in S31 grants. Net effect of £228k benefit to FHDC.
Self Insured Fund	111,069	25,000	136,069	186,069	136,069	0	
Computer & Telephone Equipment Reserve	158,527	35,000	193,527	153,728	148,956	44,571	Utilised towards hardware refreshes.
HB Equalisation Reserve	161,046	107,320	268,366	261,046	280,772	(12,406)	
Professional Fees Reserve	74,780	35,000	109,780	109,780	109,780	0	
ARP Reserve	412,879	(95,168)	317,711	325,285	312,879	4,832	Grant Funding received in 2017/18.
Vehicle & Plant Renewal Fund	443,601	16,000	459,601	773,601	459,601	0	In line with expected spend on Vehicles, Plant & Equipment in the year.

Forest Heath District Council

Appendix D

MTFS Earmarked Reserves Projections

2017/18 December Budget Monitoring Report

	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18	2017/18
Reserve Description	Opening Balance	Net Budgeted Movement	Budgeted Closing Balance	Current Balance	Forecast Closing Balance
Waste Management Reserve	112,256	0	112,256	112,256	112,256
BR-Building Repairs Reserve - Leisure	0	27,932	27,932	27,932	27,932
BR-Building Repairs Reserve - Other	25,907	136,170	162,077	347,558	241,577
Industrial Units - Service Charges	0	0	0	719	577
Commuted Maintenance Reserve	503,355	(8,000)	495,355	518,355	495,355
Newmarket Stallion Statue Reserve	22,459	0	22,459	20,809	20,809
Communities against Drugs Reserve	30,000	0	30,000	30,000	30,000
Planning Reserve	25,835	75,500	101,335	163,767	101,335
Planning Delivery Grant	87,597	(30,300)	57,297	79,947	71,947
Homelessness Legislation Reserve	127,736	13,828	141,564	261,730	146,224
S106 Revenue Reserve	127,305	0	127,305	162,761	125,150
Election Reserve	43,091	10,000	53,091	63,655	43,091
Forest Heath Totals	11,827,980	(6,324,962)	5,503,018	14,593,975	10,806,666

2017/18 Forecast Variance (Under) / Over spent	Forecast Notes
0	No movement expected during 2017/18.
0	
(79,500)	Forecasted Spend on Building Repairs & Maintenance currently expected to be below budget for 2017/18.
(577)	This is a new reserve set up in 2017/18 in order to hold monies received from Industrial Service Charges which are to be allocated to specific spend in line with the lease agreements.
0	
1,650	
0	No movement expected during 2017/18.
0	Reserve used to fund Local Plan work.
(14,650)	Includes Capital Programme funding for Historic Building Grants, see Appendix C.
(4,660)	Budget includes contributions in respect of the DCLG Flexible Homelessness Support Grant which is being utilised to support the Housing Options Team.
2,155	
10,000	Additional closing balance includes Individual Electoral Registration (IER) Income moved to reserve for future utilisation
(5,303,648)	

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Delivering a Sustainable Medium Term Financial Strategy 2018- 2021					
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/007					
Report to and date/s:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018					
	Cabinet 13 February 2018					
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk					
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk					
Purpose of report:	Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk The purpose of this report is to update members on progress made towards delivering a balanced budget for 2018/19 and sustainable budget in the medium term, and to recommend to Cabinet inclusion of the proposals in the report to progress securing a balanced budget for 2018/19 and sustainable budget in the medium term.					

Recommendation:		It is <u>RECOMMENDED</u> that the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee:				
	A) a mad 2018	1) Note the budget assumptions (outlined in Appendix A) and timetable (at 6.1), along with the progress made to date on delivering a balanced budget for 2018/19 and sustainable budget in the medium term; and				
	prop	osals,		inclusion of the tion 5 and Table 2 t.		
Key Decision:			ecision and, if so, ur	nder which		
(Check the appropriate	definition Yes, it is		Decision - □			
box and delete all those	=	-	Xey Decision - ⊠			
that do not apply.) Consultation:	1 2, 12 10	_	<u> </u>	Portfolio Holders and		
		sta	ff are consulted dur			
Alternative option	(s):		cess ner options could be	proposed and		
	(~)-	con	nsidered by members. They would need			
			take into account core principles such as			
Implications:		del	iverability, affordab	ility and risk.		
Implications: Are there any finance	cial implica	tions?	Yes ⊠ No □			
If yes, please give d	•		As detailed in the body of this Report			
Are there any staffi If yes, please give d	_	ions?	Yes □ No ⊠			
Are there any ICT in yes, please give deta	-	If If	Yes □ No ⊠			
Are there any legal		licy	Yes ⊠ No □			
implications? If yes,	please give	?	Whilst it should be stated that this is an unlikely event there is a			
details			an unlikely event there is requirement under The Loc			
			requirement under The Logovernment Finance Act 1988 (S1			
			- for the Chief Finance Officer to			
			-	ors if there is or is		
Are there any equal	lity implicat	tions?	likely to be an unbalanced budget. Yes □ No ⊠			
If yes, please give d		.10113 :	No significant implications anticipated,			
, ,,	,, , 5		however further consideration will be			
			1 -	e implementation of		
Risk/opportunity	assessmen	ıt:	each service chang (potential hazards or c	opportunities affecting		
Risk area	Inherent le	vel of	corporate, service or p Controls	roject objectives) Residual risk (after		
	risk (before controls)	vei di	Controls	controls)		
	Low/Medium/	High*		Low/Medium/ High*		

Documents attack	ned:	Appendix A – Budget Assumptions 2018/19 and across the MTFS			
		PAS/FH/17/038 - I Sustainable Mediu Strategy 2018-202	Delivering a m Term Financial		
		OAS/FH/17/023 - Strategic Framewo			
included)	,		CAB/FH/17/007 Delivering a Sustainable Medium Term Financial Strategy 2017-2020		
Background pape (all background paper)	papers are to be	COU/FH/17/005 - Tax Setting 2017/	Budget and council 18		
Ward(s) affected		All Wards			
100% Business rates Retention implementation prior to 2020 and rules therein.	Low	Constant monitoring of guidance issued and reflection in assumption	Low		
Adverse changes in the assumptions, for example changes to the provisional formula grant settlement, used in the MTFS resulting in a larger budget gap.	Medium	The assumptions are regularly monitored and updated. Use of general fund reserves to cover budget deficits.	Low		
The business rate retention scheme underachieving the yield assumed in the MTFS which impacts on the budget gap requirement.	High	Work with the Anglia Revenues Partnership team to monitor the position and deliver a realistic forecast.	Medium		
Savings/income projections are not achieved resulting in budget deficit.	Medium	Budgetary control, including reporting of variances to members. Use of general fund reserves to cover budget deficits.	Low		
Impact of changing financial circumstances is different across the two West Suffolk councils potentially in the longer terms, leading to diverging strategies (e.g. different focus by the councils on service impacts or investment projects).	High	team working with the two councils' Cabinets to take an overview; spotting pressure points and possible innovative approaches; and recommending appropriate actions to members. Consider further shared working, joint decisions etc.	Medium		
Impact of changing	 High	A single leadership	Medium		

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

- 1.1 The interaction between the West Suffolk Strategic Plan (included on the Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 9 November 2017) and West Suffolk Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) continues to be increasingly important in the setting of budgets, as the council's priorities will need to be used to inform real choices about the allocation of limited resources.
- 1.2 Our MTFS document also sets out the approach that Forest Heath District Council will take to the sound management of its finances over the medium term, in particular the next three years 2018-2021.

2. Future budget pressure and challenges

- 2.1 Forest Heath continues to face considerable financial challenges as a result of increased cost and demand, plus pressures and constraints on public sector spending (Revenue Support Grant) from central government, as evidenced by the proposed four year government settlement. It is clear that even without the proposed reductions in Revenue Support Grant (RSG), the council has underlying net cost pressures. This includes costs rising faster than income inflation.
- 2.2 There continues to be increasing demand for support and advice relating to housing options and homelessness. Whilst the council has already increased staffing levels in the housing team, this additional demand is likely to continue for the foreseeable future. Demand pressures are as a result of continued welfare reform challenges, including the introduction of Universal Credit, the affordability of the local housing market and changes to Homelessness legislation which comes into force from April 2018. The Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 will increase the demand on the housing team with more people now being eligible for advice and prevention support, and relief from homelessness duties, than under existing legislation. Affordability and accessibility of the private rented sector is crucial in order for the council to discharge its new duties under the new act and, as for many councils, this will present a challenge. The continued inclusion of temporary accommodation in Universal Credit is likely to impact on the money the council receives to fund this accommodation compared to housing benefit.
- 2.3 The National Joint Council for Local Government has made a final pay award offer to the Trade Unions of a 2% increase in April 2018 and a revision to the national pay spine in 2019. The original assumptions have therefore been amended from 1% to 2% for 2018 and 2019 in the MTFS. The pay award is still under national negotiation however the pay inflation assumption has been updated to reflect the current offer.
- 2.4 The MTFS 2017-2020, approved at Full Council on 22 February 2017 (Report COU/FH/17/005), sets out further current and future financial pressures and challenges facing Forest Heath.
- 2.5 The implementation towards the now 75% Business Rates Retention scheme and the review of the needs based assessment/formula that underpins our financial needs settlement from central government are both planned to be

- implemented in 2020/21. Both changes create significant uncertainty to the council's medium term financial planning assumptions.
- 2.6 The worst case scenario for the review of the needs based assessment/formula could be to re-set (although government now talk of a partial re-set) our financial needs settlement right back to a steady level of growth from 2013 rather than that actually experienced in Forest Heath, thus removing the majority of the growth we retain under the current 50% BRR scheme. This would remove a significant amount of income (worst case £0.4m) from the budget in 2020/21. This situation will be monitored and reviewed as information becomes available. We will continue to lobby and input into DCLG consultations in order to make our position clear.

3. Budget gap and budget assumptions

3.1 After following the methodology in section 4 we continue to see a balanced budget position for Forest Heath as reported in Feb 2017. There are however some further work as set out in 3.2 below.

Table 1: Budget gap for 2018/19-2020/21

Forest Heath	18/19	19/20	20/21
	£000	£000	£000
Budget gap per MTFS:			
2018/19	0	0	0
2019/20		0	0
2020/21			0
Cumulative Gap	0	0	0

- 3.2 This budget gap does not include, at this stage, any variation or profile changes either positively or negatively in respect of income/savings for the councils significant growth projects such as delivering our growth agenda (£20m investment fund) and Mildenhall Hub.
- 3.3 However there has been a revision to the outlook for the Barley Homes 5 year delivery plan following the removal of Wamill Court from the first four developable sites. This is a prudent estimate at this stage, it may well be that a further site is brought forward, however the focus at this stage is on the remaining three sites.
- 3.4 Suffolk have been awarded 100% Business Rates pilot status for 2018-19 based on the proposal submitted on the 27 October 2017. The proposal builds on the Business Rates Retention pool Suffolk has successfully operated since 2013. In all pilot areas, the councils within the pool have to forego the funding streams of revenue support grant and rural services delivery grant in return for higher shares of business rates. The Suffolk pilot is based on a no detriment to each of the council's and therefore the risk to the Council's budget of not achieving the business rates anticipated in the 2018-19 budget is low. Any additional business rates collected in Suffolk will be invested in inclusive growth on a placed based allocation. Based on the proposal submitted, West Suffolk is looking to receive a one off benefit in 2018-19 of approximately £2.6m as a result of the pilot.

- 3.5 It is important to note that there are limitations on the degree to which Forest Heath can identify all of the potential changes within its medium term financial projections. It is also important to remember that these financial models have been produced within a financial environment that is constantly changing and that they will be subject to significant change over time.
- 3.6 The above assumes a £4.95 increase in council tax per year which will be subject to a separate democratic process through to February Council in 2018.

4 Methodology for securing a balanced budget 2018-2021

- 4.1 The starting position is from the existing MTFS which is balanced for each year from 2017/18 out to 2019/20. This has enabled the methodology for revising this outlook to be focussed on three areas:
 - 1. Challenging the pre-existing assumptions and updating these to reflect new knowledge and information.
 - 2. Collating new items that are required to support the delivery of West Suffolk Councils Strategic Plan.
 - 3. Reflect any changes in the wider macro environment which require a change in approach from FHDC.
- 4.2 The process to validate each of these areas has been driven by workshop sessions to understand the trends and drivers behind each of the income and expenditure lines within each service area and project. The outcome of the sessions has then been reviewed at an overall council level by the Leadership Team to ensure a collective, corporate view.
- 4.3 The six approved MTFS themes below continue to be at the forefront of Forest Heath District Council's financial strategy for delivering a sustainable medium term budget:
 - 1. aligning resources to both West Suffolk councils' strategic plan and essential services;
 - 2. continuation of the shared service agenda and transformation of service delivery;
 - 3. behaving more commercially;
 - 4. considering new funding models (e.g. acting as an investor);
 - 5. encouraging the use of digital forms for customer access; and
 - 6. taking advantage of new forms of local government finance (e.g. business rate retention).

5. Budget proposals for 2018-21

5.1 The Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee is asked to support and recommend to Cabinet the **inclusion of the following proposals/changes**, as detailed in Table 2 below in order to progress securing a balanced budget for 2018/19, over and above those items brought to members' attention in November 2017 as part of report PAS/FH/17/038.

Table 2: Budget proposals for 2018-21

	18/19 Pressure/(Saving) £000	19/20 Pressure/ (Saving) £000	20/21 Pressure/ (Saving) £000
Total Budget Gap - At PASC 29/11/17	22	39	48
Salary Changes:			
Current Development Control capacity to support increase in workloads due to area growing and encouragement of housing and investment in West Suffolk to meet local needs - funding assumed from base budget (previously funded from reserves)	47	47	47
Pay assumption changes			
Change from 1.0% to 2.0% + pay spine revision (in line with recent Employer offer (subject to agreement)	86	228	314
Shared Service Salaries Recharge	74	111	110
Other Budget assumption changes			
Tax Base Change - report XXX	(31)	(33)	(34)
Council Tax 17/18 Collection Surplus (2018/19 only)	(50)	0	0
Reduction in contributions to Suffolk CC for waste services (Household Waste/Recycling and Garden Waste Collection)	(128)	(158)	(158)
Additional Trade Waste Income	(41)	(79)	(90)
Additional Retail Rental income to reflect actual performance	47	47	10
Additional Industrial Unit Income - lowered vacancy rates reflecting current performance	(29)	(79)	(79)
Revised Abbeycroft Management Fee - reflected in report XXX	73	91	92
Reduction in external Tree Budget as a result of savings from bringing the service back in house	(41)	(41)	(41)
Reprofiling of Local Plan annual revenue contribution	(90)	(90)	0
Barley Homes income assumption profile change to reflect removal of Wamil Court from business plan	31	124	7
LLC1 Search Income lost due to transfer to HMLR mid 18/19 - reinstated due to delay in decision	(14)	(14)	(15)
Contribution to Invest to Save Reserve for ICT transformation project resources	132	0	0
Other smaller budget changes	(88)	(43)	(61)
Efficiency savings	0	(150)	(150)
	0	0	(0)

5.2 The Capital Programme underwent a comprehensive review for the 2017/18 budget setting process. This Programme has been reviewed and updated with known changes (see Table 3).

Table 3 - Capital Programme

	2017/18 millions	2018/19 millions	2019/20 millions	2020/21 millions	Total millions
Gross capital expenditure	£5.236	£41.490	£11.643	£1.379	£59.748
Funded by:					
Grants and contributions	£0.497	£5.425	£0.175	£0.175	£6.272
Earmarked revenue reserves	£3.676	£5.824	£0.305	£0.984	£10.789
Capital receipts reserve	£0.145	£1.176	£0.345	£0.220	£1.886
External borrowing	£0.918	£29.065	£10.818	£0.000	£40.801
Total	£5.236	£41.490	£11.643	£1.379	£59.748

5.3 The Reserve Movements as a result of the revenue and capital plans are as follows:

Table 4 - Reserve Movements

Forest Heath	2017/18 millions	2018/19 millions	2019/20 millions	2020/21 millions	2021/22 millions
Opening Balance	£11.828	£10.807	£7.065	£7.756	£7.918
Funded by:					
Contribution to Reserves	£4.243	£3.513	£2.386	£2.150	£2.150
Contribution from reserves	-£5.265	-£7.255	-£1.694	-£1.989	-£1.098
Closing Balance	£10.807	£7.065	£7.756	£7.918	£8.970
New Homes Bonus	£1.278	£0.718	£0.564	£0.428	£0.428

6. Budget timetable

6.1 The table below outlines the timetable of budget information through the committees and to Full Council.

Table 3: Committee timetable for budgets

Task	Date
Member Development Session – Local Government Finance	18 January 2018
Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee - updated report on 'Delivering a Sustainable Budget 2018/19'	31 January 2018
2018/19 Budget and Council Tax Setting - Cabinet.	14 February 2018
2018/19 Budget and Council Tax Setting - Full Council.	22 February 2018



	ici iiiiatioii	3.070	3.070	3.070	Elliked to a number of the council's let contracts
	Utilities	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	Property services
	Transport fuel	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	Fleet Management Services
	Insurance premiums	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	Renegotiated contract during 2015/16, thereafter In line with contract
	insurance premiums	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	with Insurance provider
	Pay increase	2.7%	2.8%	2.0%	National Employer has made final 2 year offer for 2% increase for
	ray iliciease	2.7/0	2.0/0	2.0%	2018/2019 and 2019/20 with revision of National Pay Spine
	Employers pension contribution	31.0%	32.5%	34.5%	Triennial actuarial valuation took place in 2017 for 2017-20. Pension
					contribution 23% and we chose to increase our contribution to manage
					deficit and liabilities over time.
P	Pension take up	89.6%	89.6%	89.6%	Based on actual take up. Had previously assumed 100%.
'age	Agency staff	£70k	£70k	£70k	Linked to above saving. New budget to be controlled by HR
	Vacancy savings	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	Internal policy, linked to staff turnover rates
12	Shared service split - default	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%	Approved by Council on 10/12/2014
9	Shared service split - Corporate	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%	Approved by Council on 10/12/2014
	Shared service split - Property	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	Approved by Council on 10/12/2014
	Shared service split - Trade Waste	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%	Approved by Council on 10/12/2014
	Fees and charges	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	Inflation target
	Off street car parking income - inflation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	Inflation target
	Off street car park income - growth %	0.1%	0.9%	0.9%	Figures reset and standard fees & charges growth assumption also
	on street car park income - growth /0	0.1/0	0.570	0.570	applied.
	Off street car park income - amount	£670k	£676k	£682k	Linked to above

£562k

applied.

2020/21

0.0%

3.0%

Source

Inflation target

Linked to a number of the Council's ICT contracts

Figures reset and standard fees & charges growth assumption also

Forest Heath

2019/20

0.0%

3.0%

2018/19

0.0%

3.0%

£520k

£542k

MTFS Assumptions

General inflation

Trade waste income - amount

ICT Inflation

MTFS Assumptions	Forest Heath			
	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	Source
Building control (building regulations) income - amount	£142k	£146k	£149k	Figures reset and standard fees & charges growth assumption also applied.
Development control (planning application fees) income - amount	£748k	£759k	£792k	2018/19 figures reset and annual growth assumption applied from 19/20 onwards (includes Pre-Application income).
Investment interest	£224k	£167k	£164k	Treasury management advisors - current projections
Housing Benefits - amount	£14,539k	£14,539k	£14,539k	ARP. Expected level of HB payments based on previous years.
Housing Benefits Subsidy - %	99.6%	99.6%	99.6%	ARP. Expected level of subsidy as percentage of payments based on previous years.
Housing Benefits Subsidy - amount	£14,482k	£14,482k	£14,482k	Linked to above
HB Overpayments recovered	£302k	£302k	£302k	ARP. Based on previous years. Can vary year on year. Managed through HB Equalisation Reserve.
HB Administration Subsidy	£159k	£135K	£129k	ARP. Assumes annual reduction on 2017/18 subsidy grant to reflect anticipated impact of Universal Credit.
Business Rates - Inflation	3.0%	2.2%	TBC	CPI increases assumed in 4 year settlement
Business Rates - Growth	NNDR1	0.0%	0.0%	Year of budget set at NNDR1 level which includes growth to date.
Business Rates - Pilot Benefit	£952k	N/A	N/A	One year benefit - estimate based on bid and transferred to earmarked reserve.
Business Rates - Suffolk Pool Income	ТВС	ТВС	ТВС	SCC. Awaiting data based on participating councils' NNDR1 returns.
Business Rates - Suffolk Pool Income transfer to reserve	TBC	TBC	ТВС	Transfer a proportion of the above to reserve to bring back to level currently in MTFS. Final level is unpredictable as dependant upon other councils.
Total RSG	£0k	£196k	£0k	4 year finance settlement. No RSG in 18/19 due to Pilot status.
Council tax increase	3.5%	3.4%	3.3%	Current assumption. To be set at February 2018 Council meetings.

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Treasury Management Report 2017-2018 and Investment Activity (1 April to 31 December 2017)			
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/008			
Report to and dates:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018			
	Cabinet 13 February 2018			
	Council	21 February 2018		
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk			
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk			
Purpose of report:	To present the Council's third Quarter Treasury Management Report summarising the investment activity for the period 1 April 2017 to 31 December 2017.			

Recommendation:	It is <u>RECOMMENDED</u> that the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee:				
	includin manage	ses the content of this report, g details of the treasury ment performance for the first nine of 2017-2018 financial year; and			
	Cabinet	recommendations as appropriate to and Council regarding the approval hird Quarter Treasury Management for 2017-2018, attached as ix 1.			
Key Decision:	,	ecision and, if so, under which			
(Check the appropriate	definition?	Destates = □			
box and delete all those	Yes, it is a Key				
that <u>do not</u> apply.)	INO, IL IS HOL a K	<pre></pre>			
Consultation:	• Treasury management activities are undertaken in consultation with CDCM/Tradition (the Council's appointed brokers for long term investments) and also takes into account information obtained from other investment brokers and economic commentators. Any changes in strategies or policies are subject to approval by the Head of Resources and Performance, Cabinet and full Council.				
Alternative option(s	inv the Inv stra bor ma be wo cha rec	tions for the management of Council estments are formally considered within a Annual Treasury Management and restment Strategy. This includes key ategies in respect of the Council's rowings, the continuation of in-house nagement of funds and the approach to adopted in establishing the credit-rthiness of potential counterparties. The anging nature of the economic climate puires that these key areas are subject on-going review.			
Implications:	line alientie a 2	Vac M. Na 🗆			
Are there any financia If yes, please give deta	-	Yes ⊠ No □ • Please refer to main report			
Are there any staffing		Yes No No			
If yes, please give deta	<u> </u>	•			
Are there any ICT imp	lications? If	Yes □ No ⊠			
yes, please give details		•			
Are there any legal ar implications? If yes, placed details		Yes □ No ⊠ • This report is in-line with the Treasury Management Practice 6, (TMP6), of the Treasury Management Code of Practice.			

Are there any equa If yes, please give		Yes □ No ⊠ •		
Risk/opportunity assessment:		(potential hazards or opportunities affecting corporate, service or project objectives)		
Risk area	Inherent level of risk (before controls)	Controls	Residual risk (after controls)	
Fluctuations in interest rates or in projected cash flows having significant impact on budgeted investment income.	High	Spread of investments for periods of up to two years. Budget monitoring and quarterly performance reports.	Medium	
Bank / building society failure resulting in loss of Council funds.	High	Use of CDCM/Tradition advice on counterparty credit ratings (based on Fitch and Moody ratings) and the setting of lending limits. Use of nonrated building societies based on asset base and additional credit checks.	Medium	
Ward(s) affected	•	All Ward		
Background papers: (all background papers are to be published on the website and a link included)		Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy 2017/18. (Report No: COU.FH.17.003)		
Documents attached:		Appendix 1 – Third Quarter Treasury Management Report 2017-2018		

1. Third Quarter Treasury Management Report 2017-2018

- 1.1 Full details of treasury management activities during the period 1 April to 31 December 2017 are included in **Appendix 1** of this report.
- 1.2 Below is a summary of those investment activities:

INTEREST EARNED & AVERAGE RATE OF RETURN SUMMARY					
Budget Actual Difference					
Investment Interest Earned	£135,750	£86,730	- £49,020		
Average Rate of Return	0.75%	0.61%	- 0.14%		

- The purchase of the Solar Farm last year, continues to have a knock on effect on the funds available for investment (as we used cash balances instead of external borrowing to fund the purchase), this in turn has reduced the interest earned this year.
- The reduced average rate of return is due to the continuing low Bank of England base rate and resulting low of interest rates offered by institutions.
 In addition as the Council now holds less funds, we have fewer longer term investment which are the investment that generate the higher rates of return.
- As at 31 December 2017 we held £19,955,000 of investments.

INVESTMENT ACTIVITY SUMMARY			
	2017/18 £		
Opening Balance 01 April 2017	18,005,000		
Investments made during the year (including	26,300,000		
transfers to business reserve accounts)			
Sub Total	44,305,000		
Investments realised during the year (including	24,350,000		
withdrawals from business reserve accounts)			
Closing Balance 31 December 2017	19,955,000		

Summary of Funds held				
Fund	æ			
Revenue Reserves*	14,649,947			
Capital Receipts Reserves*	2,758,970			
General Funds Reserve	2,000,217			
Cash flow Balances	545,866			
Total Value of Investments	19,955,000			

^{*} these funds will be utilised through the Council's 5 year financial planning period

2. Borrowings and Temporary Loans

2.1 Below is a summary of the borrowings and temporary loans as at 31 December 2017;

BORROWINGS AND TEMPORARY LOANS					
Lender / Loan number Balance outstanding Maturity date					
Barclays Loan	£4,000,000	31 March 2078			
1557	£1,000	7 Days Notice			
1735	£1,000	7 Days Notice			

3rd Quarter Treasury Management Report 2017/18

1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA) Code of Practice on Treasury Management 2009 (the Code) as adopted by Council states that;
- 1.2 The primary requirements of the Code are as follows:
 - a. Creation and maintenance of a Treasury Management Policy Statement which sets out the policies and objectives of the Council's treasury management activities.
 - b. Creation and maintenance of Treasury Management Practices which set out the manner in which the Council will seek to achieve those policies and objectives.
 - c. Receipt by Council of an Annual Treasury Management Strategy Report for the year ahead, a mid-year review report (as a minimum) and an annual review report of the previous year.
 - d. Delegation by the Council of responsibilities for implementing and monitoring treasury management policies and practices and for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions.
 - e. Delegation by the Council of the role of scrutiny of treasury management strategy and policies to a specific named body which in this Council is the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee.
- 1.3 Treasury management in this context is defined as:

'The management of the local authority's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.'

1.4 The purpose of this report is to meet one of the above requirements of the CIPFA Code, namely the mid-year review report of treasury management activities, for the financial year 2017/18.

2. Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy for 2017/18

- 2.1 The Council's 2017/18 Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy was approved by full Council on 22 February 2017 (report COU/FH/17/003 refers). The investment strategy for 2017/18 was to give priority to the security and liquidity of investments whilst at the same time seeking to optimise the return on investments.
- 2.2 The target rate of return for investments for 2017/18 was 0.75%. This target rate was based upon investment rate projections for the year provided by Tradition / CDCM (the Council's treasury management advisors), together with consideration of the profile of the Council's portfolio of investments (i.e. mixture of liquid and fixed term investments). Based upon the anticipated funds available for investment in the year (taking into account planned capital expenditure and receipts from asset disposals) this gave a target investment income of £181k.

3. Interest Rates and Market Activity

- 3.1 As a result of the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting on 2 November 2017, the Bank of England increased the bank's Base Rate to 0.50%. Our advisors, Tradition, have stressed that given current circumstances it is difficult to forecast future interest rates at present. But have predicted that base rate will rise gradually to 1% by 2021. The knock on effect of this for the Council is continuing uncertainty on returns going forward. Currently the Council's returns for investments up to 3 months in length are at base rate or below, while those of 4 to 12 months are generally below 0.75%.
- 3.2 Markets will continue to be closely monitored and higher rates of return secured whenever possible.

4. The Council's Lending Criteria 2017/18

- 4.1 The Council's Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy requires that deposits are only placed with a limited number of high quality banks and building societies whose credit rating is independently assessed as sufficiently secure based on data provided Fitch, Moody's and S&P (ratings agencies) or, for non-rated building societies, subject to their meeting minimum financial criteria (based on asset base size).
- 4.2 The below tables shows the credit criteria applicable between the 1 April 2017 and 31 December 2017:

<u>Institution</u>	Credit Rating Short Term (Fitch	Credit Rating Long Term (Fitch	CDCM Maximum Investment	Internally Managed Maximum	Aggregated Maximum Investment
	Moody's	Moody's		Investment	per Institution
	,		_		
III/ Olaavin - Danka	<u>S&P)</u>	<u>S&P)</u>	£M	£M	£M
UK Clearing Banks	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*	6	2.5	8.5
(Lloyds/Bank of Scotland)	P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	(7)	(3.5)	(10.5)
UK Building Societies (The Top 10 & £1bn Assets)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	2.5	6.5
UK Building Societies (from Top 11 downwards & £1bn Assets)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	1.5	5.5
UK Clearing Bank Subsidiaries	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	2.5	6.5
Other UK Banks (with links to overseas banks)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	1.5	5.5
Overseas Banks	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	3	0	3
Local Authorities	N/A	N/A	7	3	10
Debt Management Office	N/A	N/A	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited

5. Compliance with Treasury Management Strategy and Code of Practice

5.1 During the first nine months of the financial year the Council operated within the approved Treasury limits and Prudential Indicators (as set out in the Council's Treasury Policy Statement and Annual Treasury Strategy Statement). No institutions in which investments were made had any difficulty in repaying investments and interest in full during the period.

6. Interest Earned from Treasury Investments during the period 1 April to 31 December 2017

6.1 The table below summaries the interest earned during the period 1 April to 31 December 2017 on the various Treasury Investments held by the Council;

TREASURY MANAGEMENT – INTEREST EARNED SUMMARY				
	£			
Temporary Investments – Term Deposits	21,351.99			
Externally Managed Funds – CDCM / Tradition	50,464.38			
NatWest Liquidity Select Account	120.74			
Barclays FIBCA Account	0.00			
Lloyds 95 Day Account	8,123.09			
Santander 180 Day Account	4,898.15			
Santander 95 Day Account	1,777.40			
TOTAL INTEREST EARNED/ACCRUED	£86,730.75			

- 6.2 The budgeted income from investments for the period 1 April to 31 December 2017 was £135,750 (average rate of return of 0.75%). Interest actually earned during the period totalled £86,730 (average rate of return 0.61%), an underachievement of interest of £49,020 and an under-achievement of 0.14% on the average rate of return.
- 6.3 The under-achievement of interest earned was primarily due to the reduction in cash balances following the purchase of the Solar Farm and the reduced average rate of return is due to the continuing low Bank of England base rate, resulting in reduced interest rates being offered by institutions. In addition as the Council now holds less funds, we have fewer longer term investment which are the investment that generate the higher rates of return.
- 6.4 By year end it is predicted that interest earned will be £75k under the original budget figure and the rate of return will be around 0.60%.

7. Investment Activity during the period 1 April to 31 December 2017

7.1 The table below summaries the investment activities during the period;

TREASURY MANAGEMENT - INVESTMENT ACTIVITY SUMMARY				
	2017/18 £			
Opening Balance 01 April 2017	18,005,000			
Investments made during the year (including	26,300,000			
transfers to business reserve accounts)				
Sub Total	44,305,000			
Investments realised during the year (including	24,350,000			
withdrawals from business reserve accounts)				
Closing Balance 31 December 2017*	19,955,000			

^{*}a summary of the breakdown of these funds is available in paragraph 9 of this report

- 7.2 Investments were made with counterparties that met the agreed lending criteria and investment periods. Investment periods range from overnight to five years, dependent on the Council's cash flows, the view on interest rates and the actual interest rates on offer.
- 7.3 Where possible, investments were made in longer term, fixed term investments (up to 1 year) in order to lock into interest rates which exceed the Council's budgeted rate of return and to provide some certainty of return for a proportion of the Council's investments.
- 7.4 During the period, for cash flow purposes (in particular relating to capital projects), use was made of the instant access and business reserve accounts with Barclays and NatWest. At 31 December 2017 £1.6m was held in these accounts at an interest rate of 0.01%.
- 7.5 The table below shows the investments held as at 31 December 2017;

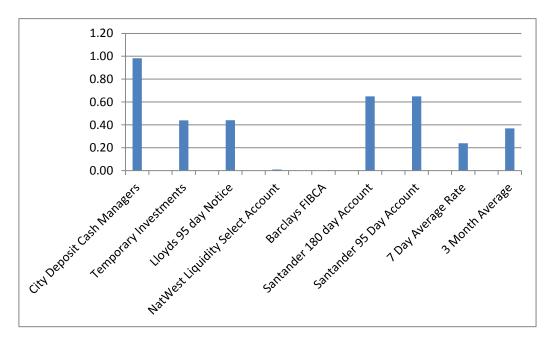
Investments held as at 31 December 2017				
Counterparty	Principal	Interest	Date	Date
	Amount	Rate	Loaned	Returned
Close Brothers Ltd	2,000,000	1.00%	09/01/17	09/07/18
Close Brothers Ltd	1,000,000	0.80%	09/01/17	08/01/18
National Counties B/Soc	3,500,000	0.78%	09/02/17	09/02/18
Newcastle Building Society	1,500,000	0.53%	29/09/17	19/03/18
Skipton Building Society	1,750,000	0.31%	02/10/17	19/02/18
National Counties B/Soc	1,500,000	0.38%	25/10/17	22/01/18
Yorkshire Building Society	1,200,000	0.40%	15/11/17	23/02/18
Principality B/Society	2,000,000	0.54%	01/12/17	23/04/18
Lloyds 95 Day Account	2,400,000	0.37%	95 day	notice
Santander 180 Day	1,000,000	0.55%	180 day	notice
Santander 95 Day	500,000	0.40%	95 day	notice
Barclays FIBCA	5,000	0.00%	Call	
NatWest LSA	1,600,000	0.01%	Call	
TOTAL	19,955,000			

8. Average Rate of Return Comparison

8.1 The table below shows the average rate of return for the various categories of investment quarter on quarter;

Comparison of Average Rate of Return						
	Qtr 1	Qtr 2	Qtr 3			
Temporary In-House Investments	0.28%	0.32%	0.44%			
CDCM Investments	1.21%	1.04%	0.98%			
Lloyds 95 Day Account	0.37%	0.37%	0.44%			
Santander 180 Day Account	0.85%	0.69%	0.65%			
Santander 95 Day Account	0.61%	0.51%	0.47%			
Barclays FIBCA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
NatWest LSA	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%			
7 Day Average	0.37%	0.24%	0.24%			
3 month Average	0.48%	0.37%	0.37%			
Overall Average return on	0.67%	0.58%	0.61%			
Investments						

Average Rate of Return by Investment Category



9. Summary of Funds Held

9.1 The table below shows a summary of the funds held as at 31 December 2017

Summary of Funds held					
Fund	£				
Revenue Reserves*	14,649,947				
Capital Receipts Reserves*	2,758,970				
General Funds Reserve	2,000,217				
Cash flow Balances	545,866				
Total Value of Investments	19,955,000				

^{*}these funds will be utilised through the Council's 5 year financial planning period

10. Borrowing

- 10.1 On 31 March 2008 the Council borrowed £4.0m from Barclays Bank Plc, to part fund the new Newmarket Leisure Centre. It is a long term loan, for 70 years, to 31 March 2078, at a rate of 4.24%, with interest payable in arrears on the 31 March and 30 September each year.
- 10.2 The first interest payment for 2017/18, £84,567.67, was paid on 2 October 2017.
- 10.3 The Council also has two temporary loans totalling £2,000 which are repayable on 7 days notices. No request to repay either loan has been received during the period covered by this report.

Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018-2019 and Treasury Management Code of Practice				
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/	009			
Report to and dates:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee 31 January 2018				
	Cabinet	13 February 2018			
	Council	21 February 2018			
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Stephen Edwards Portfolio Holder for Resources and Performance Tel: 01799 530325 Email: stephen.edwards@forest-heath.gov.uk				
Lead officer:	Rachael Mann Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) Tel: 01638 719245 Email: rachael.mann@westsuffolk.gov.uk				
Purpose of report:	To seek approval of the Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018-2019 (including Treasury related Prudential Indicators) and Treasury Management Code of Practice.				

It is <u>RECOMMENDED</u> that the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee:						
Co (E th) Make recommendations to Cabinet and Council regarding the <u>adoption</u> of updated (December 2017) Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice and Cross-Sectional Guidance Notes.					
Co Tı Ir	ouncil easury vestme	recommendations to Cabinet and regarding the <u>approval</u> of the Management Policy Statement and ent Strategy 2018-2019 (as set out dix 1 and 2); and				
Co	ouncil easury	ecommendations to Cabinet and regarding the <u>approval</u> of the Management Code of Practice (as Appendix 3 and 4);				
	,	ecision and, if so, under which				
Yes, it is a Key Decision - \square						
-	•					
		•				
• Treasury management activ						
	Tra the	rently undertaken in consultation with dition (City Deposit Cash Managers), Council's appointed treasury nagement fund managers.				
) :		: applicable				
Alternative option(s): • Not applicable Implications:						
I implica	tions?	Yes ⊠ No □				
ails		• Total budgeted interest receipts from investments for 2018-2019 is £224k. This amount has been included within the 2018-2019 budget setting process & MTFS.				
implicati	ions?	Yes □ No ⊠				
		•				
	' If	Yes □ No ⊠				
yes, please give details		•				
Are there any legal and/or policy implications? If yes, please give		Yes ⊠ No □				
case give		 Approval and adoption of the Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018-2019 and the Treasury Management Code of Practice will ensure compliance with relevant legislation and guidance from professional bodies, in terms of best practice. 				
	Audit S (1) M Co (2) M Co Tr in (3) M Co Tr se definition Yes, it is No, it is implicate ails lications?	(1) Make recouncil (December the Public Cross-Second (2) Make recouncil Treasury Investment in Appen (3) Make recouncil Treasury set out in Is this a Key December of the Is this a Key December of the Is a Key No, it is not a K				

Are there any equality implications? If yes, please give details		Yes □ No ⊠			
Risk/opportunity		(potential hazards or opportunities affectives, service or project objectives,			
Risk area	Inherent level of risk (before controls)	Controls	Residual risk (after controls)		
Fluctuations in interest rates or in projected cash flows having significant impact on budgeted investment income.	Low/Medium/ High* High	Spread of investments for periods up to five years. Budget monitoring and half yearly performance reports	Low/Medium/ High* Medium		
Bank / building society failure resulting in loss of Council funds.	High	Use of Tradition advice and counterparty credit ratings (based on Fitch, Moody and S&P ratings) and the setting of lending limits. Use of building societies based on asset base and additional credit ratings.	Medium ment are included within		
	Management and Inves Code of Practice.		ments 2018/19 and the		
Background pape (all background pape published on the we included)	pers are to be ebsite and a link				
Documents attached:		Appendix 1: Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018-2019 Appendix 2: Credit Ratings Definitions Appendix 3: Treasury Management Code of Practice Appendix 4: List of Approved Organisation			

1. Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018-2019

1.1 Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy

- 1.1.1 The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA) Treasury Management Code of Practice requires that, prior to the start of each financial year, the Council formally approve a Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy which sets out its treasury management policy and strategy for the forthcoming year.
- 1.1.2 The purpose of this report is to present those strategy statements for consideration.

1.2 Treasury Management Code of Practice

- 1.2.1 The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) recommend that all Councils adopt a Treasury Management Code of Practice based on the treasury management practices published by CIPFA and guidance issued in their Code of Practice.
- 1.2.2 Adherence to the principles of the CIPFA Code should ensure that Treasury Management activities within the Council are effectively managed and adequately controlled.

1.3 Major changes between the 2017-2018 Strategy and Code of Practice and the new 2018-2019 Strategy and Code of Practice

- 1.3.1 In December 2017 CIPFA issued an updated Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice and Cross-Sectional Guidance Notes. Consequently the Council has updated its Strategy and Code in line with these.
- 1.3.2 The main changes to the Strategy are as follows:
 - the four clauses to be formally adopted have been updated
 - an additional section has been added for 'investments that are not part of treasury management activity'
- 1.3.3 The main changes to the Code of Practice are as follows:
 - Introduction updated to reference new CIPFA Treasury Management Code 2017
 - Definitions updated to include 'investments' definition
 - Requirements for operation of the code removed section as duplicated elsewhere in the Code of Practice or in Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy
 - Treasury Management Policy Statement removed section as duplicated in Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy
 - Treasury management Practices
 - o TMP 1 general statement updated to reference due diligence
 - o TMP 1 all the subsections have slightly updated wording
 - TMP 1 (5) Inflation Risk has been renumbered previously TMP1

- subsection (9)
- Previous Market Risk Management TMP has been replaced with TMP
 1 (9) Price Risk Management and has updated wording
- $_{\odot}$ TMP 4 updated with sentence about use of derivatives and compliance with MiFID II
- o TMP 6 addition paragraph regarding regular monitoring reports
- Section added for 'investments that are not part of treasury management activity' links to the new requirement for a Capital Strategy

2. Interest Rate Projections

2.1 The following table shows the revised interest rate projections based on the current economic climate.

	Previous Strategy	New Strategy
2018/19	0.90%	0.60%
2019/20	0.90%	0.90%
2020/21	0.90%	1.25%
2021/22		1.50%

3. Counterparty Ratings

- 3.1.1 There have been no changes to the Credit Rating Definitions since the 2017-2018 Strategy was presented to Cabinet February 2017.
- 3.1.2 Please see **Appendix 2**, Credit Rating Definitions, for full details.

4. List of Approved Organisations for Investment and Lending Criteria and Limits

- 4.1.1 There have been a few minor changes to the List of Approved Organisations for Investment during 2017-2018 due to credit rating changes and changes to the Top 10 List of Building Societies.
- 4.1.2 Please see **Appendix 4**, List of Approved Organisations for Investment, for full details.





FOREST HEATH DISTRICT COUNCIL

TREASURY MANAGEMENT POLICY STATEMENT AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY 2018/2019

To be approved at Council on 21 February 2018

TREASURY MANAGEMENT POLICY STATEMENT 2018/19

- 1. The Council defines its treasury management activities as:
 - "The management of the organisation's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and pursuit of the optimum performance consistent with those risks".
- 2. The Council regards the successful identification, monitoring and control of risk to be the prime criteria by which the effectiveness of its treasury management activities will be measured. Accordingly, the analysis and reporting of treasury management activities will focus on their risk implications for the Council, and any financial instruments entered into to manage these risks.
- 3. The Council acknowledges that effective treasury management will provide support towards the achievement of its business and service objectives. It is therefore committed to the principles of achieving value in treasury management, and to employing suitable comprehensive performance measurement techniques, within the context of effective risk management.
- 4. The Council's policies for borrowing and investments are detailed in the Treasury Management Annual Investment Strategy below.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY 2018/19

Introduction

- 5. Guidance from the Department for Communities and Local Government (CLG) on Local Government Investments in England requires that an Annual Investment Strategy be set by the Council.
- 6. The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's (CIPFA) Treasury Management Code of Practice also sets out various requirements for the Council to meet including adoption of the following four clauses:
 - The Council will create and maintain, as the cornerstones of effective treasury management:
 - a treasury management policy statement, stating the policies, objectives and approach to risk management of its treasury management activities
 - suitable treasury management practices (TMP's), setting out the manner in which the council will seek to achieve those policies and objectives, and prescribing how it will management and control those activities

The content of the policy statement and TMP's will follow the recommendations contained in Sections 6 & 7 of the Code, subject only to amendment where necessary to reflect the particular circumstances of the council. Such amendments will not result in the council materially deviating from the Code's key principles.

- The Council (ie full council) will receive reports on its treasury management policies, practices and activities, including, as a minimum, an annual strategy and plan in advance of the year, a mid-year review and an annual report after its close, in the form prescribed in its TMP's.
- The Council delegates responsibility for the implementation and regular monitoring of its treasury management policies and practices to the Treasury Management Sub-Committee and for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions to the Section 151 Officer, who will act in accordance with the organisation's policy statement and TMPs and, if he/she is a CIPFA member, CIPFA's Standard of Professional Practice on Treasury Management.
- This organisation nominates the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee to be responsible for ensuring effective scrutiny of the treasury management strategy and policies.
- 7. The Council's general policy objective is to invest surplus funds prudently. The Council's investment priorities are; security and liquidity of the capital at an optimum yield which is commensurate with security and liquidity.

Risk Management

- 8. The Council regards the successful identification, monitoring and control of risk to be prime criteria by which the effectiveness of its Treasury Management activities will be measured. The main risks to the Council's treasury activities are:
 - Credit and Counterparty Risk Security of the Council's Investments.
 - Market or Interest Rate Risk Fluctuations in interest rate levels and thereby in the value of investments.
 - Liquidity Risk Inadequate cash resources.
 - Inflation Risk Exposure to inflation.
 - Legal and Regulatory Risk Non compliance with Statutory and Regulatory requirements and the risk of fraud.
- 9. The above risks have been taken into account when setting the proposed Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy Statements. The risk that remains the Council's primary focus is that around the credit and counterparty risk and potential loss of its investments in a similar way to that following the Icelandic Banks collapse. The controls that the Strategy require are:
 - credit worthiness checks of counterparties through the 3 main credit rating agencies; or
 - Asset Value checks assisting the Council to manage this risk.
- 10.Officers also have access, through the Council's external fund managers to real time market advice and expertise.
- 11. Further risk centres on the loss of interest receipts through decreased interest rates which has a direct impact on the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS). Should the market move in an adverse direction, the actual receipts will be lower than forecast budgets and therefore have a detrimental effect on this significant revenue income stream to the MTFS. In the current climate this is a high risk for the Council but beyond its control. The position will be monitored and actual interest receipts against

- forecast will be reported through Joint Leadership Team and Performance, Audit and Scrutiny Committee, the outcome of which may require the Council to revise its MTFS accordingly.
- 12. Given the current volatility in financial markets and the performance of institutions, it is probable that status changes may occur during the next 12 months. Accordingly it may be necessary for Officers to update Members verbally as to the impact of these changes and, if appropriate, on alternative courses of action which may have to be considered in order for the Council to have worthwhile investment opportunities during the year.

Scheme of delegation and the role of the Section 151 officer

- 13. The Section 151 Officer, or Deputy Section 151 Officer, has delegated responsibility under the Treasury Management Code of Practice for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions.
- 14. The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer may delegate their treasury management responsibilities to members of their staff. The full scheme of delegation can be found in the Council's Treasury Management Code of Practice (in the section TMP5 Organisation, Clarity and Segregation of Responsibilities, and Dealing Arrangements).
- 15.Staff that have responsibility for the treasury function are required to have sufficient knowledge and expertise in treasury management to be able to understand and critically consider the advice provided by the Council's treasury consultants.
- 16. The training needs of staff are considered on a regular basis as part of the Council's appraisal process. The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure that treasury management staff receive appropriate training and have the necessary skills to be able to undertake their duties effectively.

Use of External Brokers/Advisors/Fund Managers

- 17. The Council has approval for the use of fund managers, brokers and/or advisors.
- 18. The Council will ensure, through regular meetings and discussions with their fund managers, brokers and/or advisors, that the service is tailored to the Council's needs and strategic aims, and that they appreciate the Council's position on the balance between risk and reward in its treasury activities. The Council has regard to all the advice and information provided by the external support, but responsibility for treasury decisions remains with the Council.

Creditworthiness Policy & Lending Criteria

19. The Council needs to set investment criteria for both internally and externally managed funds, based on who is an appropriate institution to hold the Council deposits. Ideally any counterparty policy should spread investments over the maximum number of counterparties, who vary in type i.e. building societies or banks. However, the key concern of the counterparty policy is to manage risk in a practical

way rather than stick to a theoretical ideal. Usually those organisations or types of investments with the lower risk (best credit worthiness) are those that pay the lowest returns, those with lower credit worthiness have to pay the higher returns to attract investors. Therefore the Council must strike a balance of risk and return.

- 20. There are numerous ways of measuring credit worthiness, the most widely adopted are reliant on private credit rating companies, who score the worthiness of some banks and financial institutions. The companies most commonly used are Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor's.
- 21.Officers recommend the approach to use credit ratings from these 3 credit agencies and the Building Society £1bn Assets List to determine counterparty strength. The Council's counterparty policy's fundamental principle is to limit investments to UK institutions of good credit worth and where most importantly government support can be expected.
- 22. The Council is required to categorise the types of investments/institutions that it is delegating to officers to use. The Council will maintain a counterparty list in compliance with the following criteria:
 - For short term investments (less than 1 year) Credit rating as follows:
 - Fitch Rating F1+, F1 or F2
 - Moody's Rating P1 or P2
 - Standard & Poor's Rating AAA, AA or A

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given to

their credit rating, if one is available, in line with the

criteria above)

All 3 credit rating agency scores will be reviewed. Appendix 2 provides the Credit Agencies definitions.

- For long term investments (1 year or more) Credit rating as follows:
 - Fitch Rating AAA to BBB*
 - Moody's Rating Aaa to Baa2*
 - Standard & Poor's Rating AAA to BBB*

*The Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) will consult with the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Performance and Governance before an investment is made with a BBB+ or a BBB rated institution.

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given to

their credit rating, if one is available, in line with the

criteria above)

All 3 credit rating agency scores will be reviewed.

- Credit worthiness check of £1bn of Assets for all Building Societies; using the Building Societies Association guide which lists the assets of UK Building Societies, ranked by group assets, taken from their latest annual reports.
- Period of Investments to be limited to 5 years maximum.

- The use of UK institutions only for internally managed funds.
- Maximum investment limit per institution of £8.5M (£10.5M Lloyds/Bank of Scotland, which is heavily government owned and the Council bank), £6.5M if it is a Building Society in the Top 10 of the Building Societies Association guide or, £5.5M if it is a Building Society that falls below the Top 10 listed on the Building Societies Association guide but still holds the required £1bn in assets. The limit per institution is broken down between internally managed and externally managed funds as set out in the following table:

Г	_	Г			
	Credit Rating	Credit Rating	<u>CDCM</u>	<u>Internally</u>	<u>Aggregated</u>
<u>Institution</u>	Short Term	Long Term	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Managed</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
	(Fitch	(Fitch	Investment	<u>Maximum</u>	Investment
	Moody's, S&P)	Moody's, S&P)		Investment	per Institution
			£M	£M	£M
UK Clearing Banks	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*	6	2.5	8.5
(Lloyds/Bank of	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*			
Scotland)	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*	(7)	(3.5)	(10.5)
UK Building Societies	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
(The Top 10 & £1bn	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	4	2.5	6.5
Assets)	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
UK Building Societies	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
(from Top 11 downwards & £1bn	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	4	1.5	5.5
Assets)	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
,	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
UK Clearing Bank Subsidiaries	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	4	2.5	6.5
	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
Other UK Banks (with	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*	_		
links to overseas	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	4	1.5	5.5
banks)	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
Overseas Banks	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2*	3	0	3
Overseas Baliks	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*	3	0	3
	7.5.0 ij 70 ij 01 A	,			
Local Authorities	N/A	N/A	7	3	10
Debt Management Office	N/A	N/A	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited

*The Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) will consult with the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Performance and Governance before an investment is made with a BBB+ or a BBB rated institution.

- Where banks or building societies are part of a merged group structure (jointly owned) the limits apply to the group as a whole not separately to individual banks.
- With regard to the Council's internally managed call accounts, interest receipts will not be included when considering investment limits. This is due to interest receipts being paid into the call accounts directly. Therefore until a withdrawal can

be made the balance within the account may temporarily exceed the limits stated above.

- 23.It is proposed that the Council's current externally managed portfolio with CDCM is to continue to be invested for periods of up to 5 years, in line with the Council's overall cash flow requirements. In this way it is anticipated that a profile of maturing investments will protect the Council against the impact of low interest rates while, at the same time, allowing it to take advantage of positive changes in investment returns. Internally managed funds will continue to be placed over relatively short periods, thus ensuring that there are sufficient resources to meet all the Council's expenditure commitments throughout the year.
- 24.In looking for security and a return on smaller investments the Council will continue to use deposit /call accounts with major banks and building societies on its approved counterparty list. In parallel with this option, and to deal with any further uncertainties in the financial markets, it is proposed that, should the need arise the Council will place investments with the Debt Management Office through the Debt Management Agency Deposit Facility or with Local Authorities direct. Whilst the rates of interest earned are below market rates the Council's capital investments will be protected.
- 25.In line with the recommendations in previous strategies, the Council's investment portfolio combines a mix of banks and building societies.

Investment Security - Specified and Unspecified Investments

- 26. The Secretary of State requires that the Council identifies institutions which will be used for specified and unspecified investments.
- 27. The definitions of specified and unspecified investments are shown below:
 - An investment is a *specified investment* if all of the following apply:
 - (a) the investment is denominated in sterling and any payments or repayments in respect of the investment are payable only in sterling;
 - (b) the investment is not a long-term investment (1 year or more)
 - (c) the making of the investment is not defined as capital expenditure by virtue of regulation 25(1)(d) of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting)(England) Regulations 2003 [SI 3146 as amended];
 - (d) the investment is made with a body or in an investment scheme of high credit quality (see below); or with one of the following public sector bodies:
 - i. the UK Government
 - ii. a local authority in England & Wales (as defined in section 23 of the 2003 Act) or similar body in Scotland or Northern Ireland
 - iii. a parish or community council.

An institution is deemed to have a high credit quality if it holds a short term credit rating of at least one of the following:

Fitch F2 or better Standard & Poor's A or better Moody's P2 or better

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given to

their credit rating, if one is available, in line with the

criteria above)

An unspecified investment is any other investment that does not meet the
definition of a specified investment. Basically these are investments with maturity
dates greater than 1 year, or where no credit ratings have been awarded to the
organisations concerned.

The Council will not make unspecified investments unless the institution holds a long term credit rating of at least one of the following:

Fitch BBB or better*
Standard & Poor's Baa2 or better*
Moody's BBB or better*

*The Assistant Director (Resources and Performance) will consult with the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Performance and Governance before an investment is made with a BBB+ or a BBB rated institution.

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given to

their credit rating, if one is available, in line with the

criteria above)

<u>Investment Liquidity - Longer Term Investments</u>

28. The following longer term investment restrictions will apply:-

- No more than £20M (nominal) can be invested for periods of 1 year or longer.
- No investments can be made for periods longer than 5 years.
- The total value of funds controlled by any individual advisor/fund manager to the Council shall not exceed £30M (nominal).

On any day:

- No more than £15M (nominal) in total shall be held in investments where the remaining term up to the date of maturity is at least 4 years but not exceeding 5 years.
- No more than £20M (nominal) in total shall be held in investments where the remaining term up to the date of maturity exceeds 1 year.
- No more than 60% of the total value of investments held will be subject to a variable rate of return.

Borrowing/External Debt

- 29. The option of short or long term borrowing is available to the Council. However the Council must have regard to the Prudential Code when setting borrowing limits and must ensure that any borrowing is sustainable and affordable.
- 30. The Council's external debt as at 31 December 2017 was as follows:-

Public Works Loan Board 0
Mortgages 0

Bonds	0
Temporary Loans	2,000
Long Term Loans	4,000,000

31.In addition to the usual institutions used for borrowing, the Council may secure lending facilities with another local authority where suitable terms can be agreed and overall borrowing does not exceed the limits set within the Prudential Code.

Council's Banker

32. The Council's bankers are Lloyds Bank Plc. On adoption of this strategy, the bank meets the credit criteria of F2 or above for short term investments. It is the Council's intention to use the interest bearing current account, deposit accounts and / or call accounts provided by Lloyds for short term liquidity requirements (e.g. overnight and weekend investments) and business continuity arrangements.

Balanced Budget Requirement

33. The Council complies with the provisions of S32 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 to set a balanced budget.

Future Interest Rates

- 34. The Bank of England raised the Official Base rate to 0.50% on 2 November 2017. The rate had previously been 0.25% since 4 August 2016.
- 35. Given the current economic situation it is difficult to forecast when the base rate will increase. The Council will work with its external fund managers to ensure that it maximises all of its returns on investments in line with the latest information available.
- 36. The average investment interest rates which are expected to apply to the Council's investments have been determined in consultation with the external fund managers and have been included in the MTFS interest projections are as follows:
 - 2018/19 0.60%
 - 2019/20 0.90%
 - 2020/21 1.25%
 - 2021/22 1.50%

Total Investments

37.Please see the following table for full details of the investments held by the Council as at 31 December 2017.

Counterparty Name	Value £	Interest Rate %	Date Loaned	Date of Return
NATWEST ACCOUNT				
NatWest Liquidity Select Account	1,600,000	0.010		

BARCLAYS ACCOUNT Barclays FIBCA Account	5,000	0.010		
Barciays Fiber Account	3,000	0.010		
LLOYDS BANK	2,400,000	0.700	01-Apr-16	
95 day notice account				
SANTANDER				
180 day notice account	1,000,000	0.550	15-Oct-15	
95 day notice account	500,000	0.400	22-Apr-16	
TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS				
Newcastle Building Society	1,500,000	0.530	29-Sep-17	19-Mar-18
Skipton Building Society	1,750,000	0.310	02-Oct-17	19-Feb-18
National Counties Building Society	1,500,000	0.380	25-Oct-17	22-Jan-18
Yorkshire Building Society	1,200,000	0.400	15-Nov-17	23-Feb-18
Principality Building Society	2,000,000	0.540	01-Dec-17	23-Apr-18
CDCM MANAGED INVESTMENTS				
Close Bros Ltd	2,000,000	1.000	09-Jan-17	09-Jul-18
Close Bros Ltd	1,000,000	0.800	09-Jan-17	08-Jan-18
National Counties Building Society	3,500,000	0.780	09-Feb-17	09-Feb-18
TOTAL VALUE OF INVESTMENTS HELD	19,755,000			

Capital Finance

38. The financing of the Council's capital programme is considered by Cabinet and is ratified by Council. External financing is required to be inline with the Councils approved Treasury Management and Investment Strategy and approved Prudential Indicators.

Treasury Management Code of Practice

39. The Treasury Management Code of Practice is the subject of a separate report approved by Council. The Code of Practice underpins the Strategy and provides further details regarding the operational requirements and processes regarding treasury management

Prudential Indicators

40.The Council's overall Treasury Management Strategy and Code of Practice links into the Council's Prudential Indicators and Minimum Revenue Provision Policy which are subject to separate reports to Council. A summary of the treasury related indicators is as follows, however these may be subject to change during the final budget setting processes. The final Prudential Indicator figures will be approved by Council in February:

	2017/18 Approved	2017/18 Revised	2018/19 Budget	2019/20 Budget	2020/21 Budget
TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRUDENTIAL INDICATORS	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000	£,000
Authorised limit for external debt					

Borrowing	28,947	18,578	38,875	50,892	50,892
Other long term liabilities	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	28,947	18,578	38,872	50,892	50,892
Operational boundary for external debt Borrowing	26,053	16,720	34,985	45,803	45,803
Other long term liabilities	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	26,053	16,720	34,985	45,803	45,803
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Maturity Structure of Borrowing	%		%	%	%
Upper Limit for % of borrowing maturing in:					
• Under 12 Months	20%		20%	20%	20%
• 1 - 2 years	20%		20%	20%	20%
• 2 - 5 years	20%		20%	20%	20%
• 5 - 10 years	20%		20%	20%	20%
Over 10 years	100%		100%	100%	100%
The lower limit for all periods	0%		0%	0%	0%
Upper limit for fixed interest rate exposure expressed as a % of total investments	100%		100%	100%	100%
Upper limit for variable rate exposure expressed as a % of total investments	60%		60%	60%	60%
	£,000		£,000	£,000	£,000
Upper limit for total principal sums invested for over 364 days (per maturity date)	20,000		20,000	20,000	20,000

Investments That Are Not Part Of The Treasury Management Activity

41.In addition to treasury management investment activities, the Council may invest in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, these investments will be proportional to the level of resources available to the Council and the Council will ensure that the same robust procedures for consideration of risk and return are applied to these decisions.

Management practices for non-treasury investments

42. This Council recognises that investment in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, taken for non-treasury management purposes, requires careful investment management. Such activities includes loans supporting services outcomes, investments in subsidiaries, and investment property portfolios.

- 43. This Council will ensure that all council investments are covered in the capital strategy, investment strategy or equivalent, and will set out, where relevant, the organisation's risk appetite and specific policies and arrangements for non-treasury investments. It will recognise that the risk appetite for these activities may differ from that for treasury management.
- 44. The Council, in its Capital Strategy, will maintain a schedule setting out a summary of existing material investments, subsidiaries, joint ventures and liabilities including financial guarantees and the organisation's risk exposure.
- 45. The Council's Capital Strategy is held as a separate document which is approved by Council and is available on our website.

Definition of Credit Agency's ratings

Credit ratings provide an opinion on the relative ability of an entity to meet financial commitments, such as interest, preferred dividends, repayment of principal, insurance claims or counterparty obligations. Credit ratings are used by investors as indications of the likelihood of receiving the money owed to them in accordance with the terms on which they invested. The agency's credit ratings cover the global spectrum of corporate, sovereign (including supranational and sub-national), financial, bank, insurance, municipal and other public finance entities and the securities or other obligations they issue, as well as structured finance securities backed by receivables or other financial assets.

A summary of Fitch's, Moody's and Standard & Poor's equivalent short term credit ratings (highest to adequate/acceptable) are shown in the following tables, with ratings explanations.

Fitch ratings

Short-Term

Long-Term

Rating	Rating Explanation	Rating	Rating Explanation	
F1 - Highest Credit Quality	Indicates the strongest intrinsic capacity for timely payment of financial commitments; may have an added '+' to denote any exceptionally strong credit feature.	AAA – Highest Credit Quality	'AAA' ratings denote the lowest expectation of default.	
F2 - Good Credit	Good intrinsic capacity for timely payment of financial commitments.	AA – Very High Credit Quality	'AA' ratings denote expectations of very low default risk.	
Quality		A – High Credit Quality	'A' ratings denote expectations of low default risk.	
F3 - Fair Credit Quality The intrinsic capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is adequate.		BBB – Good Credit Quality	'BBB' ratings indicate that expectations of default risk are currently low.	

Moody's ratings

Short-Term Long-Term

Rating		Rating Explanation	Rating	Rating Explanation	
P1 Prime-1		Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-1 have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligation.	Aaa - Highest Quality	Obligations rated Aaa are judged to be of the highest quality, subject to the lowest level of credit risk.	
P2 Prime	Drive e 2	Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-2 have a strong ability to repay short-term debt obligation.	Aa – High Quality	Obligations rated Aa are judged to be of high quality and are subject to very low credit risk.	
	Prime-2		A – Upper Medium Grade	Obligations rated A are judged to be upper-medium grade and are subject to low credit risk.	
Р3	Prime-3	Issuers (or supporting institutions) rated Prime-3 have an acceptable ability to repay short-term debt obligation.	Baa – Medium Grade	Obligations rated Baa are judged to be medium-grade and are subject to moderate credit risk.	

Standard and Poor's ratings

Short-Term and Long-Term

Rating	Rating Explanation	
`AAA' - Highest Rating	Extremely strong capacity to meet financial commitments.	
`AA′	Very strong capacity to meet financial commitments.	
`A'	Strong capacity to meet financial commitments, but somewhat susceptible to adverse economic conditions and changes in circumstances.	
'BBB'	Adequate capacity to meet financial commitments, but more subject to adverse economic conditions.	



FOREST HEATH DISTRICT COUNCIL

Treasury Management

Code of Practice

INTRODUCTION

This Treasury Management Code of Practice has been compiled in line with the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice and Cross-Sectoral Guidance Notes 2017 ("the CIPFA Code").

Adherence to the principles of this Code should ensure that Treasury Management within the authority is adequately controlled, and carried out in accordance with professional guidance of best practice.

This Treasury Management Code of Practice has been written in conjunction with the Council's Treasury Management Policy Statement and Investment Strategy 2018/19.

The Institute recommends the Council to adopt this Code for Treasury Management in the Authority.

DEFINITION OF THE CODE

For the purposes of this Code, "Treasury Management Activities" is defined as:-

"The management of the Local Authority's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of the optimum performance consistent with those risks."

'Investments' in the definition above covers all the financial assets of the Council, as well as other non-financial assets which the organisation holds primarily for financial returns, such as investment property portfolios. This may therefore include investments which are not managed as part of the normal treasury management or under treasury management delegations. All investments require an appropriate investment management and risk management framework under this Code.

PURPOSE OF THE CIPFA CODE

The objectives of the CIPFA Code are:-

- To assist public service organisations in the development and maintenance of firm foundations and clear objectives for their treasury management activities, and thereby to add to their credibility in the public eye.
- To emphasise the overriding importance of effective risk management as the foundation for treasury management in all public service bodies.
- To encourage the pursuit of value for money in treasury management, and to promote the reasoned use, development and appreciation of appropriate and practical measures of performance.
- To enable CIPFA Members to fulfil their professional and contractual responsibilities to the organisations they serve and, in accordance with the members' charter, "to maintain and develop the professional competence of both themselves and those they supervise".
- To help facilitate a standardisation and codification of treasury management policies and practices in the public services.
- To assist those involved in the regulation and review of treasury management in the public services, particularly those charged with the audit of the same.
- To foster a continuing debate on the relevance and currency of the statutory and regulatory regimes under which treasury management in the various parts of the public services operates.
- To further the understanding and confidence of, and to act as a reference work for, financial and other institutions whose businesses bring them into contact with the treasury management activities of public service organisations.

TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following Treasury Management Practices (TMPs) are incorporated in the Treasury Management Code of Practice in accordance with CIPFA Guidance:-

TMP 1	Risk management
TMP 2	Performance measurement
TMP 3	Decision making and analysis
TMP 4	Approved instruments, methods and techniques
TMP 5	Organisation, clarity and segregation of responsibilities
	and dealing arrangements
TMP 6	Reporting requirement and management information
	arrangements
TMP 7	Budgeting, accounting and audit arrangements
TMP 8	Cash and cash flow management
TMP 9	Money laundering
TMP 10	Training and qualifications
TMP 11	Use of external service providers
TMP 12	Corporate governance

TMP 1 Risk Management

General Statement

This Council regards a key objective of its treasury management activities to be the security of the principal sums it invests. Accordingly, it will ensure that robust due diligence procedures will cover all external investments.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will design, implement and monitor all arrangements for the identification, management and control of treasury management risk, will report at least annually on the adequacy/suitability thereof, and will report, as a matter of urgency, the circumstances of any actual or likely difficulty in achieving the organisation's objectives in this respect, all in accordance with the procedures set out in TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements.

In respect of each of the following risks, the arrangements which seek to ensure compliance with these objectives are set out in the schedule to this document.

1. **Credit and Counterparty Risk Management**

Definition: The risk of failure by a counterparty to meet its contractual obligations to the organisation under an investment, borrowing, capital project or partnership financing, particularly as a result of the counterparty's diminished creditworthiness, and the resulting detrimental effect on the organisation's capital or current (revenue) resources.

The Council will ensure that its counterparty lists and limits reflect a prudent attitude towards organisations with whom funds may be deposited, and will limit its treasury management investment activities to the instruments, methods and techniques referred to in TMP4 Approved instruments, methods and techniques and listed in the schedule to this document. It also recognises the need to have, and will therefore maintain, a formal counterparty policy in respect of those organisations from which it may borrow, or with whom it may enter into other financing or derivative arrangements.

2. **Liquidity Risk Management**

Definition: The risk that cash will not be available when it is needed, that ineffective management of liquidity creates additional unbudgeted costs, and the organisation's business/service obiectives compromised.

The Council will ensure it has adequate though not excessive cash resources, borrowing arrangements, overdraft or standby facilities to enable it at all times to have the level of funds available to it which are necessary for the achievement of its business/services objectives.

This Council will only borrow in advance of need where there is a clear business case for doing so and will only do so for the current capital programme or to finance future debt maturities.

3. **Interest Rate Risk Management**

Definition: The risk that fluctuations in the levels of interest rates create an unexpected or unbudgeted burden on the organisation's finances, against which the organisation has failed to protect itself adequately. Page 164

The Council will manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates with a view to containing its interest costs, or securing its interest revenues, in accordance with the amounts provided in its budgetary arrangements as amended in accordance with TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements.

It will achieve this by the prudent use of its approved financing and investment instruments, methods and techniques, primarily to create stability and certainty of costs and revenues, but at the same time retaining sufficient degree of flexibility to take advantage of unexpected, potentially advantageous changes in the level or structure of interest rates. This should be subject to the consideration and, if required, approval of any policy or budgetary implications.

The Council also has an interest equalisation reserve which, if necessary, can be used to help smooth out the level of interest received due to fluctuations in interest rates.

4. Exchange Rate Risk Management

Definition: The risk that fluctuations in foreign exchange rates create an unexpected or unbudgeted burden on the organisation's finances, against which the organisation has failed to protect itself adequately.

The Council will manage its exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates so as to minimise any detrimental impact on its budgeted income/expenditure levels.

5. Inflation Risk Management

Definition: Inflation risk, also called purchasing power risk, is the chance that the cash flows from an investment won't be worth as much in the future because of changes in purchasing power due to inflation.

The Council will keep under review the sensitivity of its treasury assets and liabilities to inflation, and will seek to manage the risk accordingly in the context if the Council's inflation exposures.

6. **Refinancing Risk Management**

Definition: The risk that maturing borrowings, capital, project or partnership financings cannot be refinanced on terms that reflect the provisions made by the organisation for those refinancing, both capital and current (revenue), and/or that the terms are inconsistent with prevailing market conditions at the time.

The Council will ensure where applicable that its borrowing, private financing and partnership arrangements are negotiated, structured and documented, and the maturity profile of the monies so raised are managed, with a view to obtaining offer terms for renewal or refinancing, if required, which are competitive and as favourable to the organisation as can reasonably be achieved in the light of market conditions prevailing at the time.

It will actively manage its relationships with its counterparties in these transactions in such a manner as to secure this objective, and will avoid

overreliance on any one source of funding if this might jeopardise achievement of the above.

7. Legal and Regulatory Risk Management

Definition: The risk that the organisation itself, or an organisation with which it is dealing in its treasury management activities, fails to act in accordance with its legal powers or regulatory requirements, and that the organisation suffers losses accordingly.

The Council will ensure that all of its treasury management activities comply with its statutory powers and regulatory requirements. It will demonstrate such compliance, if required to do so, to all parties with whom it deals in such activities. In framing its credit and counterparty policy under TMP1(1) credit and counterparty risk management, it will ensure that there is evidence of counterparties' powers, authority and compliance in respect of the transactions they may effect with the organisation, particularly with regard to duty of care and fees charged.

The Council recognises that future legislative or regulatory changes may impact on its treasury management activities and, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, will seek to minimise the risk of these impacting adversely on the organisation.

8. Fraud, Error and Corruption, and Contingency Management

Definition: The risk that an organisation fails to identify the circumstances in which it may be exposed to the risk of loss through fraud, error, corruption or other eventualities in its treasury management dealings, and fails to employ suitable systems and procedures and maintain effective contingency management arrangements to these ends. It includes the area of risk commonly referred to as operational risk.

The Council will ensure that it has identified the circumstances which may expose it to the risk of loss through fraud, error, corruption or other eventualities in its treasury management dealings. Accordingly, it will employ suitable systems and procedures, and will maintain effective contingency management arrangements to these ends. Further information regarding this is set out in the schedule to this document.

9. **Price Risk Management**

Definition: The risk that, through adverse market fluctuations in the value of the principal sums an organisation invests, its stated treasury management policies and objectives are compromised, against which effects it has failed to protect itself adequately.

The Council will seek to ensure that its stated treasury management policies and objectives will not be compromised by adverse market fluctuations in the value of the principal sums it invests, and will accordingly seek to protect itself from the effects of such fluctuations.

TMP 2 Performance Management

The Council is committed to the pursuit of value for money in its treasury management activities, and to the use of performance methodology in support of that aim, within the framework set out in its treasury management policy statement.

Accordingly, the treasury management function will be the subject of ongoing analysis of the value it adds in support of the organisation's stated business or service objectives. It will be the subject of regular examination of alternative methods of service delivery, of the availability of fiscal or other grant or subsidy incentives, and of the scope for other potential improvements. The performance of the treasury management function will be measured using the criteria set out in the schedule to this document.

TMP 3 Decision-Making and Analysis

The Council will maintain full records of its treasury management decisions, and of the processes and practices applied in reaching those decisions, both for the purpose of learning from the past, and for demonstrating that reasonable steps were taken to ensure that all issues relevant to those decisions were taken into account at the time. The issues to be addressed and processes and practices to be pursued in reaching decisions are detailed in the schedule to this document.

TMP 4 Approved Instruments, Methods and Techniques

This organisation will undertake its treasury management activities by employing only those instruments, methods and techniques detailed in the schedule to this document, and within the limits and parameters defined in TMP1 Risk management.

Where this Council intends to use derivative instruments for the management of risks, these will be limited to those set out in its annual treasury strategy. The Council will seek proper advice and will consider that advice when entering into arrangements to use such products to ensure that it fully understands those products.

The Council has reviewed its classification with financial institutions under MiFID II and keeps a record of those organisations with which it is registered as a professional client and those with which it has an application outstanding to register as a professional client.

TMP 5 Organisation, Clarity and Segregation of Responsibilities, and Dealing Arrangements

This organisation considers it essential, for the purposes of the effective control and monitoring of its treasury management activities, for the reduction of the risk of fraud or error, and for the pursuit of optimum performance, that these activities are structured and managed in a fully integrated manner, and that there is at all times a clarity of treasury management responsibilities.

The principle on which this will be based is a clear distinction between those charged with setting treasury management policies and those charged with implementing and controlling these policies, particularly with regard to the execution and transmission of

funds, the recording and administering of treasury management decisions, and the audit and review of the treasury management function.

If and when the Council intends, as a result of lack of resources or other circumstances, to depart from these principles, the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure that the reasons are properly reported in accordance with TMP6 Reporting requirement and management information arrangements, and the implications properly considered and evaluated.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure that there are clear written statements of the responsibilities for each post engaged in treasury management, and the arrangements for absence cover. The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will also ensure that at all times those engaged in treasury management will follow the policies and procedures set out. The present arrangements are detailed within this document.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure there is proper documentation for all deals and transactions and that procedures exist for the effective transmission of funds. The present arrangements are detailed in the Treasury Management Procedural Notes.

The delegations to the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer in respect of treasury management are set out within this document. The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will fulfil all such responsibilities in accordance with the organisation's policy statement and TMPs and if a CIPFA member, the Standard of Professional Practice on Treasury Management.

TMP 6 Reporting Requirements and Management Information Arrangements

The Council will ensure that regular reports are prepared and considered on the implementation of its treasury management policies; on the effects of decisions taken and transactions executed in pursuit of those policies; on the implications of changes, particularly budgetary, resulting from regulatory, economic, market or other factors affecting its treasury management activities; and on the performance of the treasury management function.

As a minimum, Council will receive:

- An annual report on the strategy and plan to be pursued in the coming year.
- A mid-year review
- An annual report on the performance of the treasury management function, on the effects of the decisions taken and the transactions executed in the past year, and on any circumstances of non-compliance with the organisation's treasury management policy statement and TMPs.

The Council, or the committee to which some treasury responsibilities are delegated, will receive regular monitoring reports on treasury management activities and risks.

The body responsible for scrutiny, such as an audit or scrutiny committee, will have the responsibility for the scrutiny of treasury management policies and practices.

Local authorities should report the treasury management indicators as detailed in their sector-specified guidance notes.

The present arrangements and the form of these reports are detailed in the schedule to this document.

TMP 7 Budgeting, Accounting and Audit Arrangements

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will prepare, and the Council will approve and, if necessary, from time to time will amend, an annual budget for treasury management, which will bring together all of the costs involved in running the treasury management function, together with associated income. The matters to be included in the budget will at minimum be those required by statute or regulation, together with such information as will demonstrate compliance with TMP1 Risk management, TMP2 Performance measurement, and TMP4 Approved instruments, methods and techniques.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will exercise effective controls over this budget, and will report on and recommend any changes required in accordance with TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements.

The Council will account for its treasury management activities, for decisions made and transactions executed, in accordance with appropriate accounting practices and standards, and with statutory and regulatory requirements in force for the time being.

The Council will ensure that its auditors, and those charged with regulatory review, have access to all information and papers supporting the activities of the treasury management function as are necessary for the proper fulfilment of their roles, and that such information and papers demonstrate compliance with external and internal policies and approved practices. The information made available under present arrangements is detailed in the schedule to this document.

TMP 8 Cash and Cash Flow Management

Unless statutory or regulatory requirements demand otherwise, all monies in the hands of this organisation will be under the control of the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer, and will be aggregated for cash flow and investment management purposes. Cash flow projections will be prepared on a regular and timely basis, and the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure that these are adequate for the purposes of monitoring compliance with TMP1 (2) liquidity risk management, further information regarding this is set out in the schedule of this document.

TMP 9 Money Laundering

The Council is alert to the possibility that it may become the subject of an attempt to involve it in a transaction involving the laundering of money. Accordingly, it will maintain procedures for verifying and recording the identity of counterparties and reporting suspicions, and will ensure that all staff involved in this are properly trained.

Any suspicions of money laundering activities would be reported to the Internal Audit Manager who is the Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO) or the Senior Auditor who is the Deputy Money Laundering Reporting Officer.

TMP 10 Staff Training and Qualifications

The Council recognises the importance of ensuring that all staff involved in the treasury management function are fully equipped to undertake the duties and responsibilities allocated to them. It will therefore seek to appoint individuals who are both capable and experienced and will provide training for staff to enable them to acquire and maintain an appropriate level of expertise, knowledge and skills. The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will recommend and implement the necessary arrangements.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will ensure that the Council members tasked with treasury management responsibilities, including those responsible for scrutiny, have access to training relevant to their needs and those responsibilities.

Those charged with governance recognise their individual responsibility to ensure that they have the necessary skills to complete their role effectively.

The present arrangements are detailed within this document.

TMP 11 Use of External Service Providers

The Council recognises that responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with the Council at all times. It recognises that there may be potential value of employing external providers of treasury management services, in order to acquire access to specialist skills and resources. When it employs such service providers, it will ensure it does so for reasons which have been submitted to a full evaluation of the costs and benefits. It will also ensure that the terms of their appointment and the methods by which their value will be assessed are properly agreed and documented, and subjected to regular review. Where services are subject to formal procurement arrangements, legislative requirements will always be observed. The monitoring of such arrangements rests with the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer, and details of the current arrangements are set out in the schedule to this document.

TMP 12 Corporate Governance

The Council is committed to the pursuit of proper corporate governance throughout its businesses and services, and to establishing the principles and practices by which this can be achieved. Accordingly, the treasury management function and its activities will be undertaken with openness and transparency, honesty, integrity and accountability.

The Council has adopted and has implemented the key principles of the Code. This, together with the other arrangements detailed in the schedule to this document, are considered vital to the achievement of proper corporate governance in treasury management, and the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer will monitor and, if and when necessary, report upon the effectiveness of these arrangements.

INVESTMENTS THAT ARE NOT PART OF THE TREASURY MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY

Where, in addition to treasury management investment activities, organisations invest in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, these investments

should be proportional to the level of resources available to the organisation and the organisation should ensure that the same robust procedures for consideration of risk and return are applied to these decisions.

Management practices for non-treasury investments.

This Council recognises that investment in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, taken for non-treasury management purposes, requires careful investment management. Such activities includes loans supporting services outcomes, investments in subsidiaries, and investment property portfolios.

This Council will ensure that all council investments are covered in the capital strategy, investment strategy or equivalent, and will set out, where relevant, the organisation's risk appetite and specific policies and arrangements for non-treasury investments. It will recognise that the risk appetite for these activities may differ from that for treasury management.

The Council will maintain a schedule setting out a summary of existing material investments, subsidiaries, joint ventures and liabilities including financial guarantees and the organisation's risk exposure.

The Council's Capital Strategy is held as a separate document and is available on our website.

<u>SUPPORTING SCHEDULES TO THE TREASURY MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (TMPs)</u>

RISK MANAGEMENT (TMP1)

CREDIT AND COUNTERPARTY POLICIES RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(1)

<u>Criteria for Creating/Managing Approved Counter Party Lists for Investments</u>

The Councils Approved list of Organisations For Investments is detailed in Appendix A to this Code of Practice.

The list will consist only of organisations/institutions that meet the following criteria:

	1	T		1	
	Credit Rating	Credit Rating	CDCM	<u>Internally</u>	<u>Aggregated</u>
<u>Institution</u>	Short Term	Long Term	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Managed</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
	(Fitch	(Fitch	Investment	<u>Maximum</u>	Investment
	Moody's	Moody's		Investment	per Institution
	<u>S&P)</u>	<u>S&P)</u>	£M	£M	£M
UK Clearing Banks	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*	6	2.5	8.5
	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	0	2.5	6.0
(Lloyds/Bank of	AAA, AA, or	AAA to BBB*	(7)	(3.5)	(10.5)
Scotland)	Α	700000	(-)	(0.0)	(10.0)
UK Building	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2	AAA to BBB*			
Societies (The Top 10 & £1bn	AAA, AA, or	Aaa to Baa2*	4	2.5	6.5
Assets)	AAA, AA, OI A	AAA to BBB*			
UK Building					
Societies	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
(from Top 11	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	4	1.5	5.5
downwards & £1bn	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
Assets)					
III. Ola an'm na Danil	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
UK Clearing Bank Subsidiaries	P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or	Aaa to Baa2*	4	2.5	6.5
Subsidiaries	AAA, AA, OI A	AAA to BBB*			
	F1+, F1 or F2				
Other UK Banks	P1 or P2	AAA to BBB*		4.5	<i></i>
(with links to overseas banks)	AAA, AA, or	Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	1.5	5.5
Overseas Daliks)	Α	AAA IU DDD			
	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*			
Overseas Banks	P1 or P2	Aaa to Baa2*	3	0	3
	AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB*			
	, A				
Local Authorities	N/A	N/A	7	3	10
Debt Management	N/A	N/A	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited
Office	IN/A	IN/A	Ommineu	Ommineu	Omminited
		l .			l

^{*}The Head of Resources and Performance will consult with the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Performance and Governance before an investment is made with a BBB+ or a BBB rated institution.

Where banks or building societies are part of a merged group structure (jointly owned) the limits apply to the group as a whole not separately to individual banks.

With regard to the Council's internally managed call accounts, interest receipts will not be included when considering investment limits. This is due to interest receipts being paid into the call accounts directly. Therefore until a withdrawal can be made the balance within the account may temporarily exceed the limits stated above.

Organisations that hold an acceptable Credit Rating and are included on the approved list of organisations for investments will be checked, on a monthly basis (and before an investment is made), against the latest information available to ensure their rating is still acceptable to the Council.

If the use of the credit ratings from these 3 credit agencies show inconsistencies or questions, the Council will layer on top an assessment of Credit Default Swaps prices (a financial derivative product that is a type of insurance against default) to determine overall counterparty strength.

It is recognised, however, that during the term of an investment the credit rating of the institution may fall below the required standard. When this occurs advice will be sort from our external advisors regarding what should be done about the investment.

Investment Liquidity - Longer Term Investments

The following longer term investment restrictions will apply:-

- No more than £20M (nominal) can be invested for periods of 1 year or longer.
- No investments can be made for periods longer than 5 years.
- The total value of funds controlled by any individual advisor/fund manager to the Council shall not exceed £30M (nominal).

On any day:

- No more than £15M (nominal) in total shall be held in investments where the remaining term up to the date of maturity is at least 4 years but not exceeding 5 years.
- No more than £20M (nominal) in total shall be held in investments where the remaining term up to the date of maturity exceeds 1 year.
- No more than 60% of the total value of investments held will be subject to a variable rate of return.

Change of Limits for Amounts Invested

The investment limits (i.e. the maximum amount which can be invested with an organisation), can only be changed through approval by Council.

The investment limits are currently applicable to all investments made through the Council's External Fund Managers, which, when aggregated with other internally managed temporary investments, gives a maximum investment amount for the Council for each group of organisations.

Specified and Unspecified Investments

The Secretary of State requires that the Council identifies institutions which will be used for specified and unspecified investments.

The definitions of specified and unspecified investments are shown below:

Specified Investments

An investment is a specified investment if all of the following apply:

- (a) the investment is denominated in sterling and any payments or repayments in respect of the investment are payable only in sterling;
- (b) the investment is not a long-term investment (1 year or more)
- (c) the making of the investment is not defined as capital expenditure by virtue of regulation 25(1)(d) of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting)(England) Regulations 2003 [SI 3146 as amended];
- (d) the investment is made with a body or in an investment scheme of high credit quality (see below); or with one of the following public sector bodies:
 - (i) the UK Government
 - (ii) a local authority in England & Wales (as defined in section 23 of the 2003 Act) or similar body in Scotland or Northern Ireland
 - (iii) a parish or community council.

An institution is deemed to have a high credit quality if it holds a short term credit rating of at least one of the following:

Fitch F2 or better Standard & Poor's A or better Moody's P2 or better

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given

to their credit rating, if one is available, in line with

the criteria above)

Unspecified Investments

An unspecified investment is any other investment that does not meet the definition of a specified investment. Basically these are investments with maturity dates greater than 1 year, or where no credit ratings have been awarded to the organisations concerned.

The Council will not make unspecified investments unless the institution holds a long term credit rating of at least one of the following:

Fitch BBB or better*
Standard & Poor's Baa2 or better*
Moody's BBB or better*

Building Societies £1bn assets or more (consideration will also be given

to their credit rating, if one is available, in line with

the criteria above)

*The Head of Resources and Performance will consult with the Portfolio Holder for Resources, Performance and Governance before an investment is made with a BBB+ or a BBB rated institution.

Where a new counterparty has been approved for inclusion on the approved list of organisations for investments, the Council will provide evidence of that approval (when required by the counterparty) prior to the placing of any investments.

The approved institution will be requested to provide, on headed paper, its bank details, the deadline for closing deals, and details of the dealer's names and contact telephone numbers.

LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(2)

Approved Minimum Cash Balances and Short Term Investments

In order to maintain the position of the Council, in terms of liquidity, the following limits have been set: -

- ◆ Daily treasury management procedures will aim to maintain a forecast consolidated balance in the region of £25k to £1m. However, balances over £1.0m may be retained in the bank account to be used to cover payments going out within the next week and the total interest lost, by retaining this money, does not exceed £75.00.
- ♦ If two internally managed investments are being placed on the same day with different maturity dates, one counterparty may be used for the two investments even if the investment % rate offered on one of the investments is not the highest rate and the subsequent loss of interest incurred does not exceed the pre-set limit of £75 on that one investment. However, the counterparty in question must be willing to accept the two investments as one CHAPS payment.
- ◆ At least £1M of short-term investments will be retained by the Council to meet cash flow requirements. Whilst this is a recommended minimum, the Council does have access to a £1m overdraft facility for any unexpected short term borrowing.

This is to ensure that: -

- Cash flow requirements are fully met.
- ♦ The amounts of the individual sums invested are sufficient to make external investment economically viable.
- ♦ The amounts of the individual sums invested are sufficient to attract competitive rates of return.

Standby Facilities/Call Accounts/Notice Accounts

The Council also has call accounts with the Bank of Scotland (Corporate Instant Access Account), Barclays (Fixed Interest Bearing Current Account) and NatWest (Liquidity Select Account) and notice accounts with Lloyds (95 Day Notice Account) and Santander (95 Day Notice Account and 180 Day Notice Account).

Overdraft Arrangements

Overdraft arrangements have been arranged with the Council's bankers with a net limit of £1m. Interest will be charged at 2% above the Bank's Base Rate.

The Bank also operates a **Daylight Exposure Limit** (also known as the Settlement Risk Exposure), which allows the consolidated bank accounts can be overdrawn during the course of the working day; the limit is set at £25M. The daylight exposure limit is intended to cover any crossover periods during the day when large payments have to be made from the Council's bank accounts, but the expected credits may not be received until later in the day.

The daylight exposure limit only covers CHAPS payments.

Short & Long Term Borrowing Facilities

There is a borrowing limit that is set by the Council each year in accordance with the Local Government Act 2003. The limit is a specific indicator within the Councils Prudential Code which is reviewed annually in accordance with the code/best practice and is approved by Full Council.

Should the need for further borrowing prove necessary, or appropriate for strategic purposes, provided the limit is within the prudential indicator, then arrangements would be made in accordance with the code.

<u>INTEREST RATE RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(3)</u>

The Council will manage its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates with a view to securing its interest revenues, in accordance with the amounts provided in its budgetary arrangements as amended in accordance with TMP6 Reporting requirements and management information arrangements.

It will achieve this by the prudent use of its approved investment instruments, methods and techniques, primarily to create stability and certainty of revenues, but at the same time retaining a sufficient degree of flexibility to take advantage of unexpected, potentially advantageous changes in the level or structure of interest rates. This should be subject to the consideration and, if required, approval of any policy or budgetary implications.

The Council also has an interest equalisation reserve which, if necessary, can be used to help smooth out the level of interest received due to fluctuations in interest rates.

EXCHANGE RATE RISK - TMP1(4)

This is the risk that fluctuations in foreign exchange rates may create an unexpected, or unbudgeted, burden on the Council's finances. In order to mitigate this risk the Councils investments are restricted to sterling, however, it does have access to real-time market advice from its external fund managers which will enable it to assess any potential risks arising and to take any necessary action.

INFLATION RISK MANAGEMENT TMP 1 (5)

The effects of varying levels of inflation, insofar as they can be identified as impacting directly on its treasury management activities, will be controlled by the Council as an integral part of its strategy for managing its overall exposure to inflation.

It will achieve these objectives by the prudent use of its approved financing and investment instruments, methods and techniques, primarily to create stability and certainty of costs and revenues, but at the same time retaining a sufficient degree of flexibility to take advantage of unexpected, potentially advantageous changes in the level or structure of interest rates, exchange rates or inflation. The above are subject at all times to the consideration and, if required, approval of any policy or budgetary implications.

REFINANCING RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(6)

The Council holds reliable and accurate records of the terms and maturities of its borrowings (where applicable) to enable it to plan the timing of, and successfully negotiate appropriate terms for its refinancing, if required.

LEGAL AND REGULATORY RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(7)

The regulations and statutory provisions or any statutory amendment, regarding enactment or modification thereof, under which Treasury Management investments are performed would include: -

- ◆ Local Government Act 1972 (taking account of the Trustee Investment Act 1961).
- ♦ The Local Government Act 1989.
- ◆ Local Authorities (Capital Finance) Regulations 1990 (SI 1990 No. 426) as amended.
- ♦ Local Authorities (Capital Finance) (Approved Investments) (Amendment) Regulations 1990 (SI 1991 No. 501). This SI was one of many which amended SI 1990 No. 426 above.
- ◆ The Local Authorities (Contracting Out of Investment Functions) Order 1996 (SI 1996/1883).

The regulations and statutory provisions under which Treasury Management borrowing is performed would include: -

- ◆ The Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (including sections 43, 45 and 46 of that Act).
- ◆ The Public Works Loan Board Acts 1965 and 1967.
- ◆ The Local Authorities (Borrowing) Regulations 1990 (SI 1990/767) as amended by the Local Authority (Borrowing) (Amendment) Regulations 1991 (SI 1991/551).
- ♦ The Local Government Act 2003.

Treasury Management procedures will be updated to accommodate any new legislative provisions.

It is recognised that future legislative or regulatory changes may impact on its treasury management activities and, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, will seek to minimise the risk of these impacting adversely on the organisation.

FRAUD, ERROR AND CORRUPTION, AND CONTINGENCY MANAGEMENT – TMP1(8)

Fraud and Error

The Council recognises that there is a risk of fraud or error occurring through the performance of the Treasury Management function. Consequently procedures are in place to ensure control over the organisations with which the Council invests (see Credit and Counterparty Risk Management), and to ensure there is an adequate segregation of duties.

The Council now uses an internet based banking system in connection with the Treasury Management function, however access to this is tightly controlled and the security and integrity of the site/system is managed by the Council's bankers Lloyds Bank Plc (a separate procedure manual details the system, procedures and emergency /contingency arrangements applicable in terms of making payments, and obtaining treasury information is available).

Treasury information may be made available on the Councils website however care will be exercised to ensure that no sensitive Treasury information is published through such arenas.

The Council has an "Anti-fraud Policy" and "Whistle-blowing procedures" that identify measures to control the risk of fraud by staff and Members. These can be found in the Internal Audit section of the Council's website.

Internal Audit undertake an annual audit review of the Treasury Management system and assess the effectiveness of controls implemented to prevent or detect fraud and error.

Shortfall of Funds

Should the Council suffer an unforeseen shortfall of funds, the nature of the position should be discussed with the Section 151 Officer or the Deputy Section 151 Officer.

Dependent on the nature of the shortfall, it may be necessary to negotiate terms with the Councils bankers to cover the shortfall, or to loan money from a Broker.

The Council has access to a £1m overdraft with its current bankers and interest on this account would be charged at 2% above base rate.

Insurance

The Council holds Fidelity Guarantee insurance, which covers loss of money or property belonging to the Council or for which they are legally responsible, resulting from any act of fraud or dishonesty of its employees, discovered during the period of insurance or within 24 months of the expiration.

All employees are covered by the policy, with the following limits being applicable: -

Six Designated Resources and Performance Staff (responsible for Treasury management) $\pounds 5.0M$ All other staff $\pounds 0.5M$

The Resources and Performance posts insured for the Treasury Management value of £5M are as follows: -

Head of Resources and Performance Senior Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services) Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services) Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services) 2 x Business Support Officer (Treasury and Regulatory Services)

PRICE RISK MANAGEMENT - TMP1(9)

The Council mitigates this risk through the use of market advice from its External Fund Managers and through a monthly review of the credit ratings. The 2008 Credit Guarantee scheme has also been used previously, but has not been available since May 2010.

<u>Methodology Applied To Evaluate the Impact Of Treasury Management</u> **Decisions**

The Council invests its funds predominantly in fixed term deposits, a proportion of which are short term (to meet cash flow requirements) and the majority of which are invested for periods determined by the Council, in conjunction with its external fund managers, to meet its longer term requirements.

Political Risks and the Management Thereof

There are cycles of political change at both national and local levels. An overview of the political situation at both levels will be maintained, so that any likely political risks can be identified at the earliest opportunity, with a view to addressing any issues proactively at a corporate management level.

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT - TMP2

Frequency and Processes for Tendering

Under normal circumstances the Council will use two external organisations in relation to treasury management, these being its bankers and Fund Managers (who advise on investments).

The standing orders of the Council state that banking services should be subject to tender every five years. The last tender process was carried out in 2013/14 following which Lloyds Bank PLC was awarded the contract, which commenced on 1 April 2014.

Tradition, City Deposit Cash Managers (CDCM) were appointed as the Councils external fund manager (in terms of advising in the investment of surplus funds) in 1997.

CDCM's performance will be reported in the Annual Report and the Monitoring Report.

Performance Measurement of Treasury Management Activities

Overall the main benchmark for the rate of return on the Councils investments is the seven-day average rate calculated over the last 3 years, for Local Authority Deposits.

A quarterly statement is produced, for each of the Councils investment categories, showing the average rate of return for each category compared to the seven-day average rate. A comparison can be made between the performance of each investment category, which also provides a useful measure of the rate of return on those investments made through the Council's External Fund Managers.

The average rate calculations are weighted in order to take account of the value and duration of investments, in order to ensure an accurate rate of return is produced.

DECISION MAKING AND ANALYSIS - TMP3

Funding

Funding of the Council's capital expenditure is dealt with in a report to the Council prior to the commencement of each financial year.

A five year capital programme is presented to Council, for General Fund capital expenditure, along with the financing proposals.

Projections are carried out annually (and prior to the inclusion of any new capital projects) to ensure that sufficient finance is available to meet the Councils capital expenditure requirements.

Revenue funding is dealt with through the Revenue Budget and Council Tax setting process.

Borrowing

There is a borrowing limit that is set by the Council each year in accordance with the Local Government Act 2003. The limit is a specific indicator within the Councils Prudential Code which is reviewed annually in accordance with the code/best practice and is approved by full Council.

Should the need for further borrowing prove necessary, or appropriate for strategic purposes, provided the limit is within the prudential indicator, then arrangements would be made in accordance with the code. If the need to borrow exceeds the limit set in the prudential indicator approval will be sort from full Council.

Policy on Interest Rate Exposure

The Policy on interest rate exposure is now dealt with through the Prudential Code in accordance with the Local Government Act 2003. The limits that are being recommended to Council for 2018/19 are being considered and will be reported to Council as part of the Prudential Code update.

Processes/Records to be Held

When a loan is received, the following procedures should be followed, and records held: -

Prepare a temporary loan receipt and obtain the signature of a Director or the Head of Resources and Performance or duly authorised Officer.

Enter the details of the loan in the lender's account register and the repayment register.

If the loan is for a fixed term, enter the details of the loan in the cash flow spreadsheet on the maturity date.

When the broker's loan confirmation note is received, check the terms with the lender's account before filing it away.

List of Approved Methods of Raising Capital Finance

The following list specifies which borrowing instruments, on and off balance sheet, may be adopted where applicable:-

LONG TERM DEBT INSTRUMENTS	FIXED RATES	<u>VARIABLE</u>
		<u>RATES</u>
PWLB	*	*
Market Long Term	*	*
Local Bonds	*	
Local Authorities	*	*
Overdraft	*	
Negotiable Bonds	*	
Commercial Paper	*	
Medium Term Notes		*
Leasing		
SHORT TERM DEBT INSTRUMENTS		
	*	*
Market Temporary	*	*
Local Temporary	*	*
Stock Issues		

Should borrowing be through the utilisation of loan instruments, as defined by S43 (2) (C) of the Local Government & Housing Act 1989, the loan instruments will, wherever possible and to the closest possible degree, follow the format of the loan instrument proforma, published in the document compiled by the Financial Law Panel and entitled "Local Authority Borrowing - Loan Instruments, A Practice Recommendation". This policy is in accordance with the advice provided by CIPFA.

List of Approved Sources of Borrowing

LONG TERM BORROWING SOURCES OF FINANCE

Public Works Loan Board (PWLB)
 The main source of longer term borrowing for many Local Authorities has been from the Government through the Public Works Loan Board.

Money Market Loans - Long Term

Loans from the money markets do not usually match the lowest rates available from the PWLB. However this is not always the case especially for loans up to 5 years where money market loans may be more advantageous.

Local Bonds

The issue of local bonds enables members of the public to invest in Local Authorities.

Local Authorities

Loans from local authorities where suitable terms can be agreed and overall borrowing does not exceed the limits set within the Prudential Code.

♦ <u>Negotiable Bonds</u>

These are issued by a broker on behalf of a Local Authority. Each issue has to be authorised by the Bank of England.

♦ Commercial Paper and Sterling Medium Term Notes

The Local Government and Housing Act 1989 permits Local Authorities to issue these types of loan instrument:

- Sterling commercial paper (for 7 days to 1 year).
- Sterling medium term notes (for 1-5 years).

These are issued and transferable in minimum amounts of £100,000.

♦ Leasing

Operating leasing falls outside of capital controls and is often therefore used by Authorities for the purchase of equipment etc.

♦ Stock Issues

These are usually only available for very large amounts. Such issues are in excess of the Council's current requirements.

Short Term Borrowing Sources of Finance (up to 364 days)

♦ Overdraft

Overdraft arrangements have been arranged with the Council's bankers with a Limit of £1.0m. Interest will be charged at 2% per annum above the Bank's Base Rate.

Money Market Loans - Short Term

Loans from the Money Markets can be obtained on a short term basis.

♦ Local Temporary Loan

Temporary loans offer the opportunity for the public to make short term investments with an Authority.

♦ Local Authorities

Loans from local authorities where suitable terms can be agreed.

List of Approved Instruments for Investment

The approved investment instruments of the Council are detailed below:-

- Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by the Government
- Fixed deposits made with approved institutions

ORGANISATION, CLARITY AND SEGREGATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES, AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS – TMP5

Introduction

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer has delegated responsibility under the revised code for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions.

The Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer may delegate their treasury management responsibilities to members of their staff. Details of these arrangements are set out below.

Authorised signatories of the Council will be permitted to sign documentation relating to the Council's borrowings and investments.

The daily treasury management routines to be followed are available on request. These procedures will be maintained and reviewed annually.

Delegated Powers and Responsibilities

The Cabinet/Full Council is responsible for:

- ◆ Adoption of the revised CIPFA Treasury Management Code and Treasury Management Policy.
- Receiving, commenting on, and approval of the Annual Treasury Management and Investment Strategy Statements (prior to the commencement of the financial year).
- Receiving and commenting on an annual report on treasury management activity for the preceding financial year as soon as possible after the end of the financial year but in any case by the end of December.
- Receiving and commenting on other periodic reports on the treasury management function and its performance during the year.
- Approval of the Prudential Indicators, Authorised Borrowing Limit and Operational Boundary for borrowing.

The Assistant Director of Resources & Performance (151 Officer) is responsible for:

- Ensuring compliance with the treasury management policy statement and that the policy complies with the law.
- Carrying out regular reviews of the treasury management function.
- Ensuring that any variations to the treasury policy or the internal practices fully comply with the law and the code of practice.
- Ensuring that there is an adequate internal audit function.
- Liaising with the Deputy 151 Officer on treasury management decisions.
- Making long term investment decisions in accordance with the approved policy.
- Deciding on funding and short term policies for the ensuing year.
- Deciding on lending and investment policies for the ensuing year.
- ◆ Advising the Council on the acceptability and characteristics of treasury instruments.
- Establishing the vires of the proposed action and the instruments to be used.

- Ensuring that the organisation of the treasury management function is adequate to meet current requirements and that there is an appropriate division of duties.
- Assessing and appointing brokers/advisors/external fund managers.
- Reporting to elected members and advising the monitoring officer where that is appropriate.
- Re-determining treasury management strategy in the light of forecast changes in the economy and reporting it to members at the appropriate time.
- Approving changes to counterparty credit limits, in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Performance and Resources.
- Ensuring the adequacy of treasury management resources and skills, and the effective division of responsibilities within the treasury management function.

The Senior Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services) / Deputy Section 151 Officer is responsible for:

- Reviewing the annual Treasury Management Statement and Code of Practice.
- Overall management of the Treasury function.
- Deputising for the Assistant Director of Resources and Performance in his/her absence for matters relating to the treasury management function.
- Monitoring adherence to approved policy by treasury management team.
- Ensuring that an appropriate division of duties is in place and that all staff are properly trained to carry out the required duties.
- Making recommendations regarding:-
 - the appointment of brokers
 - the organisation of the treasury management function
 - funding and short term policies
 - lending and investment policies
 - acceptability and characteristics of treasury instruments
 - the vires of proposed action and the instruments to use.
- Reviewing the performance of the treasury management function at least twice a year.
- Ensuring that all treasury staff are aware of and have access to the Financial Conduct Authority handbook of rules and guidance which is available on the FSA website.
- Ensuring that the day to day activities accord with the Treasury Management Statement.
- Ensuring compliance with policies, limitations and directions.
- Monitoring performance of brokers employed.
- ♦ All recording and administrative functions complying with the system and procedures laid down in the treasury management document.
- Reviewing regular performance reports.

The Business Partner / Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services) is responsible for:

- Overseeing the daily treasury management function.
- Ensuring that the treasury management procedures and practices are regularly reviewed and adhered to.
- Preparing and the draft Treasury Management Statement.
- Producing regular performance reports.
- Monitoring performance of brokers employed.
- Deputising for the Senior Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services) in his/her absence for matters relating to the treasury management function.

The Business Support Officer (Treasury and Regulatory Services) is responsible for:

- Dealing with the money market, complying with the systems and procedures laid down in the treasury management document.
- Updating of daily cash flow.
- Ensuring that properly authorised transactions are actioned in a timely manner.
- Reconciling treasury management transactions on a monthly basis.
- Deputising for the Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services) in his/her absence for matters relating to the treasury management function.

The Internal Audit Manager is responsible for:

- Reviewing compliance with the approved policy and procedures on treasury management.
- Reviewing the division of duties and operational practices.
- Assessing value for money from treasury activities.
- Undertaking probity audit of treasury function.
- Reporting and monitoring of Money Laundering activities.

The Chief Executive is responsible for:

- Ensuring that the system is laid down and resourced.
- Ensuring that the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer reports regularly to elected Members on treasury policy, activity and performance.

The Monitoring Officer is responsible for:

- Ensuring compliance by the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer with the treasury policy and that the policy complies with the law.
- Satisfying himself / herself that any proposal to vary treasury policy or practice complies with the law.
- ♦ Advising the Section 151 Officer or Deputy Section 151 Officer where their advice is sought.

List of Approved Brokers

The Council currently has access to the following brokers:-

Tradition
 City Deposit Cash Managers
 15 St Botolph Street
 London
 EC3A 70X

Tel: (020) 7422 3500 www.tradition.com

3. Sterling International Brokers Ltd 10 Chiswell Street London EC1Y 4UQ

> Tel: (020) 7562 3456 www.sterling-int.co.uk

2. Tullett Prebon Group Ltd 155 Bishopsgate London EC2M 3TQ

> Tel: (020) 7895 9595 www.tullib.com

4. Martin Brokers (UK) Plc Cannon Bridge House 25 Dowgate Hill London EC4R 2BB

Tel: (020) 7469 9000 www.martin-brokers.com Any borrowing, by the Council, will be carried out by obtaining the best rate available from one of the above brokers or any other reputable broking firm.

Bankers

The Councils bankers are Lloyds Bank Plc.

Long Term Borrowing (Public Works Loan Board)

The officers, authorised to obtain loans with the Public Works Loan Board (once full Council approval has been received), are as follows:-

- The Head of Resources and Performance (Section 151 Officer)
- Deputy Section 151 Officer
- Senior Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services)
- Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services)
- Business Support Officer (Treasury and Regulatory Services)

Investment Direct Dealing Practices

Where there are sufficient funds available to justify an investment, three quotations are obtained from the organisations on the approved list of organisations for investments.

It is essential to ensure that when selecting these organisations from the approved list of organisations for investment, the investment limits with an organisation are not exceeded.

Three quotations ensure that the best rate is obtained on the investment.

Policy on Taping of Conversations

The Council has no facilities for recording dealing and is therefore reliant on any recordings of conversations relating to dealing held by the institutions with which it deals.

Settlement Transmission Procedures

Before transmission of a payment to the investment organisation, a payment voucher is completed with the details of the organisations name, Sort Code (and where appropriate, their Account Number), details of the period of the investment, the interest rate achieved and the amount to be invested.

Before any payments can be transmitted, 2 independent authorisations are required on the banking system.

Documentation Requirements

There are spreadsheets in place to record all aspects of treasury management and investment. These spreadsheets are reconciled, independently checked and signed on a monthly basis.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION ARRANGEMENTS - TMP6

The nature and frequency of reporting are covered in Organisation, Clarity and Segregation of Responsibilities and Dealing Arrangements.

Four Treasury Management reports will be made to Council each financial year, the Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy Statement Report, the Treasury Management Monitoring Report, the Treasury Management Annual Report, and the report on the Prudential Indicators.

In addition, further reports will be presented to Council for the approval of revisions to the Treasury Management Code of Practice, and to seek approval for any revisions to the approved Treasury Management Strategy, Prudential Indicators and any additions or deletions from the approved list of organisations for investments.

All reports must be approved by Council.

Reporting Content

The prescribed minimum content of the four main annual reports to Council, are detailed in the summaries below. This minimum content gives a degree of flexibility, in terms of the content of the report, whilst ensuring that key issues are always reported.

Annual Strategy Report Minimum Contents Summary

The Annual Strategy Report must be submitted to Council by the 7 March each year and should, as a minimum, contain the following: -

- Details of the level of external debt
- ♦ Investment Limits
- ♦ External investment fund limits
- Forecast interest rate movements for the ensuing year
- Breakdown of surplus funds held
- Proposed investment and / or borrowing strategy

Annual Report Minimum Contents Summary

The Treasury Management Annual report must be submitted to Council by 30 September following the previous financial year's end, and should, as a minimum, contain the following: -

- Details of the level of external debt held and a list of lenders names
- Investment performance against benchmark criteria
- ♦ A breakdown of investments held
- An explanation of interest rate movements during the financial year, against forecast movements in the original Annual Strategy Report
- Any breaches from the Code of Practice
- A statement of compliance from the Internal Audit manager

Monitoring Report Minimum Summary of Contents

The monitoring report must be submitted to Council by 31 December each year and should, as a minimum, contain the following: -

- Details of the level of external debt
- Investment performance against benchmark criteria
- ♦ A breakdown of investments held
- Any revisions to Treasury Management strategy
- A revised interest rate forecast for the remainder of the financial year
- Any breaches from the Code of Practice
- ♦ Show the position as at the end of 30 September

Revisions to the Treasury Management Code of Practice Contents Summary

The report must be submitted to Council by the 7 March each year and should contain as a minimum, the following;

- Any legislative changes
- ♦ Any guidance changes
- Any significant changes in procedures
- ◆ Confirmation that the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management in the Public Services has been adopted
- At the same Council meeting a report must be submitted on the Councils Prudential Code & Associated Indicators and should contain as a minimum, the following;
 - Rates of financing costs to net revenue stream
 - Net borrowing and the capital financing requirement
 - ◆ Total capital expenditure in each year
 - Average balance of capital receipts available
 - Limits in interest rate exposure
 - Maturing structure of borrowing
 - Incremental impact of capital investment
 - Total principal sums invested and limits on long term investment maturities
 - ♦ Minimum Revenue Provision Policy

BUDGETING, ACCOUNTING AND AUDIT ARRANGEMENTS - TMP7

Statutory/Regulation Requirements

Statutory and regulatory requirements relating to Treasury Management are dealt with under TMP1 under the heading "Legal and Regulatory".

Accounting Practices and Standards

The Council, in addition to all relevant SSAP's, FRS's and IAS's adheres to all practices and standards provided by CIPFA.

Budgets

Budgets are set, prior to the commencement of a financial year, for brokerage fees charged by the Councils Fund Managers and Advisors.

A forecast of interest receipts for the ensuing financial year is prepared prior to its commencement by the Senior Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services). This budget is also revised during the year, to take account of any variations in the amount likely to be received.

Investment categories are individually coded on the Council's financial information system, in terms of the interest received, principal sums invested and investments recouped. Information is updated on the Financial Information System directly from the bank statements received, by the Bank Reconciliation Officer who is independent of the Treasury Management function.

The Treasury records are reconciled to the information on the financial information system, on a monthly basis. Reconciliation's are checked independently by the Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services), and signed to signify approval.

External Audit Information Requirements

The "Audit Fraud and Corruption Manual" details system controls which external auditors would wish to see in place for Treasury Management. These are as follows: -

- ♦ Clear written procedures for staff
- Transactions are regularly reviewed and examined by a senior officer
- ◆ Appropriate access controls exist
- All cheques/direct credits over a specified amount are checked back to prime documents and countersigned by a senior officer
- Banks only accept direct transfers to institutions on an approved list
- ◆ Changes to the approved list require counter signature by a senior officer
- Transfer via a direct terminal link is only allowed when confirmed by a second officer
- Cheques are despatched independently of the loan officer
- Discharged certificates are obtained for all bond repayments.
- ♦ Direct confirmation with borrowers or lenders of premiums or discounts on premature repayments.
- Premium or discount payments are checked for reasonableness.

CASH AND CASH FLOW MANAGEMENT - TMP8

Monitoring of cash flow requirements is carried out using a Cash Flow spreadsheet. The spreadsheet shows all the days of the year, and is broken down into headings of income and expenditure for each working day of the year. This allows a forecast of the consolidated end of day closing balance to be compiled, on which Treasury Management decisions can be based.

This spreadsheet is compiled prior to the commencement of the financial year, and is updated with all cash inflows and outflows which are known (in terms of amounts and the dates they will occur) at the commencement of the financial year. These would include:

- Precept payments to be made to precepting bodies
- ◆ Contributions to and from the National Non Domestic Rating pool
- Any other known cash in flows and out flows

In addition to updating this spreadsheet with cash inflows and outflows known at the start of the year, notes are made on the spreadsheet of those transactions, which cannot be quantified, but are known to occur on specific dates. These would include:

- ◆ Council Tax direct debit income
- ◆ National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) direct debit income

Monthly payroll (and associated) payments

Other income and expenditure is known to occur on a regular basis, and cash flow decisions also take account of these. Examples would include:

- ◆ Accounts Payable (Creditor) Payments (made on each Monday from January 2011)
- ♦ Housing Benefits (HBIS) BACS payments (made on each Monday)
- ♦ Other daily income, eg. from cashiers

The daily forecast cleared closing consolidated balance is compared to the consolidated forecast balance from the Councils direct banking system, in order to give assurance that the system and spreadsheet are taking account of all transactions.

The end of day forecast cleared consolidated balance is the figure which treasury management decisions are based on. Two authorised officers therefore check this figure, independently, for control purposes, where an investment or borrowing decision is to be made.

Daily Procedures

The Business Support Officers (Treasury and Regulatory Services) will perform day to day cash management. The Team Leader (Treasury and Regulatory Services) and Business Partner (Transactional and Regulatory Services) will provide cover in the absence of any of the aforementioned officers.

It is now required that all designated treasury staff carry out the treasury management daily procedures for 2 individual weeks during the course of the year, to ensure that they are continually up to date with treasury management procedures.

Objective

The objective of the day to day cash management is to ensure that the consolidated balance of the Council's bank accounts is, where possible, kept within its target overnight level of £25,000, whilst adequately meeting the day to day cash requirements of the Council.

However, balances in excess of £1.0m may be retained in the bank account to be used to cover payments going out within the next week and the total interest lost, by retaining this money, does not exceed £75.00.

Investment/Borrowing Decision Making

Borrowing to meet any shortfall or investing directly with organisations on the approved list can be authorised by the Assistant Director of Resources and Performance (Section 151 Officer), Service Manager – Finance and Performance or Senior Business Partner – Finance and Performance. In the absence of one of the officers above, one of the Business Partners – Finance and Performance can act as Sanctioning Officer with documentation being countersigned by an authorising officer at the earliest opportunity. Longer term borrowing requires Council approval.

With the continuing development of shared services and working across various offices, the required officers are not always available to provide 'hard copy' authorisation. To increase efficiency and ensure treasury activities are carried out in a timely manner, the use of email authorisation is permitted. Copies of the email trail must accompany all deal paperwork in the completed file.

Forecasting the closing balance on the consolidated account

This is reached by obtaining a daily cleared debit/credit balance from the Direct Banking system, and referring to the "CASHFLOW" Spreadsheet for any other significant income/payments.

Bank Statement Procedures

On receipt, bank statements are forwarded to the Accounts section, whereby they are distributed to the appropriate responsible officer.

Payment Scheduling and Agreed Terms with Trade Creditors

Creditor runs, through the creditors system are performed on a weekly basis to provide both BACS and cheque payments.

The Councils general terms are that payment of invoices will be made within 30 days, unless alternative terms are detailed on invoices.

The Treasury Management team is provided with information on the level of creditor payments to be made each week, in time to ensure sufficient funds are available to meet the liability.

Procedure for Banking of Funds

A private security firm carries out the banking of funds.

Procedures for the reconciliation of cash and cheques collected at each location, to those banked, are also in place.

Scheme for the Advancing of Car Loans to Members of Staff

The scheme is intended to assist specified officers with the purchase of a vehicle where it is deemed necessary to have the availability of a vehicle for the performance of his/her duties.

The full Policy can be found on the Corporate Drive and in the Policy Library.

Loans to Parish Councils

The policy for 'Loans to Parish Councils' is now part of the Capital Grants Policy, and applications can only be considered by those Parish Councils within the Council's area.

A loan to a parish council can only be granted for Capital Expenditure; a loan for any other purpose will not be considered by the Council.

More detailed information on the criteria for a loan and the application process can be obtained from Resources and Performance.

Anglia Revenues Partnership Trading Ltd (ARP Trading Ltd)

The Council has an interest in ARP Trading Ltd, the trading arm of the Anglia Revenues Partnership. The shareholders agreement includes provision for ARP Trading Ltd to approach its shareholders for funding up to £100K in total.

MONEY LAUNDERING - TMP9

Methodology for Identifying Sources of Deposit

For all short term investments, managed internally, the Council deals with financial institutions that hold an acceptable Credit Rating as detailed in TMP 1.

The same criterion is used by the Council's Fund Managers and Advisors.

This high credit rating gives some assurance that all institutions included on the approved list of organisations for investments are reputable companies.

Institutions the Council wishes to add onto its approved list of organisations for investments are assessed by a member of the Treasury team. If the organisation fits the required criteria for dealing, and for Building Societies assets valued in excess of £1bn, they can be added to the list with the approval of the Section 151 Officer and the Deputy Section 151 Officer. Deals are only made with newly approved organisations once written confirmation of bank details (on the organisations headed paper) are received.

Other details regarding the addition of new organisations onto the Councils approved list of organisations for investments are contained in the schedules for Risk Management under the heading "Credit and Counterparty Policies".

Methodology for Establishing the Identity/Authenticity of Lenders

In terms of temporary loans, the Council has a policy of only accepting loans from Parish Councils, or occasionally of small amounts from Community Organisations (subject to such loans not adversely affecting the Authorised Borrowing Limit or the Operational Boundary for Borrowing), where this would benefit the organisation concerned. Any other loans accepted would relate to performance bonds from reputable companies.

Current long term borrowing stands at £4M. Should it prove necessary to borrow further, only Brokers included in the Councils approved list would be asked to provide quotations. Written confirmations of all details relevant to any transaction would be required on the Broker's headed paper.

Disaster Recovery Plan

In the event that the offices cannot be accessed or the online banking facility is unavailable, there are contingency arrangements in place to ensure that where possible Treasury Management obligations are met. These emergency contingency arrangements can be found in the Treasury Management Procedures Manual.

TRAINING AND QUALIFICATIONS - TMP10

It is the Councils intention for all the posts detailed in the schedule for TMP5 "Organisation, Clarity and Segregation of Responsibilities, and Dealing Arrangements" to be occupied.

Should a vacancy for any post be unfilled for any exceptional period of time, then the Code of Practice will be reviewed to assess any likely implications and risks, and so that any necessary amendments may be made and presented to Council for approval.

It is the intention of the Council that staff holding the Posts will be in receipt of adequate training to conduct their duties, either by external courses/seminars, or through internal instruction. A record will be kept of this training.

USE OF EXTERNAL SERVICE PROVIDERS - TMP11

The Council's external portfolio of funds is currently managed by Tradition, City Deposit Cash Managers (CDCM). In addition to this, CDCM provide the Council with market advice and expertise as and when required.

The Council has no formal contractual arrangements with any other Brokers. This situation will be subject to review.

The standing orders of the Council state that banking services should be subject to tender every five years. The last tender process was carried out in 2013/14 following which Lloyds Bank PLC was awarded the contract, which commenced on 1 April 2014.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE - TMP12

Information Available for Public Inspection

The Council will make publicly available information relating to its Treasury Management strategy.

The Council will also make available information relating to the performance of the Treasury Management function in terms of the rate of return received on investments compared to the benchmark seven-day average rate, which is also averaged over a 3 year period.

Consultation with Stakeholders

The Councils main objective is to maximise investment income without compromising its position in terms of risk. This strategy results in little scope for consultation with stakeholders, over what is effectively investment strategy.



LIST OF APPROVED ORGANISATIONS FOR INVESTMENTS

Investment Guidelines

	Credit Rating	Credit Rating	<u>CDCM</u>	<u>Internally</u>	<u>Aggregated</u>
<u>Institution</u>	Short Term	Long Term	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Managed</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
	(Fitch	(Fitch	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Investment</u>
	Moody's	Moody's	<u>Investment</u>	Investment	per Institution
	<u>S&P)</u>	<u>S&P)</u>	£M	£M	£M
UK Clearing Banks	F1+, F1 or F2	AAA to BBB*	6	2.5	8.5
(Lloyds/Bank of Scotland)	P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	(7)	(3.5)	(10.5)
UK Building Societies (The Top 10 & £1bn Assets)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	2.5	6.5
UK Building Societies (from Top 11 downwards & む bn Assets)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	1.5	5.5
© OK Clearing Bank Subsidiaries →	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	2.5	6.5
(O) (O)ther UK Banks (with links to overseas banks)	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	4	1.5	5.5
Overseas Banks	F1+, F1 or F2 P1 or P2 AAA, AA, or A	AAA to BBB* Aaa to Baa2* AAA to BBB*	3	0	3
Local Authorities	N/A	N/A	7	3	10
Debt Management Office	N/A	N/A	Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited

^{*}BBB+ or BBB rated institutions used only following consultation between the Head of Resources and Performance and the Portfolio Holder Resources, Performance and Governance.

During the period covered by this strategy document, it may be necessary to make changes to the investment limits to reflect changes in the Council's Capital Programme.

Organisation / Institution	Fitch Credit Rating Moody's Credit R		edit Rating	g S&P Credit Rating		Specified (Short Term) Investments	Unspecified (Long Term) Investments	
	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term	Long Term		
UK Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	✓	✓
Other Local Authorities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	✓	✓
UK Clearing Banks								
Bank of Scotland/HBOS (part of the Lloyds	F1	A+	P-1	Aa3	A-1	Α	✓	✓
group)				7 10.0				
Barclays Bank	F1	Α	P-1	A1	A-1	Α	✓	✓
HSBC	F1+	AA-	P-1	Aa3	A-1+	AA-	✓	✓
Lloyds Banking Group	F1	A+	P-1	Aa3	A-1	A	✓	✓
Lloyds Bank Plc	F1	A+	P-1	Aa3	A-1	A	✓	✓
Royal Bank of Scotland	F2	BBB+	P-1	A2	A-2	BBB+	✓	✓
-	12	10001		/\Z	7.2	0001		
UK Building Societies								
(The Top 10 & £1bn Assets)								
Nationwide	F1	A+	P-1	Aa3	A-1	Α	✓	✓
Yorkshire	F1	Α	P-1	A2	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Coventry	F1	Α	P-1	A2	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
S kipton	F1	A-	P-2	Baa1	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Q eeds	F1	A-	P-2	A3	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
rincipality	F2	BBB+	P-2	Baa2	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
West Bromwich	No Rating	No Rating	NP	B1	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
N ewcastle	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
o ttingham	No Rating	No Rating	P-2	Baa1	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Cumberland	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	\checkmark
UK Building Societies	110 110	110 1109	l	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	l	110 110		
(from Top 11 onwards & £1bn Assets)								
Progressive	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
National Counties	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Saffron	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Cambridge	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Monmouthshire	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
	Tio realing	140 Italing	Norkating	rvortating	Norkating	rioritating		
UK Clearing Bank Subsidiaries								
National Westminster Bank (NatWest – part								
of RBS)	F2	BBB+	P-1	A2	A-2	BBB+	✓	✓
Ulster Bank Belfast (part of NatWest)								
Other / UK Banks (with links to Foreign								
Banks)								
Clydesdale Bank Plc	F2	bbb+	P-2	Baa2	A-2	BBB+	✓	√
Santander (UK) Plc	F1	Α	P-1	Aa3	A-1	Α	√	✓.
Abbey National Treasury Services	F1	Α	P-1	Aa3	No Rating	No Rating	 	√
Cater Allen Private Bank (No Rating –	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓
Guaranteed by Santander (UK) Plc)								
Close Bros	F1	Α	P-1	Aa3	No Rating	No Rating	✓	✓

Updated 15/12/17



Factsheet

December 2017

This table shows the assets of UK building societies, ranked by group assets, taken from their latest annual reports. These figures have not been adjusted to take account of any mergers, transfers of engagements or purchases of mortgage portfolios that have taken place since the societies' financial year end.

* The Society has no Group - the Society Assets figure has been repeated in the Group Assets field.

Rank by Group Assets	Name of Society	Financial Year Ended	Society Assets £m	Group Assets £m (see note *)	
1	Nationwide	04 April 2017	220,013	221,670	
2	Yorkshire	31 December 2016	45,162	39,596	
3	Coventry	31 December 2016	37,632	38,296	
4	Skipton	31 December 2016	17,827	19,020	
5	Leeds	31 December 2016	16,485	15,930	
6	Principality	31 December 2016	8,124	8,281	
7	West Bromwich	31 March 2017	5,839	5,831	
8	Newcastle	31 December 2016	3,638	3,622	
9	Nottingham	31 December 2016	3,601	3,591	
10	Cumberland	31 March 2017	2,242	2,242	
11	National Counties	31 December 2016	1,863	1,865	
12	Progressive*	31 December 2016	1,795	1,795	
13	Saffron	31 December 2016	1,112	1,115	
14	Cambridge	31 December 2016	1,114	1,109	
15	Monmouthshire	30 April 2017	1,053	1,054	



Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee



Title of Report:	Decision relating to complaint to Local Government			
	Ombudsman			
Report No:	PAS/FH/18/010			
Report to and date:	Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee	31 January 2018		
Portfolio holder:	Councillor Lance Stanbury Portfolio Holder for Planning and Growth Tel: 07970 947704 Email: lance.stanbury@forest-heath.gov.uk			
Lead officer:	David Collinson Assistant Director (Planning and Regulatory Services) Tel: 01284 757306 Email: david.collinson@westsuffolk.gov.uk			
Purpose of report:	To inform the Committee of the details of a complaint the Local Government Ombudsman received in relation to the overall way the Local Planning Authority communicated with Ms X about a neighbouring planning development.			
Recommendation:	Audit Scrutiny Comm Note the action take (Planning and Regulation to the over the common street, and the common s	en by the Assistant Director latory Services) to remedy the Local Government ag a complaint made to him erall way the Local Planning sated with Ms X about a		

Key Decision:		Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which				
(Check the appropriate		definition?				
box and delete all those	· -	Yes, it is a Key Decision - □				
that do not apply.)	NO, IT IS	No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠				
Consultation: Local C			Government Ombud	sman		
Alternative option	n(s):		nothing.			
			ept the findings of the Local			
Turnications		Gov	vernment Ombudsm	ian (LGO).		
Implications:	acial implica	tions?	Yes ⊠ No □			
Are there any finar If yes, please give of		LIOHS?		C400		
Are there any staff		ions2	The budget of : Yes ⊠ No □	£400		
If yes, please give of	_	10113:		ces dealing with the		
li yes, piedse give e	accano		complaint.	ces dealing with the		
Are there any ICT i	mplications?	P If	Yes □ No ⊠			
yes, please give details			•			
Are there any legal	Are there any legal and/or policy			Yes ⊠ No □		
implications? If yes,	, please give	9	 Providing advice on the options 			
details			and actions being considered			
Are there any equality implications?			Yes □ No ⊠			
If yes, please give details		(potential hazards or opportunities affecting				
Risk/opportunity assessment:		ιτ:	corporate, service or project objectives)			
Risk area	Inherent level of risk (before controls)		Controls	Residual risk (after controls)		
Not to comply with the LGO suggest remedy	High		Comply with the LGO remedy	Low		
Reputational Challenge	High		Comply with the LGO remedy	Low		
Wards affected:		All				
Background papers:		Local Government Ombudsman Complaint reference: 16 018 773				
Documents attached:			None			

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation

1.1 Context

- 1.1.1 As councils, we always endeavour to provide our services to the highest standards, ensuring our customers receive the service they would expect. However, periodically, in a small number of cases, things can and do go wrong and wherever that is the case, we seek to take appropriate remedy to redress the situation.
- 1.1.2 As part of the balanced scorecard reviews, the Performance and Audit Scrutiny Committee receive reports on the general numbers of complaints and compliments upheld. The Committee also has responsibility for receiving complaints that have been upheld by the Local Government Ombudsman (LGO).
- 1.1.3 Where someone is dissatisfied with the service provided by the Council, they may submit a complaint which is dealt with through the standard corporate process. If they are unhappy with the response, this will be referred to the Council's legal team, who will then provide an independent perspective on the matter. If they wish to pursue their complaint further, then they are entitled to refer the matter to the LGO.
- 1.1.4 Each year, the Council is provided a report by the LGO on the number of complaints it has received and upheld. Whilst the LGO provides cumulative statistics across all Councils, it does not provide averages and as such it is difficult to compare our performance against others. However, across both Councils, approx. 2,500 planning applications are received each year, and 8 complaints were made to the LGO; 3 of these were upheld (0.0001%). In total, 7 complaints across all services were made to the LGO in respect of Forest Heath, and no complaints were upheld.

2. <u>Summary of the Complaint</u>

- 2.1 Ms X complained about the Council's process for granting planning permission for the development of the property next door to her. Specifically, she complains that:
 - The Planning Officer assigned to the case told her there would be no window on the side of a new part of the building facing her, and therefore no overlooking, but this turned out to be incorrect;
 - The Planning Officer's report for the Delegation Panel contained errors which resulted in it being approved at that stage rather than going to the full planning committee for consideration;
 - The Planning Officer did not properly consider matters such as the visual appearance of the development, parking and its visibility from the road; and
 - Her complaint about these issues was poorly handled by the Council.
 Even though the Council has admitted some of the delays were unacceptable Ms X believes the financial remedy it offered was

3. inadequate.

Overlooking

3.1

With regard to the issue of overlooking, the LGO states that there is no independent evidence to prove what exactly was said to Ms X. However, a Planning Officer must ensure that whatever he says can be easily understood by a member of the public seeking advice, as they are unlikely to be a professional trained in planning matters.

3.2

As a result of Ms X's complaint the Council secured an obscure film for the top part of the window. The LGO understands that Ms X was not happy with the use of film. She said it could be easily removed. However, obscured glass could also be replaced with clear glass with little difficulty. She also believes that when the Council has asked her to report any breaches to this condition it is moving its responsibility for planning enforcement to the public. The LGO disagrees. Councils run the planning system and should give due consideration to any breaches they become aware of. It would be completely unreasonable, however, to expect them to check every property where planning conditions apply. A council can expect concerned members of the public to report issues to it for further investigation.

4.

Delegation Panel

4.1

Ms X says the report presented by the Planning Officer to the Delegation Panel contained inaccuracies. She is also unhappy that representations made by the town council were not considered. She says this resulted in it being decided by the Delegation Panel than sent to the full planning committee to decide the application.

4.2

The LGO stated that there is no evidence of fault by the Council here. The town council's objection to the application is what caused the Delegation Panel to become involved, so its representation was clearly taken into account. It was open to the local member of the Council to attend to make further representations but they did not. The application was then decided by it in accordance with the process provided by the Council's constitution.

5.

Consideration by the Planning Officer

5.1

In her complaint to the Ombudsman Ms X writes in some detail about her concerns with illegal parking, the visual appearance of the building and which road visibility should be judged from. She does not believe they were given proper consideration and does not agree with the conclusions of the Planning Officer.

5.2

The Council says that all of these matters were considered and addressed in the Delegation Report. It mentions specifically the objections made by English Heritage about the visual appearance of the extension. A copy of the Delegation Report is publicly available on the Council's website.

5.3

Although it is clear Ms X disagrees with the findings of the Planning Officer and the Delegation Panel, that feeling alone does not create a significant personal injustice to her. I will not investigate further whether there was fault in this instance as there is no likelihood any significant personal

6. injustice could have been caused to Ms X by the Council's actions.

Complaint Handling

6.1

Ms X says that she first made a formal complaint to the Council about its handling of the planning application in January 2017. She did not receive a response until June 2017 and then only after she had brought her case to the Ombudsman. The Council told the Ombudsman it had replied to Ms X before realising it had not.

6.2

Ms X points out the Step 1 complaint response she received from the Council directs her to a website for more information on continuing to Step 2 of the complaints process. When Ms X did this she says the website simply directed her back to her Step 1 response without any further information being provided. I checked this and the same issue still exists.

6.3

The Council recognises that its delayed response to Ms X's Step 1 complaint was 'unacceptable'. It normally aims to deal with complaints within 20 days. It says it addressed this in its Step 2 response to Ms X, when it apologised and offered her a remedy of £150.

6.4

Given the lack of confidence Ms X understandably already had in the Council, it is unfortunate that its response to her initial complaint was so slow and the Ombudsman had to become involved at an early stage. The delay in replying only worsened the existing uncertainty and stress the Council was causing her. It also put her to unnecessary time and trouble in pursuing her

6.5 complaint.

In considering an appropriate remedy I believe it is important to look at the totality of the Council's fault and the injustice caused to Ms X. If the Council's communication had been better at all stages the injustice caused would clearly have been avoided. The remedy I recommend below therefore

7. incorporates the £150 already offered to Ms X by the Council.

7.1 **Agreed Remedy**

The Council has agreed, within one month of my final decision, to pay Ms X a remedy of £400.

The Council has agreed, within one month of my final decision, to address the issue with its Step 1 letter and the website it links to so much clearer information is provided to complainants about making a Step 2 complaint.

8. The Council should update the Ombudsman when these actions are complete.

8.1

7.3

Final decision

There was fault in the overall way the Council communicated with Ms X about a neighbouring planning development. This caused her avoidable stress and uncertainty. The Ombudsman has recommended the Council make a payment to Ms X to remedy this.

Outcome/Update

The Council has clarified the complaints procedure for Step 2 on its letters and website. The Council has written to Ms X offering a further apology and has paid her £400 compensation in relation to the stress and uncertainty she has suffered.

In addition, discussions have been held with planning officers to ensure they are clear about the advice given to members of the public about planning applications over the telephone. New procedures have also been put in place internally to ensure that complaints are addressed promptly within the department.